Pittsburgh Commercial.

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CITY ITEMS.

Boots and Shoes

Cheap, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Fair at St. Bridget's Church.

The Fair for the benefit of St. Bridget's new church, Seventh ward, will be open every night until further notice. Admission 15 cents. A splendid double set of silver mounted banners will be given to the Fire Company receiving the largest number of votes. no14-ss

When Rome was in her Glory

She rewarded all public benefactors. Now, we don't want any reward from Pittsburgh, but we do want the citizens to know that No 240 Liberty street is the Brush and Notion Store where you will find the largest variety of nick nax and toys of all kinds. Tin, Iron, China, skates, stationery, pocket cutlery, carpet tacks, spool cotton, patent thread, suspenders, fire works, matches, gum toys, and a large assortment of brushes of our own manufacture, which I am determined to sell to the people cheap for cash, wholesale and retail, at No. 240 Liberty street. J. D. Thompson.

How to Make Home a Paradise.

This desirable result may be obtained by purchasing one of Bissell & Co.'s new patent Double Oven Cooking Range, made expressly for burning bituminous coal. It is one of the most convenient, economical and efficient ranges ever offered to the public, and scores of families in Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and other localities, are now using them with the most complete satisfaction. The community have long wanted a superior bituminous coal burning Range, suitable for both summer and winter. Bissell's new Double Oven Range is strictly such a one. During the summer the consumption of fuel can be greatly economised, and during the winter it will burn less coal than any other range, and yet give out enough heat to warm three rooms comfortably. It will bake, boil, roast and heat water all at the same time. It will retain the fire longer than any other range, which adds to its convenience and economy. It embraces all the requisites essential to a perfect range. The public are respectfully requested to call at Bissell's Stove Warehouse, No. 235 Liberty street, and examine this Range, as they will be convinced of its pre eminent superiority. Remember the place—Bissell & Co., No. 235 Liberty street.

An Unlucky Admiral.

Admiral Tegethoff, of Austria, was dismissed the service for sailing his vessels contrary to the Austrian rules of navigation, but the most lucky Admiral Tegethoff we know of is Admiral Semmes, who *got off* from Captain Winslow in an English yacht. The best things to *get on* are the ready-made garments at N. Gressmayer & Co.'s, No. 47 Fifth street. They go off very readily from the store, and on the persons of the customers.

For Sale.

A new Brick Dwelling of twelve rooms with a small tenement and three acres of ground, being one complete square, within a few minutes' walk of the station, in the healthful and moral town of Beaver with its high social and educational advantages. Possession given any time. Address R. T. Taylor, Beaver, Pa. tf

$30 Reward

If the Indian Herb Doctor fails to describe diseases and tell his patients the nature of their complaints or illness, without receiving any information from them. No charge for consultation or advice.

Office—No. 194 Liberty street, between Sixth and Market, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Boys' Clothing.

1,000 Suits different patterns of Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing, for the winter season, now ready for sale at the "Star of the West" Clothing Hall, corner of St. Clair and Liberty streets. Overcoats for Children from two years of age upwards cannot be beaten in style, quality and prices. Call and examine for yourselves. A. Aronson, Merchant Tailor tf

DR. ABOAN, Oculist and Aurist, Parlors 96 and 97 Merchants' Hotel. Hours from 9 to 4. tf

The Daily Commercial

Ohio's Part in the War.

The report of the Provost Marshal furnishes statistics going to show that from April 15, 1861, the date of the President's first call, until December 16, 1864, when the last call for 300,000 men was made, and her quota determined, Ohio furnished 317,433 men. The men were enlisted for different periods of service, from one hundred days to five years, but reduced to a three years standard they represented 237,076 men. Under the call of May 3, 1861, the State furnished 84,116 men, although her quota was only 67,365. Under the call of July 2, 1862, she furnished 58,325 men, when her quota called for only 36,858. The number of colored men enlisted in the State was 5,092, and the number of sailors 1,016. Of the 317,433 Ohio soldiers, 78,212 suffered some casualty or left the field before the expiration of their term of service, as follows: killed, 11,237; died of disease, 13,554; honorably discharged, 16,031; deserted, 13,609; dishonorably discharged, 105; discharged for disability, 21,880; officers resigned, 1,824; officers dismissed, 157; officers cashiered, 16. The citizens of Ohio paid $4,908,087 53 commutation money to escape liability to draft and to avoid service when drafted. In addition to her share of three hundred million dollars which it cost the General Government to obtain two and a half million of soldiers, Ohio, in her State capacity, and through county and other organizations, paid twenty-three and a half millions. The total vote of Ohio for President in 1860 was 442,441. Comparing this with the number of troops furnished, it will be seen that about three-quarters of the voting population of the State performed service in the war. Probably of all who enlisted from Ohio in the regiments of other States it would be found that the proportion would fully reach this figure.

Pork Crop.

[From the Indianapolis Gazette.]

The continued stringency of the money market, and especially in this and other western States, where the wheat crop was almost a total failure, is exciting serious apprehensions. Our correspondent, writing from Cincinnati, intimates that several heavy failures are on the tapis there, which will doubtless be followed by others. As it is in the Queen City, so it is in many other of the cities of the West, and we fear that a season of commercial prostration is almost imminent. The only hope that we have for a speedy easing up of the money market, and for a more liberal circulation around the country of Uncle Sam's currency, is the coming crop of hogs, the pork they will make, and the money they will bring.

From all that we can gather from our exchanges, we are inclined to think that the hog crop this year will be somewhat in excess of that of last season. The reason is evident, the early frosts during the fall months seriously damaged the corn in many localities, and made it unfit for the market. To save it all they can, the farmers have generally fed it out to their hogs as a matter of economy. Hence it is almost certain that the number of hogs brought to market this year will be largely in excess of that slaughtered last year. But good judges estimate that, though the number of hogs will be much greater, the amount of pork produced will not be so largely increased. Hogs will not fatten near so well on the damaged corn as on the hearty, solid ear. Hence, it is feared that the quality of pork will not be so good, and that, together with the stringency of the money market, will cause lower prices to rule than during the last season.

Good hogs, weighing heavy and producing good pork, however, can not be much lower. The still impoverished condition of the Southern States renders a large demand from that section inevitable. We think that it may be safe to calculate on a large yield of pork, and fair prices therefor. With the commencement of the pork season we may look for increased activity in all branches of trade, and especially may we expect to see our industrious farming population enabled to secure that which the unprecedented failure of the wheat crop for two years has denied them—a fair remuneration for their honest toil.

Pennsylvania Historical Society.

At the stated meeting of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, held Monday evening in Philadelphia, Col. J. Ross Snowden, by request, read the address lately delivered by him on the occasion of the dedication of the monument to Cornplanter, for which the thanks of the Society were tendered the Colonel, and a manuscript copy of the address requested to be placed in the archives of the society.

The secretary announced the donations to the Society during the past month: To the library, 166 volumes, 318 titles—to wit: Books, 139 volumes; magazines, 26; newspapers, 14; broadsides, 33.

Also five other articles, among which was a key belonging to a bookcase of William Penn, and worn upon a ring attached to his watch-chain, and a slave-yolk, captured by Elias Smith, the war correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, at Goldsboro', N. C. This is a strange looking instrument made of iron bands, one of which encircles the waist of the wearer, and the other his neck, with a curved upright some three feet in length, to the upper extremity of which is attached a common cow bell, that necessarily rings upon every motion of the body. The whole affair weighs about ten pounds, and is fastened upon runaway slaves to designate their whereabouts. This instrument is so nicely constructed as to render it impossible for the negro to disengage himself from it when it has been fastened upon his person.

Mr. Fales exhibited the original gold medal presented by Congress to Colonel De Fleury for his gallantry at the storming of Stony Point, July 5, 1799. This medal is of solid gold, about one and a half inches in diameter, the intrinsic value being thirty dollars. The device on one side is a helmeted soldier standing against the ruins of a fort, his right hand extended, holding a sword upright. The staff of a stand of colors is grasped by his left; the colors are under his feet, and he is trampling upon them. The legend is: "*Virtutie et audaciæ monum, et premium. D. Fleury equiti, gallo. Primo muris res. Americ. D. D.*" On the reverse are two water batteries, three guns each; a fort on a hill, with flag flying; a river in front, and six vessels before the fort. The legend is: "*Aggeres paludes hostes victi. Stony Pt. Expugn. XV. Jul. MDCCLXXIX.*"

Mr. Samuel Croft, exhibited a painting, very handsomely executed, of the old London Coffee-house, erected at the corner of Front and Market streets in the year 1702.

Col. Snowden exhibited the original document, signed by Washington and Jefferson, December 29th, 1790, containing the reply of the President to the speech or "talk" of the Cornplanter, Half Town, and the great chiefs and counsellors of the Seneca nation of Indians. This is a very ancient writing on a dressed sheep skin. The Colonel also exhibited a very elegantly engraved copy of this singular document. Also, photographs of Polly Logan and Chas. O'Bail, daughter and son of Cornplanter.

DEATH OF THE BISHOP OF FLORIDA.—The Right Rev. F. A. Rutledge, Bishop of Florida, died in Tallahasse, on the 6th of November, in the sixty-eighth year of his age, and the forty-fourth year of his ministry. He was a native of South Carolina, and the earlier years of his ministry were spent in that State. He was educated in Yale College. His father was the venerable Chancellor Rutledge, who aided Washington and his associates in the great work of establishing the Republic. He was a good man, and charitable, and his end is said to have been hastened by his profound sympathy and sorrow for the misfortunes of his native State and the Southern people.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

The New Democratic Movement.

Impartial Suffrage

The South Prefer It to the Amendment.

Secretary McCulloch's Forthcoming Report.

Reduction of Public Debt and Greenback Circulation.

Census of the Indian Tribes.

The Meteoric Display Yesterday.

Commissioner Rollins will not be Removed.

Universal Amnesty for Impartial Suffrage.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, November 14, 1866.

Impartial Suffrage and the Democracy.

The movement of leading Democratic papers in the East and West in favor of impartial suffrage has caused a decided sensation in Washington, especially among officials and Southern men. The latter declare that the South will accept impartial suffrage in preference to ratifying the Constitutional Amendment. A well known New Orleans editor, now here, favors it, and Hon. W. H. Prescott, of South Carolina, who was an officer of the Confederate Government, and formerly Assistant Secretary of State under Buchanan, arrived here to-day, and says South Carolina prefers it to the amendment.

Secretary McCulloch's Report.

Secretary McCulloch is rapidly completing his annual report. It will show that the public debt has been decreased one hundred and ten millions in six months, and that under the law passed in March the greenback circulation has been reduced ten millions of dollars, and that by January 1st it will be reduced four millions of dollars more. The Secretary's report will contain the same general recommendations relative to funding the national debt that were presented last year.

The Interior Report.

The Secretary of the Interior's Report is already completed. It will contain a resume of the census of the Indian tribes as follows: Total number, 290,774, distributed as follows: Washington, 14,800; Oregon, 104,715; California, 25,962; Arizona, 34,500; Nevada, 8,200; Utah, 19,200; New Mexico, 19,910; Colorado, 5,000; Dakotah, 24,470; Idaho, 7,330; Montana, 13,633; Northern, 18,178; Central, 12,836; Southern, 53,904. Independent Agencies—Green Bay, 2,632; Chippewas of Mississippi, 6,179; Chippewas of Lake Superior, 4,500; Wandering Bands in Wisconsin, 1,330; Hackinac, 8,105; New York, 4,014.

Public Land Sales.

Returns received by the Commissioner of the General Land Office show that during October 8,024 acres of the public land were disposed of at Sioux City, Iowa, for actual settlement under the homestead law. At Denver City, Colorado, the disposals amounted to 4,562 acres, of which 2,318 were for settlement and cultivation. The cash sales at the Denver City office amounted to $2,806.

Postal Contracts.

In the Postoffice Department, in addition to the preparation of the annual reports, the contract division is actively engaged in the preliminaries for their spring letting, which will commence in March next. The regular setting of that season embrace routes in Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas. At the same time there will be offered to contract miscellaneous routes in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, California, Nevada, Oregon, Idaho, Washington, Dakotah, Colorado, Utah and Montana.

The Meteoric Display.

The National Observatory report that there was a heavy fall of meteors commencing to-day at twelve o'clock and lasting for an hour or so. This is probably the regular shower.

Commissioner Rollins to Remain.

Notwithstanding that the friends of Thos. R. Spooner were sanguine of his appointment last night as Commissioner of Internal Revenue, high authority is given to-day for the statement that there will now be no change in that office. This fact is settled.

Personal.

General Logan arrived from the West to-night.

Hon. John Rose, member of the Canadian Parliament, called on the President to-day.

It is rumored to-night that the President will recommend an universal amnesty for impartial suffrage in his forthcoming message.

The Regular Army Roster.

The long deferred publicity of the Roster announcing the appointments in the regular army, have been occasioned by the furious competition for staff positions. Not one has yet been given out, and the whole matter has finally left the War Department and is in the hands of the President. The list must be promulgated before the meeting of Congress, or else the new appointees lose all pay and emoluments until confirmed by the Senate. One of the most stubborn controversies has arisen over the appointment of Major Augustus Seward to the newly created office of Assistant Paymaster General. He is Secretary Seward's son.

Gen. Morgan, member elect from Ohio, has arrived in town.

WASHINGTON, November 14.

JEFF. DAVIS.

Messrs. Hillyer and Lowry, the Mississippi Commissioners, to-day called upon the President by previous appointment, having yesterday sent to him the resolutions of that State in relation to Jeff. Davis. They presented to him a letter from Governor Humphrey, who says, among other things, that those whom he represents do not seek to screen Mr. Davis from trial; that his imprisonment is not necessary to secure his presence when desired for trial; that his continued incarceration threatens fatal results to his health; that the ends of justice will be reached by admitting him to bail or parole, which they severally ask. The documents seem to assume that there will be no trouble. The President received the commissioners courteously, and informed them that he would give to their application due consideration.

CONTRACTION.

The Secretary of the Treasury is determined to contract the currency as fast as the late law of Congress will allow. The revenue fund of fifty millions, which the law authorized to be issued to redeem temporary loans, and the ten millions allowed by Congress to be withdrawn within six months from the 12th of April, have been retired, and also the first installment of four millions which the law provided might thereafter be withdrawn monthly, leaving about three hundred and eighty-six millions of Government legal tenders now in circulation.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President to-day made the following appointments: John M. Duke, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Ninth District of Kentucky; John M. Waldren, of Minnesota, Register of Land Office at Greenleaf, Minn.; Henry Hill, of Minnesota, Receiver of Public Moneys; Daniel Chaplin, of Oregon, to be Receiver of Public Moneys.

COMMISSIONER ROLLINS.

The subject of a change of Commissioner of Internal Revenue has been frequently mentioned in correspondence from this city, but there is no present intention to remove him. Commissioner Rollins is engaged in preparing his official report, and therefore the Department would not now, if at any time, make the removal of so valuable an officer.

PARDONED.

The President has directed the issue of a warrant for the pardon of Zeno Kelly, convicted at October term, 1863, of the United States Circuit Court for the District of Massachusetts, of fitting out a vessel for the slave trade, and sentenced to four years' imprisonment, and to pay a fine of $1,000.

TREASURY REGULATIONS.

The Treasury Department has just issued additional regulations in regard to commerce and intercourse with foreign contiguous territory, the object being to carry out the laws to prevent smuggling, principally with reference to the examination, by custom officers, of trunks, travelling bags, boxes, and everything containing articles of wearing apparel or other personal effects.

Further Particulars of the Buffalo and Erie Railroad Accident.

BUFFALO, November 14.—The following additional particulars are received of the railroad disaster near Erie: The train consisted of four baggage and express, one second and five first class coaches. Half a mile East of Westeyville the train ran off the track in consequence of the trackman having a rail up. The cars were badly smashed. Four passengers were killed and forty-one injured; none seriously, no limbs being broken. Many of the wounded resumed their journey; about twelve remain at Erie. Killed: Matthew Hart, supposed to be from Iowa; Dr. Wm. Wheeler, of Elbridge, Onondagua county, New York; T. C. Hunt, Nundany, and a boy of four years, a son of Mrs. West, of Milwaukee. The following are the names of the injured: Charles Hurst, from New York, head very badly injured; John Hurst, son of Charles Hurst, hurt about the hand, head and breast; and a married daughter of Charles Hurst, with two children, all bruised considerably, but not dangerously; Mrs. Connor and daughter, both bruised about the head and limbs; Mrs. West, of Milwaukee, badly crushed; considered out of danger.

From Montreal.

MONTREAL, November 14.—A large quantity of military stores are continuing to arrive here, among which is a number of Armstrong guns.

A serious accident has occurred to lock No. 7, on the Beauharner's canal, and navigation is likely to be interrupted for several days.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—Governor Fletcher has appointed the 29th inst. as a thanksgiving day.

The *Evening News* claims the Missouri Legislature elect as follows: Senate, 26 Radicals, 8 Conservatives; House, 90 Radicals, 18 Conservatives.

THE FENIANS.

THE TRIALS AT TORONTO.

Case of Daniel Whelan.

He is Sentenced to be Hung.

Mysterious Movements of Stephens.

JOHN QUINN ALSO SENTENCED.

NEW YORK, November 14.—There is much speculation as to the whereabouts of James Stephens, C. O. I. R. Some believe him to have sailed for Ireland, while others believe him to be still in this city.

TORONTO, November 14.—The Court resumed its sittings this morning, the Hon. Justice John Wilson presiding. The Sheriff having called over the jury panel, his Lordship directed the prisoner, Daniel Whelan, in whose case Mr. McKenzie challenged the array of jurors yesterday, to be brought in.

Mr. McKenzie—I would ask your Lordship to allow me a few minutes private consultation with the prisoner before the jury is sworn.

His Lordship—Well, let it be a very short one; all day yesterday was wasted through your objection.

Mr. McK.—I regret to hear your Lordship express yourself so; I have always given you credit for sincerity, and thought you would give the same. Although you may view these objections as trivial, with all our respect to your opinion, I am convinced that in law the challenge was well founded.

Mr. McK., after having counselled with his client, read and put in an affidavit made by the prisoner, setting forth at length the objections made to the challenge yesterday, in which he begged to quash the panel; in the event of refusing this, to quash the jury list, or to grant him a rule upon the Attorney General of Upper Canada to show why this course should not be pursued; or else to put off the trial.

The Hon. J. H. Cameron, on the part of the Crown, stated that there was no fact alleged in the affidavit which should warrant such a course.

His Lordship—I decline the application.

Mr. McKenzie then claimed, as the prisoner was an alien, that he should be tried by a jury *decemmata lingua*.

The Hon. Mr. Cameron objected, on the ground that the prisoner had already pleaded to the indictment.

His Lordship: I think the prisoner should not be excluded from that right; let a precept be drawn up and handed to the Sheriff to summon as jurymen six citizens of the United States.

Mr. McKenzie: As this may take some time and make delay, after consultation with my friend I have agreed to waive my right. Mr. McK. stated that he required the prisoner Lynch and Colonel O'Neil as witnesses.

His lordship directed them to be sent for.

Mr. McCabe opened the case for the Crown in a short address, and called John Metcalf, who being sworn, said that the prisoner made the following statement at Fort Colborne: He said he was an American, born in Jackson county, State of New York; that he lived a portion of his time in Canada; that he left for Cleveland three years ago; and left there for Buffalo on the 30th of May, to go to Ireland to liberate her; that he came over with several others to Fort Erie in canal boats; was wounded at Lime Ridge; he said they retreated at Lime Ridge because the officer in command had given a wrong order; he said there were 1,000 men engaged at Ridgeway under command of Colonel O'Neil; he stated that the Fenians were obliged to retire in consequence of the heavy fire from our troops.

Robert Blass Lynch, sworn—Am prisoner in jail under sentence of death. My home is Louisville, Kentucky. I was employed formerly in the army, but latterly in a commercial house there, as book keeper. While in the army I wrote several letters for newspapers, but was not specially employed; was in Canada in the beginning of June; was reporter for the Louisville *Courier*; I was to report to Mr. James McDermott, of Louisville, who held the position of Assistant Adjutant General to the Fenian Brotherhood for the State of Kentucky; he was to revise letters and have them published; was not armed at the time; did not come over in a military capacity; I saw the prisoner in June last, when he said he wanted to get back to the American side; do not know whether the prisoner was a Fenian or not.

Several affidavits as to character were then put in.

Mr. McKenzie briefly addressed the jury on behalf of the prisoner, urging that he was brought over here when under the influence of drink, consequently he was not responsible for his acts.

His Lordship having charged the jury they retired at twenty minutes to two. At five minutes to two o'clock they returned with a verdict of guilty.

The Hon. J. H. Cameron then moved for sentence.

Mr. McKenzie moved an arrest of judgment on the same grounds as in the case of the Queen vs. Hayden.

His Lordship then addressed the prisoner, who, having nothing to say why sentence should not be passed, ordered that he be hanged on the 13th of December. The prisoner received the sentence without manifesting the slightest emotion, and smiled with evident indifference at the proceedings.

Jno. Quinn, late of Rochester, was finally placed in the dock. His counsel produced an affidavit asking that his trial be postponed in order to obtain the evidence of an important witness.

His Lordship ruled the affidavit not sufficient to postpone. Several witnesses were examined. The Jury, after a short consultation, returned a verdict of guilty. He was then sentenced to be hanged on the 13th of December.

BY FOREIGN MAILS.

Subscriptions for Quebec Sufferers—Fitzgerald to be Governor of Bombay—Emigration to Texas—Speech of Mr. Bright—Explosion in a Colliery—Napoleon's Health Improved—The Alliance Between Russia and Prussia Completed.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The steamer Persia brings Liverpool dates to the 3d, and Queenstown to the 4th inst.

Large subscriptions were making in behalf of the sufferers by the Quebec fire.

The Queen has placed St. James Palace at the disposal of her relative, King George, of Hanover.

Mr. Seymour Fitzgerald, formerly Under Secretary of British Foreign Affairs, has accepted the Governorship of Bombay.

An active emigration from Liverpool to Texas was in progress.

Mr. Bright made another important speech in Dublin on the 2d.

The reported illness of Lord Clarendon is denied. He was in Italy enjoying perfect health.

Twenty-five persons had perished in a colliery by an explosion near Newcastle.

All legitimate encouragement has been officially promised the delegation in behalf of the Nicaragua Railroad enterprise.

A Paris dispatch says: M. Berthenney has been nominated Ambassador at Washington.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says: The Emperor's health has improved considerably.

The Paris *Presse* says the alliance between Russia and Prussia is an accomplished fact, entered into with reference to a special object, and in anticipation of events already determined upon.

The *Presse* also says: "If Russia, in the execution of her plans, should meet with any obstacle other than the Turks, Prussia will range herself on her side. If any foreign intervention should thwart the work of assimilation in Northern Germany already prepared for the absorption of the minor States south of the Main, Prussia can rely on the armed co-operation of Russia. It also points out the community of interests between Prussia and Russia in the work of denationalizing Poland.

The London *Times*, in an article indicating a change of Government policy, makes light of the fate of Constantinople and the Ottoman Emperor altogether, while, on the contrary, attaching importance to the destinies of Egypt sufficiently great to warrant the sacrifice of the last shilling and the last soldier of England.

There was an increasing unpopularity against the Queen of Spain among her subjects. She was recently hissed at a theater. It was rumored that the Government contemplated a *coup de etat*.

Baron von Beust's entry into the Cabinet has strengthened the Austrian policy of conciliation towards Hungary.

The cholera had nearly ceased at Pesth.

An imperial manifesto orders that the Russian military and naval forces raised to their full strength by recruiting throughout the empire, and taking four from every thousand of the male population.

The intelligence from Candia has been mainly anticipated by the cable dispatches. Three thousand insurgents who had taken refuge in the caves of Melidoni, were drowned by the rising of the tide.

News from Brazil represents that Lopez, on the part of Paraguay, had made proposals for peace, which were rejected by the allies, when the battle of Curapaity was fought, and the allies met with a serious defeat.

The Empress Carlotta is improving.

The Pope has distributed to the Cardinals two allocutions, delivered by His Holiness, in consistory, held on the 1st. In the first the Pope deplores the persecutions of the church by the Italian Government; the suppression of the religious orders; the secularization of the ecclesiastical property, and the law of civil marriage. All these acts he condemns, and declares to be null and void, and repeats the censures of the Church against their authors. Nevertheless, His Holiness declares that he accords his benediction to Italy. The Pope further protests against the invasion and usurpation of the pontifical provinces, and against the Revolutionary project of making Rome the capital of the new kingdom. He states that the temporal power is indispensable to the independence of the Spiritual power, and declares that he is ready even to suffer death for the maintenance of the sacred rights of the Holy See, and, if necessary, to seek in another country the requisite serenity for the better exercise of his apostolic ministry. Finally, His Holiness prays that Italy may repent of the evils which she has brought upon the Church.

In the second allocution, His Holiness states that the Russian Government has violated the concordat of 1848, and recalls the persecutions exercised against the Arch-Bishop of Warsaw; the suppression of the dioceses; depriving the Bishops of their legitimate jurisdiction; the abolition of religious orders in Poland; the confiscation of ecclesiastical property; all acts tending to the destruction of Catholicism in Russia. His Holiness concludes by offering up a prayer that the Czar may put an end to the persecutions of Catholics within the Russian dominion.

The Vienna journals contain the following particulars of the attempt on the life of the Emperor of Austria: On the evening of the 27th of October, the Emperor Francis Joseph visited the Czeh theater, at Prague, where he was received with the national anthem. His Majesty witnessed the performance about an hour, and on leaving the theater, just as the emperor had entered his carriage, the English Captain Hugh P. F. Palmer, who was present in the crowd, observed a man raising his right hand with a pistol in it, and pointing it at the carriage. Captain Palmer had already, before the Emperor came out, observed the man in company with another, and thought he had seen something like a pistol in his hand, which caused him to watch him closely. When the pistol was pointed at the carriage, Captain Palmer distinctly noticed it being cocked, but could not see whether there was any percussion cap on. At the moment he observed this, he threw his left arm around the neck of the man, and with his right seized the hand which held the pistol, pushing it downwards, and then it seemed to him that the man dropped the pistol into the side pocket of his paletot. At this moment the imperial carriage drove away, upon which Capt. Palmer dragged the would-be assassin across the street, and handed him over to the police.

THE MEXICAN MISSION.

Private Projects and Public Policy—A Stupendous "Ring" Operation—Money-making and the Monroe Doctrine—The Parts to be Played by General Sherman and Mr. Campbell—A Pre arranged Diplomatic State.

The colossal and, in some aspects, magnificent project—by which a number of shrewd and wealthy capitalists, leagued with some of the most influential politicians of the day, procured, from the Juarez government, a grant of vast and valuable territory in Mexico—is beginning to be explained, as the current of circumstances appear to render it something more than a mere speculation. There is evidence accumulating to show that the idea originated either in one of the departments of the Administration, or was accepted there on the suggestion of certain men of enterprise, energy and wealth, who had been intimately associated with the immense interests connecting New York and the commerce of the Eastern States and California.

Grafting their scheme skillfully on one of the most vigorous branches of our foreign policy, and thus, as it were, taking the whole country into partnership with them, they waited patiently for the termination of the war, and the arrival of a time when the reassertion of our purpose to enforce the Monroe doctrine could be safely made. Then—bringing all their powerful influence to bear in shaping the course of our own government in its settlement of the Mexican question with the governments of Napoleon and Juarez—they calculated on the certainty of making a plausible plan of national aggrandizement subservient to their own almost incalculable gain. A sketch of the motives that started the projectors of the operation, and the manner in which they went to work to accomplish the result they desired, we find given by one, who, if not *in* the "Ring," has been near enough to it to be able to ascertain pretty correctly what was being concocted by those who were. The writer speaks circumspectly, but with scarcely disguised approval of the affair and the manner in which it has been conducted. He says:

"The attention of our Government has of late been drawn especially to Lower California; and its instincts have been quickened to its acquisition, by a very successful negotiation which has recently been carried through by a powerful American company, in regard to that marvelous peninsula. This company, during the French invasion of Mexico, (and cotemporaneously with the scheme of Napoleon to establish a French company in Sonora, which would justify his 'looking after,' even if Maximilian should fail,) conceived the idea of creating an American interest in Mexico, that would be sure to enlist the sympathies of the people of the United States, and go far to justify our Government in resisting any foreign movement calculated to impair or supplant the republican authority which took it under its protection.

"It will therefore be seen, that one of the motives which dictated the application for this grant was, that the establishment of an important American interest in Mexico, under the Republican title, would operate as a valuable initiative of a question, (without embarrassing the United States during its period of trouble) which our Government, at some time not far distant, would be required to initiate for itself. The Juarez Government, on the other hand, was induced to favor the application, because its colonizing features, in addition to filling up an idle region with a valuable, wealth producing population, would *practically* interest the American people in the support of the Republican title. Under the pressure of these proper and consistent motives, on both sides, the grant was therefore made, and in exchange for it, with its *quasi* governmental powers, its special privileges, its immediate citizenship to the colonists and freedom from military service, the grantees were bound to introduce a certain number of families, within a given time, and to pay down a stipulated sum in gold, as an ernest of their intentions, and as a fee for their 'order of possession.'

"All the preliminary stipulations of this grant having been performed by the purchasers, their 'order of possession' was lately handed over to them by the Mexican Minister at Washington, and a copy served by the Juarez Government upon the Republican Governor of the Peninsula. As far, therefore, as the transfer of what may be called an empire of gold, silver, and pearl, to American hands can be made, this transfer is perfected; and the United States consequently take a very natural interest, in enveloping so vast an enterprise with American nationality. The feature of this grant which most enlists the interest, and the resulting support of the American Government is, that it was made by the Juarez Government in March, 1864, before the advent of Maximilian in Mexico, when the authority of Juarez was undisputed in any quarter, and he was the acknowledged sovereign *de facto* as well as *de jure* of the entire land. A title thus legally issued and acquired, and repeatedly ratified by the Government granting it, down to an 'order of possession' now not two months old, must necessarily be supported by our Government, and the recognition of it insisted upon, as a 'condition precedent' to the recognition by the United States, of any succeeding Government in Mexico, whatever. It is this latter feature of the grant which has made men of such great influence and capital, as Leonard W. Jerome, C. K. Garrison, General Butler, Caleb Cushing, William R. Travers, John Anderson, August Belmont, David Crawford, Wm. G. Fargo, Francis Morris, S. L. M. Barlow, John A. Griswold, Benjamin Holladay and others of like stamp, go so eagerly into it."

To this list we may add, unless the Detroit *Post* be mistaken, the name of Clarence Seward, a son of the Secretary of State.

The article we quote from further asserts that "it is because the Government foresees an interest of this sort will constantly challenge its sympathies and its protection that it directs its Minister to negotiate for the eminent domain of the Peninsula at once." The fact of General Sherman and Mr. Campbell having gone on an avowed mission to Juarez by the way of Vera Cruz, is dwelt upon as of peculiar significance; as, indeed, "indicating a *quasi* understanding between France and the Republican authorities of Mexico." And, at the same time, it would seem to mean, continues the writer,

"That our Government has probably been accepted as a mediator between the retiring cohorts of Napoleon, and the accumulating and advancing armies of the republicans. It is an exceedingly difficult thing for an army to retreat, with another army following at its heels; and almost an impossibility for a large force to evacuate a hostile country, without losing heavily in its rear guard. It was these considerations which constituted the chief embarrassment of Napoleon in deciding to withdraw his forces from the support of Maximilian; and it became evident to him, during all the cogitations which tended toward that resolution, that he could only protect that difficult maneuvre through the interposition and good offices of the Government of the United States. This was the only rational solution of the difficulty; for while Louis Napoleon had been brought to a state of mind that was perfectly willing to concede to our remonstrances against his inimical invasion, it could not be expected of him to perform the part which we required, without we would agree to protect him, in its expiring details. As, therefore, it would not have been consistent with the pride of the French arms to accept of United States troops as a rear guard, or for the French to retreat through our territory, the most eligible plan was to secure a moral escort in the way of our mediation. To make this interposition on our part acceptable to Juarez, and to console him and his party for such an interference with the rights of their resentment, our Government conferred, in exchange, not only its recognition and support, but virtually made the Juarez Government the heir of the expiring French authority, by dealing with it, as the only capable belligerent and government *de facto* which the French will leave behind. General Sherman has been selected for the important task of covering the French retreat. On the other side, the French Emperor has appointed General Castlenau, and it was necessary, under the laws of diplomatic etiquette, that he should be met, on our part, by an officer of equal rank. Upon no other programme than this, or some such plan as this, could the Susquehanna have been directed to land our plenipotentiaries at Vera Cruz; for it is not to be supposed that a belligerent would permit a third party to communicate with an enemy, through its territory, except the mission comprehended interests of its own. The prospect, therefore, looks hopeful for an early settlement of Mexican affairs, consistent with our continental policy; and we think it altogether likely, under the new accord which these arrangements indicate, that General Sherman will be able to secure from the retiring Maximilian, as well as from the French, a formal transfer or resignation of their combined authority to President Juarez. That would be a natural courtesy to a government which is virtually the ward of the United States; and it is due to the Juarez administration likewise, as the only power which had ever challenged the French arms, in the invasion of its country."

This is undoubtedly the most probable reason that has been given for General Sherman's connection with the Mexican mission. And, while he is arranging the military details of the evacuation, Mr. Campbell will conduct the negotiations, through which the transfer to the United States of the territory comprised in the Juarez grant can be arranged, so as not to wound the watchful jealousy of the people of Mexico.

One more extract, which seems to carry more than ordinary weight, from the authoritative manner in which the language is couched. It reads as follows:

"The prevailing expectation is, that the contemplated cession will embrace Lower California, Sonora, Chihuahua and part of Coahuila. It is within our personal information, however, that this idea is erroneous; and we feel that we will be supported by events in saying, that Mr. Campbell will confine his negotiations on this subject to the acquisition of Lower California solely, and of that portion of Sonora which includes the port of Guyamas, and which thus confers upon us the command of both shores and the waters of the Gulf."

The Peninsula of Lower California is a natural part of Upper California, and juts forth into the Pacific like a vast fortress, domineering the ocean for a thousand miles. Though rocky and forbidding in its aspect, it is indented with magnificent bays and harbors, and it is said to abound with a mineral wealth which is likely to excel that of any region ever developed by the enterprise of man. Its great maritime importance cannot be doubted; for whatever power holds it, will command, not only the extended gulf which it embraces, but be the natural master of that vast ocean, whose shores are empires which embrace seven-tenths of the entire population of the world. If Mr. Campbell can add this territory to the already wide expanse of the United States, we shall have no objection, provided he includes as few of the natives in his process of annexation as possible. Having partly solved the African problem, and viewing with feelings not entirely free from symptoms of dismay the Chinese conundrum looming in the future, we have no desire to complicate our institutions with any of the anarchical element of which Mexico seems to be the inexhaustible and irrepressible producer.

SECRETARY SEWARD.—While Secretary Seward was at Auburn, on the occasion of the burial of his daughter, a committee of the Democratic party, with a surprising lack of delicacy and feeling, invited him to deliver a political address. Of course he declined, but in his letter to one General Segoine, he wrote:

"Nothing has been left unsaid by me heretofore, and, therefore, nothing need now be said by me to make known my opinion that the delay of the restoration of the organism of the nation is a great error, fruitful only of danger, and that continually. Persevere in the correction of that error."

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

CINCINNATI.

Society of the Army of the Tennessee

First Day's Proceedings.

CINCINNATI, November 14.—The Society of the Army of Tennessee was called to order by President Rawlings, when, after prayer by the Rev. Mr McCarty, Col. Dayton, the Secretary, read the proceedings of a preliminary meeting, at Raleigh, North Carolina, April 14, 1865, and also of a subsequent meeting, which were adopted. The constitution defines the object of the Society to be to preserve those kindly and candid feelings that distinguished the officers of the army of the Tennessee, and contributed so largely to the success of its arms, and also to reciprocate fraternal affection in acts of brotherly love toward those of the society or their families who may be in need of sympathy or aid. Any officer of the army of Tennessee, who has served honorably, is entitled to membership, and all officers of other armies can become honorary members. The society is to hold an annual re-union. Every officer is expected to be present at each re union, or address a letter to the society, communicating such facts about himself as may be interesting to the fraternity.

On motion, Generals Belknap and Howard, and Colonels Peckham, Kimber and Galber were appointed a committee to nominate officers for the ensuing year. At the request of Col. Peckham, the Secretary stated that the number of officers who were members of the Society thus far registered to day was one hundred and thirty; that the number at the last banquet was two hundred and fifty, all of whom were anxious to co operate with the Society, and he had no doubt there were five hundred who would become active members.

Generals Force, Wood and Giles A. Smith were appointed a committee to propose amendments to the constitution and form by-laws, after which the Society adjourned till half-past two o'clock P. M.

Mozart Hall is finely decorated for the occasion. Across the stage is the motto, "For God, our country, and the right," while stretching from the ceiling to the floor are the names of all the battles participated in by the Army of the Tennessee. All around the hall are numberless flags, including many of the old regimental colors borne in action.

The business of the afternoon meeting was confined mainly to reading letters from officers who could not be present, including those from Grant, Sherman, Hancock, Howard, Meade, Sheridan, Schofield, and others.

After discussion as to the propriety of admitting private soldiers to membership, and the appointment of a committee to report on the subject to morrow, the meeting adjourned.

To night a public meeting was held at Mozart Hall. Generals Rawlings and Noyes delivered speeches. A poem written and delivered by Thomas Buchanan Reade closed the proceedings.

HIGHLY INTERESTING.

NEW YORK, November 14.

ORDERS REVOKED.

The *Post's* special says: Gen. Grant has revoked orders 3 and 44, which he issued for the purpose of protecting the Union people of the South by the military power. The revocation is made upon the distinct ground that the President's order, subsequently issued, nullifies the orders. Gen. Grant tells his friend that he still believes in the necessity for such orders, but submits to his superior, who takes the responsibility.

GOOD SAMARITANS.

Representatives of the Independent Order of Good Samaritans and Daughters of Samaria met in this city this evening, to organize a grand lodge of the State of New York, under the jurisdiction of the Right Worthy National Grand Lodge of North America.

THE CANADIAN COMMISSIONERS.

The steamship Australasian sailed to-day for Liverpool. Among the passengers are the Canadian Commissioners.

DRUNKENNESS A CAUSE FOR DIVORCE.

The bill making habitual drunkenness a cause for divorce, has passed the Vermont Legislature by 13 to 11, with an amendment requiring that the drunkenness must be of two years' duration previous to the finding of the libel.

ALABAMA COTTON CROP.

The Selma, Ala., *Messenger* says: The cotton crop has been cut short by frost fully one-fifth, which must be deducted from the lowest estimates made some two weeks since. We believe this will apply to all the cotton region north of this. The picking season has been and continues to be remarkably good, which will enable planters to get in their crops early. We look for the receipts to fall off in December, and higher prices to rule.

THE TOBACCO CROP.

The Richmond *Examiner* says of the tobacco crop: In some of the counties it has been uncertain and inadequate, yet in these counties the crop will be better than was supposed, but in Pittsylvania, Henry and Patrick counties, and in adjacent counties of North Carolina, the crop is excellent both in quality and quantity. The *Examiner* estimates the entire crop of Virginia at two thirds that of 1860.

MAN KILLED.

W. Bausa and George Weigher quarreled on Friday night about a girl, when the latter killed the former with a knife. To day the Coroner held an inquest, and a verdict was found against Weigher, who was held to await the action of the grand jury.

SCARCITY OF MONEY IN ALABAMA.

The Montgomery, Ala., *Advertiser* says in regard to the scarcity of money: This state of affairs may be ascribed to several causes. It is true that cotton has for some time past been moving to market in small quantities, and readily sold at prevailing figures, but most of the money from this source has been sent out of the State to meet advances made in the season for implements, animals, &c., or has been hoarded up by the cautious and provident for future and more pressing necessities. We know at least that instead of an increase of circulation, the scarcity of money seems to be greater then ever, notwithstanding these sales of cotton.

WHISKY FRAUDS.

It is stated by some of the leading officers of the Internal Revenue Department, of this city, the new law in relation to distilleries, which went into operation on the 1st of September, has failed to prevent the frauds in the manufacture of whisky for which it was enacted. Liquor can still be obtained at less than the cost of the duty imposed on it, and this fact conclusively proves that no tax has been paid upon it. One of the leading sections of the new law provides that an inspector shall be placed in charge of each distillery, day and night, and that locks of intricate construction shall be placed on the doors of each. Only a few inspectors have been appointed, but it is believed that all the positions will be filled by December. Some of the Federal locks designed for the distilleries have been received in the city by the Revenue Inspectors, and the remainder will be here next week. They are now being placed on the doors of the buildings devoted to the manufacture of whisky.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

Comments on the Chicago Times' New Position—The South Advised to Offer an Amendment of their Own—The Times on the Late Elections.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The recent article in the Chicago *Times* concerning the future of the Democratic party excites general comment.

The *World* this morning counsels the Southern States to offer some some sort of an amendment of their own. It says: We believe that the true way out of the present difficulty is by the spontaneous action of the South itself. When the Southern States have all rejected the Amendment, as they certainly will, and have thereby demonstrated that they are the masters of the situation, so far as that measure is concerned, we trust they will, by some method of joint action, make a counter proposition.

Referring to the recent elections and the votes of large numbers of naturalized citizens, the *Times* urges the leaders of the Republican party to consider the bearings of the law passed by the last legislature, and see if temperance and good order cannot be better secured by some medium course.

SINGLE SCULL RACE.

Gilbert Ward Beaten by Wm. Stevens.

POUGHKEEPSIE, November 14.—The five mile boat race here to-day, between Gilbert Ward and Wm. Stevens, resulted in a victory for the latter: time 38 minutes and 37 seconds.

Meeting of Locomotive Engineers.

BOSTON, November 14.—The grand international division of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, commenced their annual session in this city to day. Mr. Charles Wilson, of Rochester, presides. The association was organized in Detroit in 1863, and has for its object the improvement of the condition of locomotive engineers, and to urge upon railroad officers the propriety of adopting such rules as tend to harmonize relations existing between employees and employers, and discountenance all strikes, believing that the interests of each can better be served by more just and rational means. Between sixty and seventy delegates are present, representing all parts of the country.

The Baltimore Imbroglio.

BALTIMORE, November 14.—The police difficulty is rapidly coming to a solution. Nearly the entire force reported for duty to the new Commissioners this morning, through Marshal Carmichael and his subordinates. A few have resigned, whose places are being filled by new appointments. It is now believed that the books, property, &c., in the possession of the old Board will be turned over to the new Commissioners as soon as they can adjust and close up the business of the department.

Maryland Baptist Union Association.

BALTIMORE, November 14.—The thirty-first annual meeting of the Maryland Baptist Union Association commenced here to-day, the Rev. J. W. Williams, Moderator.

Pursuant to a call lately issued, a meeting was held here to-day of members of the old Maryland Agricultural Society, for the purpose of reorganizing the Society, which has not held a meeting since the war commenced. A committee, headed by Col. Bowie, was appointed on permanent organization.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 13.—The steamer Golden Age, from Panama, arrived this morning, bringing New York dates to October 29th.

The Western Union Telegraph Company's bark H. S. Rutgers, from Plover Bay, arrived yesterday. She left in port the steamer Geo. S. Wright and ships Nightingale and C. M. Scammon nearly ready for sea.

Death of Rev. Dr. Jenks.

BOSTON, November 14.—Rev. Dr. Jenks, a well known clergyman, died in this city yesterday, aged 88 years. Dr. Jenks graduated at Harvard College in 1797, and of his graduating class the Hon. Horace Binney, of Philadelphia, is the only survivor.

BY THE CABLE.

The Russo-Prussian Alliance

The United States to be Admitted.

The Alabama Claims.

British Government Inclined to a Settlement.

British Naval Force in the China Sea.

Eyre to be Indicted for Murder.

No Levy for the Russian Army.

General Amnesty from Turkey.

Cholera Raging in Constantinople.

Denmark to Regain Her Frontiers.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Alabama Claims.

LONDON, November 13.—The English Government and people seem to be inclined to settle the Alabama claims, if a demand is made by the United States to that effect.

No Meteors.

LONDON, November 13.—The shower of Meteors has not yet fallen. It is expected to take place on Wednesday.

Gunboats on the China Seas.

LONDON, November 13.—The British Admiralty have resolved to keep a strong force of gunboats on the China Seas to prevent piracy.

Gov. Eyre to be Indicted.

LONDON, November 13.—The Jamaica Committee has unanimously resolved to indict Governor Eyre for murder.

Frazer, Trenholm & Co.

LONDON, November 13, Morning.—It is said that the questions pending between the United States and Frazer, Trenholm & Co., have been amicably settled, whereby the vessels in dispute, now lying at Liverpool, and all the other property have been released.

Important, if True.

LONDON, November 13.—In spite of the many denials, rumors of a Prusso-Russian alliance continue to prevail. It is even said that the treaty provides for the admission of the United States into the alliance, with a foreign establishment in the Mediterranean sea, and guarantees that nation highly favorable commercial advantages.

Shipping Intelligence.

QUEENSTOWN, Tuesday, November 13.—The steamship Manhattan, from New York, October 31st, arrived here to-day, and proceeded to Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, November 13.—The steamship Peruvian, which left Glasgow on the 8th inst., become disabled and was obliged to land her passengers at Ardrossan, Scotland.

PRUSSIA.

Alliance with Russia.

BERLIN, Tuesday, November 13.—It is positively asserted that negotiations are going on for an offensive and defensive alliance between Russia and Prussia.

RUSSIA.

No Levy for the Army.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 13.—The statement that the Russian army was to be increased by a levy is unfounded.

FRANCE.

Movement of Steamers.

BREST, November 13.—The German Trans-Atlantic Company's steamship St. Laurent, touched here to-day, *en route* for Havre.

DENMARK.

Opening of the Chambers.

COPENHAGEN, November 13.—The King to-day formally opened the session of the Danish Chambers. In his speech on that occasion, he said he was convinced that Denmark would soon regain her natural frontiers by a popular vote.

TURKEY.

General Amnesty.

LONDON, November 13.—Dispatches from the East announce that the Turkish Government has ordered a general amnesty to be granted to the insurgents of Candia.

The Cholera.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 13.—The cholera has again broken out in this city.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

London Money Market.

LONDON, November 13.—Money market steady. Consols for money 89¼. United States 5-20s, 69¼; Illinois Central, 78; Erie 52.

LONDON, November 13.—Consols are quoted at 87¾ for money. The following were the current prices of American securities: United States Five-Twenties, 69¾; Illinois Central, 78¾; Erie, 51¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, November 13—Evening—The Breadstuff market is firmer. Corn has advanced to 38s per 480 lbs. for mixed Western.

Provisions dull.

Petroleum is quoted at 1s 7d to 1s 8d for refined.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, November 13.—The cotton market is dull and drooping; middling Uplands are quoted at 14½d. The sales to-day amounted to only 6,000 bales.

Manchester Market.

MANCHESTER, Tuesday, November 13.—The market for wools and yarns is heavy and lower.

From Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, November 14.—J. R. Lewis, Commissioner for Tennessee of the Freedmen's Bureau, reports the cotton crop half an average; tobacco over a full crop, quality superior; wheat less than average; oats full average. The grain crop of East Tennessee is much better than usual.

General Thomas and ex-Confederate General Hood dined together to-day at the Louisville Hotel.

General Jeff. C. Davis denies that he was consulted in reference to military arrangements relating to the late obsequies of ex-Confederate General Hanson.

From Augusta, Georgia.

AUGUSTA, GA., November 14.—The Charleston bark Everhard, Captain Delins, from Bremen, with one hundred and seventy German immigrants, arrived here to-day. These immigrants intend settling in South Carolina, being mostly connected with German families residing in that State. The Colonization Society's ship Golconda will sail hence for Liberia on Saturday, carrying about six hundred freedmen emigrants, nearly five hundred from Georgia and South Carolina having already taken passage.

McGuire Convicted of Manslaughter in the Second Degree.

PHILADELPHIA, November 14.—In the homicide case of McGuire, for shooting Maggie Blair, in 1864, at the Continental Theater, the jury returned a verdict of manslaughter in the second degree. The prisoner throughout the trial gave real and dissimilated symptoms of insanity. This verdict will give the Court an opportunity to send him to the Insane Asylum.

Maryland Horse Fair.

BALTIMORE, November 14.—The horse fair was largely attended to-day, about 5,000 persons being present. The great race of the day was between the horses Dexter, Silas Rich and Patchen, best three in five to harness, and was won in three straight heats by Dexter; time, 2:31, 2:21¼, and 2:25¾.

Robbers Captured.

LOUISVILLE, KY., November 14.—The Superintendent of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, reports that the robbers who recently committed the depredation on that road have been captured by the Franklin expedition.

Dear Cheap Pianos—Hints to Purchasers.

When a dealer would pass off his low-priced pianos for *first class* workmanship, ask him to take out the mechanism and *prove* to you that they contain the following essential points, to wit: 1. The felt hammers *capped with leather*, to prevent the strings from cutting them. 2. The holes of the keys *lined with cloth*, to keep them from rattling. They are *dear* at any price, and not worth having unless they are provided with these improvements. We offer the MIXSEL New York Pianos, which at about ONE-HALF the usual cost, contain all the qualities of *first class* Pianos, viz:

The MIXSEL Piano has leather capped hammers;

The MIXSEL Piano has the key-holes lined with cloth;

The MIXSEL Piano has the French grand action;

The MIXSEL Piano has *ivory* key fronts.

There are no other Pianos which, at the price, can boast of these advantages. Call and see them.

H. KLEBER & BRO.,
Sole Agents for the Mixsel Pianos.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

A *World's* Charleston special says: The State Bank of Louisiana which, with others, was obliged to suspend during the military occupation of New Orleans, has resumed business.

A two story brick building on Third street, between Chestnut and Pine, St. Louis, occupied by a small tobacconist, cigar box factory, and liquor store, was burned yesterday morning. Loss about $20,000, mostly insured.

Charles Lockwood has recovered a verdict of $25,000 against the New York Central Railroad.

The *Tribune's* St. Louis special says: The Conservative canvassers have been induced to throw out all the votes in Clinton county, except those cast in one town, thereby endangering the election of Van Horn. A claim has been been made by Knox to votes cast after sundown as the poll had not been closed. If allowed, Blair is defeated, Noel having about forty majority.

The following is a list of some of the most severely wounded by the Buffalo and Erie Railroad accident Tuesday: Mr. M. Brown, of Rochester, bruised about the head and breast; his son, aged about thirteen, has his right foot badly sprained; Francis Moran, from Austin, head cut; Patrick Rounce, from New York, very badly hurt about the head, supposed separation of the frontal bone; W. B. Grafton, from Worthington, Ohio, scalp cut, and right foot severely sprained; John Oakeson, of Muncie, Indiana, collar bone broken and side injured; Robert Lynch, New York, scalp cut and face badly mutilated; John Donenue, New York, face cut and badly injured; Margaret Gerrinote, Rochester, injured in her hand, and her little son had his scalp cut badly; one man, name unknown, had his right arm injured; Charles Bercherch, Plymouth, Ohio, had his leg hurt.

A Washington special of yesterday says: The question of a foreign policy is merging into something more comprehensive than the Mexican imbroglio, and for several hours yesterday the probable European alliances that are to grow out of the Austro-Prussian conflict, and the effect such cohesions of kingdoms would have upon the moral force and prestige of the United States abroad, were discussed at length.

It is reported that General Sickles, commander of the Department of South Carolina, has been called to Washington. The precise import of the order is a State secret.

There are a number of candidates for the vacancy in the judgeship of the United States District Court, for the Northern District of Ohio, occasioned by the death of Judge Wilson. Among the number of applicants are F. J. Dickman, F. T. Backus, S. J. Andrews and others.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: On the meeting of Congress a resolution will be introduced calling for all information on the subject of the action of Prussia against American citizens. The whole matter will be thoroughly investigated. In the opinion of many prominent gentlemen, our Minister at the seat of the Prussian Government has pursued an ulterior course, highly reprehensible. It is understood that the Government is not particularly well satisfied with his conduct.

Within the last few days the President has directed pardons to be issued to the following persons, one of whom sought for pardon under the first exception of the amnesty proclamation, having held a petty office under the Confederacy, and the remainder applied under the $20,000 clause: Willis Benham, of Georgia; William A. Pegram, of Louisiana; D. H. Reynolds, of Arkansas; J. D. Hopes, of Mississippi; W. A. Henderson, Wm. Jones and John M. Brown, of Tennessee.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: It is said that Hon. John A. Bingham, who is preparing articles of impeachment against Mr. Johnson, will charge him with aiding and abetting the assassination of Mr. Lincoln.

STATE ITEMS.

There are forty new wells now going down on Pithole Creek, and preparations are making for sinking twenty more.

Wood, Morrell & Co., of Johnstown, are erecting a monster building in that thriving town. It is [illegible] feet by 125 feet, three stories high, has 150 windows in it and one million of bricks. It will be used as the storehouse of the company and as the office of the Cambria Iron Works.

Irvineton, at the junction of the Philadelphia and Erie and Warren and Allegheny Railroads, is growing rapidly. Four hotels have been built or are being built, and a large railroad dining-hall is to be erected. It is also stated that the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Company are negotiating for the purchase of forty acres of land upon which to erect buildings.

James P. McDowell, of Summerhill township, Crawford county, was drowned in the Erie canal Saturday evening last, under the following circumstances: For several years he has had charge of the locks on the Erie Extension canal, and that evening about dark he was fixing Lock No. 15 and fell in. He was alone and was not missed for some time. His horse being found tied near the lock, search was made for Mr. M. and he was found dead in the water. He was about forty-five years old, and leaves a wife and five children to mourn his loss.

The Meadville *Republican* of Tuesday says: "John F. Henderson, late Constable of Athens township, having absquatulated with another man's wife, leaving his own wife and five children, some of the citizens applied to Court yesterday and had Lewis Eaton appointed Constable for that township. We feel a sort of paternal interest in Lew, he having been the only one of our Crawford county conscripts in the old 150th Reg't P. M. who succeeded in having a fight with the rebels. When outside the fort at Gloucester Point, Va., he ran across a rebel Captain, and after a brief and brilliant engagement captured him. He still retains the rebel's sword as a trophy of the fight. Subsequently Eaton enlisted in the 83d and was wounded six times, but is still able to do duty with his left arm."

Governor Curtin has appointed A. B. Richmond, Esq., of Meadville, a Commissioner to the Paris Exposition of 1867. The Meadville *Republican* says: "A worthier appointment has not been made. Mr. Richmond was Superintendent of Machinery in the Crystal Palace, and fulfilled his duties to the complete satisfaction of officials and the public. He is a man of liberal culture and scientific attainment, of great mechanical ingenuity, a chemist of no mean order, a lawyer of remarkable legal acumen, a firm friend and a good citizen. All of these points increase his availability for the position to which he has been appointed."

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says: The Senate Chamber and Hall of the House of Representatives are undergoing the usual annual "fixing up," preparatory to the assembling of the Legislature. In a month from the present time the halls will be in complete trim, ready for use. The interior of the capitol extension is rapidly approaching completion. In a short time the various rooms will be finished—in fact we believe a few of them have already received the final touches of the mechanics.

REPRESENTATIVE RECRUITS.—It will be remembered that under the conscription law persons who were or were not liable to military duty could place in the field "representative recruits." By the Provost Marshal General's report, it appears that the whole number of these recruits placed in the field was 1,292, of which Massachusetts furnished the greatest number, 586. Pennsylvania furnished 125; New York, 119; Ohio, 121; Illinois, 90; Maine, 65; New Hampshire, 39; Wisconsin, 28; Indiana and Kentucky, each, 21; Iowa, 19; Vermont, 18; Michigan, 15; Maryland, 7; Kansas, 8; New Jersey and Connecticut, each, 6; Minnesota, 3; Rhode Island, 2; and Missouri, 1. Among the persons who furnished representative recruits were Edward Everett, Prof. Longfellow, Professor Agassiz, Prof. James Russell Lowell, and R. H. Dana.

THE BOSTON POST ON NEGRO SUFFRAGE.—We find the following in the *Post* of Monday morning:

Judge Reagan, of Texas, a member of the Cabinet of Jefferson Davis, has written a letter to Governor Throckmorton, in which he urges the people of Texas to give suffrage to the negroes, on the same terms as it is given to the whites. This is wise, just, politic. Impartial suffrage we have always advocated. The Massachusetts system we think a good one, and if every State would adopt it, the result would prove its great security to the peace and prosperity of the country.

THE prospect for a street railway in Wheeling is good—two-thirds of the required amount having been subscribed. The *Register* speaks thus encouragingly of that city. "The spirit of improvement is abroad, and our people are fast redeeming our ancient city from the 'old fogy' reputation she has heretofore borne. Within the past few years the advancement has been unusually rapid. Upon nearly every street spacious and elegant buildings are being erected, and, in the principal mercantile quarter of the city, a number of business houses are lately completed or are now in process of construction, which will successfully rival in elegance and convenience and size the store rooms in any city of equal population."

GOVERNOR SEYMOUR'S OPINION.—The St. Paul *Press*, of November 3d, says: "We notice in some Eastern journals a paragraph to the effect that Governor Seymour emphatically denies that he expressed himself, while in St. Paul, in favor of the constitutional amendment and negro suffrage. We know nothing of what Governor Seymour says in New York, but what he said here we know upon the most unimpeachable authority. And he said here that he was in favor of the constitutional amendment, that the South ought to accept it, and that if he was in a Southern State he would vote for negro suffrage."

The New York *Herald* says: Last week one thousand stand of arms were abstracted from the armory in this city, and, are now concealed near by. This was done while guards were on duty around it. The United States Marshal and Captain Phillington are hunting up the parties.

CITY MATTERS.

REPAINTED.—The iron and wire work on the Smithfield street Bridge, over the Monongahela river, has been newly re-painted.

NOT EXPECTED TO RECOVER.—Mr. Samuel Shirley, who was run over by the Duquesne hose carriage, on Liberty street, on Sunday evening, is in a very critical condition, his physicians having no hopes of his recovery.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Coroner Clawson held an inquest yesterday afternoon on the body of John Grinnage, the colored barber who shot himself with a pistol on Tuesday morning, at his shop on the corner of Anderson street and River Avenue, Allegheny, from the effects of which he died during the night. The jury rendered a verdict of "accidental death."

CAN'T BE BEATEN.—That the Emerson piano can't be beaten in excellent qualities, by any other pianos at the same price, seems to be settled by the simple fact of the great number that are sold by the agents in this city, Messrs. Mellor & Co. Never have low-priced pianos met with such a hearty reception by our public; and the reason is that they have examined them and found that they completely fill the great want hitherto felt of a first rate piano at a very reasonable price. The Emerson is *the* piano for any one to buy that wants to same money in the purchase. If you want to be convinced of that, go to the agents, Mellor & Co., 81 Wood street, and judge for yourselves.

OUR NATIONAL GAME.

Match at Washington.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, PA., November 12, 1866.

A closely contested game of base ball was played here on Tuesday, between the first nines of the Freshman Class of Washington and Jefferson College, and the Middle Scientific Class of the same college, resulting in a victory for the latter. Appended you will find the score:

FRESHMAN.	H. L.	R.	MIDDLE SCIENTIF.	H. L.	R.
Skinner, c.	2	3	Acheson, c.	4	3
McJunkin, p.	4	1	Young, p.	3	3
McConnell, 1st b.	5	0	Stockton, 1st b.	2	3
Scoonmaker G. 2d b.	4	0	Duncan, 2d b.	1	3
Agnew, 3d b.	2	2	Todd, 3d b.	3	2
Moore, s. s.	4	1	Berry, s. s.	2	3
Fly, l. f.	1	4	Greer, l. f.	4	2
Duncan, c. f.	3	3	Scott, c. f.	4	1
Donahey, r. f.	2	2	Horn, r. f.	4	1
Total	27	16	Total	27	21

INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—Total
Freshman	0	6	1	2	1	2	3	1	0—16
Middle Scientific	5	0	3	1	0	4	2	6	0—21

Fly Catches—Freshman, 8; Middle Scientific, 6.
Missed Fly Catches—Freshman, 4; Middle Scientific, 2.
Passed Balls—Freshman, 2; Middle Scientific, 5.
Umpire—J. W. McGuire.
Scorers—C. F. Overholt, Middle Scientific; R. Galloway, Freshman.

Match at Chester.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY,
CHESTER, PA., November 12th, 1866.

A very interesting game of base ball was played on Saturday, 10th inst., between the Eclipse Base Ball Club, of the Pennsylvania Military Academy, and the Columbia Base Ball Club, of Chester, on the grounds of the latter, resulting in an easy victory for the Eclipse. The following is the score:

ECLIPSE.	O.	R.	COLUMBIA.	O.	R.
Bryant, c.	2	3	Roberts, 3d b.	2	2
Heaton, r. f.	2	3	Henderson, p.	3	0
Blackstone, c. f.	3	3	Goff, 2d b.	2	2
Paulson, 1st b.	0	5	Hall, r. f.	2	1
Woodwell, s. s.	3	3	Taylor, c. f.	0	2
H. Bughman, 2d b.	0	5	McKay, 1st b.	4	0
Jones, l. f.	3	3	Gilroy, c.	2	1
Jordon, 3d b.	3	3	Wilson, l. f.	2	2
J. Bughman, p.	2	3	Green, s. s.	1	1
Total	18	30	Total	18	11

INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6—Total.
Eclipse	0	3	2	7	5	13—30
Columbia	0	2	1	2	1	5—11

Passed Balls—Eclipse, 3.
Passed Balls—Columbia, 11.
Fly catches—"Eclipse," Jordon, 1; Woodwell, 3; H. Bughman, 1; Bryant, 1; Jones, 1—Total, 7.
Fly catches—"Columbia," Henderson, 1; Gilroy, 2; Taylor, 1; McKay, 1—Total, 5.
Missed Fly catches—Eclipse, 0.
Missed Fly catches—Columbia, 5.
Umpire—Mr. T. Berry, of the Keystone Base Ball Club, of Philadelphia.
Scorers—Messrs. Adsit and Dutton.
Time of Game—Two hours and five minutes.

Important Arrest—Notes Amounting to $15,510 Recovered.

On Wednesday of last week, officer Seth Wilmot, of the Independent police force, received information which led him to believe that a certain Charles L. Martin *alias* Charles Perbasco, a storekeeper at Deer Creek, in this county, had in his possession the money, amounting to $4,350, which was stolen from Mr. Jonathan Townsend, of New Jersey, while taking the eastern bound train at the Union Depot several weeks ago, and for the recovery of which, and the conviction of the thief, a reward of $1,500 was offered. Officer Wilmot immediately set to work to effect the arrest of Martin, and for this purpose took the train on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad on Tuesday, but owing to an accident on the road, the train was delayed and he returned to the city.

Yesterday morning officer Wilmot, in company with officer William Shore, again started for Martin's house on Deer Creek. Arriving there about noon, they found Martin in the house. They made known their business, and upon asking him if he had found any money, he replied that he had found three notes for twenty-five dollars each. They then took him into custody, and upon searching him, found notes and drafts upon his person, amounting to fifteen thousand five hundred and ten dollars. The officers then returned to this city with their prisoner in custody.

A short time since, it appears, Martin found a large pocket-book on the road between Lawrenceville and the Sharpsburg Bridge. In it were found the notes and drafts which the officers discovered on Martin's person yesterday. A girl, who was with him at the time, states that there was also in the pocket-book found by Martin, a roll of money amounting to four thousand and twenty dollars, and that Martin afterwards deposited in a bank four thousand dollars of the money. This, Martin denies, and states that he never found any money in the pocket book. The description of the money found by Martin, as given by the girl, does not correspond, however, with the description of that stolen from Mr. Townsend. Shortly after the finding of the pocket-book, Martin and a lady cousin of his quarreled, when the latter made the disclosure which led to his arrest.

Upon arriving with the prisoner in custody yesterday afternoon, officer Wilmot appeared before Alderman John A. Strain, of the Tenth Ward, and made an information against Martin, charging him with constructive larceny. The Alderman held Martin in the sum of five thousand dollars bail for a hearing on Wednesday next, the 21st inst., by which time it is expected a full hearing can be had, but failing to secure the necessary bail, he was committed to the county jail.

The notes and drafts found in Martin's possession were six in number, and for different amounts. They were drawn by A. Conkin, business man in Oil City, payable to Messrs. R. Lamberton & Co., Bankers in Oil City, and Messrs. Farrar, Follett & Co., to be charged to the account of D. M. Edgerton, Esq., oil merchant in this city.

Daring Highway Robbery.

One of the boldest and most successful highway robberies ever perpetrated in this city, took place yesterday morning on Liberty street, in the vicinity of the Railroad Passenger Station. Mrs. Connor, an emigrant from Scotland, arrived in this city on the previous night, in company with her three children, *en route* for Youngstown, Ohio, where her husband, who is a coal digger, resides. She stopped at the depot during the night, and in the morning about six o'clock, visited the "Irwin House," on Liberty street, with her three children, where they breakfasted. She afterwards started for the depot, but before reaching there was overtaken by a young man, who seized a small basket which she carried on her arm and took it from her. The basket contained all the money in her possession—about sixty dollars—and she made an effort to regain it. During the scuffle which ensued, her dress was badly torn, but the fellow overpowered her and escaped with his booty. She then went to the depot and made known her loss, when a charitable gentleman, who declined to give his name, purchased tickets for herself and children, and she departed on the next train for Youngstown. It is supposed that while paying for breakfast, the thief observed her money and followed her when she left the house. It appears strange that such an outrage could have been committed on one of our most public streets, in broad daylight, and shows that the thieves are unusually expert, or that the police are remiss in their duty.

Hamill Challenged by Brown.

Jimmy Hamill, the Champion oarsman of America, has been challenged by Walter Brown, of Portland, Maine. The latter's achievements the past summer in the Boston regatta, and elsewhere have given his friends cause to think that he can wrest the championship from Hamill. While Brown has been for months busy with the sculls, Hamill has been employed in aiding in the construction of the Fire Alarm Telegraph. Should the latter accept the challenge, he will have ample time before the day appointed for the contest to put himself in proper trim. Following is Brown's challenge:

NEW YORK, November 9th, 1866.

I, Walter Brown, of Portland, do hereby challenge James Hamill, of Pittsburgh, to row me a three mile scull race for one thousand dollars ($1,000) a side, and the Championship of America; race to come of three weeks after signing articles, over the Charles River course, Boston, Mass. If Mr. Hamill will accept the above challenge, I will allow him two hundred dollars ($200) for expenses. Respectfully,

WM. H. CLARK, for WALTER BROWN.

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Tuesday night Mrs. Mary Myler, who resided in Philo Hall Building, corner of Third and Market streets, became suddenly sick, when Dr. Rogers was sent for. The physician pronounced the disease cholera morbus, and prescribed for her. Yesterday morning she was much worse, when, at the request of a priest, she was placed in a carriage for the purpose of being conveyed to the Mercy Hospital, but she died before arriving at that institution. The body was taken back to the residence of her husband, and the Coroner sent for, who, at the request of the physician, proceeded to hold an inquest. Several witnesses testified that the husband of deceased had beaten her severely, some five weeks since, but the body did not exhibit any marks of violence, Dr. Rogers was of opinion that her death was the result of natural causes, and the jury rendered a verdict accordingly. The deceased was 39 years of age, and was the mother of seven children.

Public Amusements.

PITTSBURGH THEATER.—Vestvali appeared last evening as "Romeo," in Shakespeare's dramatic hecatomb of victims to a fatal passion. She looked it and played it a great deal better than the mature tragedians we are accustomed to see in the part, and much more agreeably, to our mind, than Charlotte Cushman. Mr. Cogswell was easy in manner as "Mercutio," and would have delivered the "Queen Mab" passage very effectively, if late arrivals among the audience had not created so much disturbance in their boisterous hunt for seats.

OPERA HOUSE.—We should like to write a column of almost unmingled encomium on Mr Davenport's performance of "Sir Giles Overreach," in Massinger's play of "A New Way to Pay Old Debts." It is in every way worthy of so much eulogistic critisism, and, if he will repeat the piece on Saturday, we will undertake to do him ample justice, and think we might further promise him, with safety, such a house as has not crowded any place of amusement in Pittsburgh for years. So grand and impressive an interpretation of the character of "Sir Giles" has not been seen here since the brief visit paid us by the late G. V. Brooke. The only disappointment, in connection with the matter, that we feel, is the brief space that can be spared for mention of an event that should be dwelt on as a great and legitimate theatrical sensation. Mr. Ward, Mr. Leak, Mr. Hagan and Miss Annie Waite sustained their several parts as well as could be desired, the lady, in the third act, being specially excellent. To-night there is an immense bill announced—"Wild Oats" and "Black-Eyed Susan." On Friday we are to have "Much Ado About Nothing."

AIMS'S VARIETIES.—Farces, Ethiopian interludes, singing, dancing and an occasional drama of the "deepest dye," vary the attractive programme nightly offered by Manager Aims. The amount of pleasure afforded is unlimited and the business is immense.

MASONIC HALL.—Sanford's Minstrels give their fourth entertainment this evening, when an excellent bill of songs and comic acts will be presented. Sanford's benefit to-morrow night, when W. P. Collins will appear, promises to be a grand affair. A strong bill will be offered, presenting Collins and Sanford in some of their best acts.

THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE
CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE
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GENERAL CONFERENCE OF THE M. P. CHURCH.

A Permanent Organization Effected—First Day's Proceedings.

The General Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church met yesterday morning in the First M. P. Church, East Common, Allegheny. The body is composed of ministerial and lay delegations from twenty-five conferences, and holds its sessions quadrennially. The Conference was called to order at eleven o'clock by Rev. V. Lucas, of Allegheny, upon whose motion Rev. Dr. John Scott, of Springfield, Ohio, and editor of the *Western Methodist Protestant*, was elected temporary President. Revs. J. H. Hamilton and T. B. Graham were appointed temporary Secretaries.

Religious exercises were then conducted, at the conclusion of which the President announced that the presentation of credentials of delegates was next in order. Delegates from the following annual conferences then handed in their credentials to the Secretaries: Pittsburgh, Muskingum, Ohio, New Jersey, Onondaga, Genessee, North Illinois and Missouri. The representations have not all arrived as yet, but it is probable that the Conference will be full to-day.

A motion was made for the appointment of a committee of three on permanent organization, with instructions to report at the afternoon session. The motion was adopted, and Rev. Lucas, and Messrs. Gunkle and Chambers appointed said committee by a vote of Conference.

Rev. J. S. Thrapp moved that a committee of three be appointed to prepare Rules of Order. The motion was adopted, and by vote of Conference, Rev. J. S. Thrapp, Rev. Dr. Reeves and Mr. Douglass were appointed.

The Conference then adjourned until half-past one o'clock and was dismissed after prayer by Rev. T. B. Graham.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Conference re-assembled at two o'clock, when the Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following permanent officers:

President—Rev. John Scott, D. D.

Secretaries—Revs. J. J. White and E. A. Wheat.

The report was accepted and adopted, and Dr. Scott, upon assuming the duties of President, made a few but appropriate remarks.

The Committee appointed to prepare a series of rules of order, reported in favor of the rules governing the convention held in Cincinnati in May, 1866. The recommendation was adopted.

On motion Rev. V. Lucas and Wm. Miller, Esq., of Allegheny, and Wm. Rinehart, Esq., of Pittsburgh, were appointed a Committee on Pulpit Services.

The Conference decided to hold two sessions each day, commencing in the morning at half past eight o'clock, and adjourning at twelve; and in the afternoon from two till four and a half o'clock.

The President was instructed to appoint the usual Standing Committees, after which the Conference adjourned.

Rev. E. A. Wheat, of Genessee Conference, New York, preached a sermon in the evening before a large audience. Religious services will be held every evening while the Conference is in session.

Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

The following cases were argued in the Supreme Court yesterday:

Page vs. Heath; D. C. Continued for argument in Philadelphia on last Wednesday in March next.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad vs. Hinds; C. P. Submitted. Hampton for plaintiff in error; Marshal contra.

Ferguson's Appeal, D. C. Submitted. Ferguson for appellant; Schoyer & Brown contra.

The following judgments were entered and opinions delivered.

BY STRONG, J.—Smith vs. Frazier et al. Jefferson. Affirmed.

Farmers' Railroad Company vs. Reno, Oil Creek and Pithole Railroad Company; Venango county. Special injunction dissolved.

BY AGNEW, J.—Kibble vs. Miller. Greene. Affirmed.

Crawford vs. School Directors of Burrel township, Westmoreland. Affirmed.

McClintockville Petroleum Company vs. Metz; C. P. Affirmed on equal division of the Court.

The business of the term having been completed, the Court adjourned to meet in Philadelphia on the first Monday of March next.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—Before Hon. Edwin H. Stowe.

The jury in the case of the Commonwealth for the case of Wm. Hurd et. at. vs. Wm. A. Anderson and Charles Anderson, returned a verdict in favor of the defendants.

James McCombs vs. James Rowan. Action on plea of trespass. The plaintiff alleges that in July, 1865, the defendant removed one hundred yards of fence from the plaintiff's farm, whereby he sustained damages to the amount of five thousand dollars. The defendant avers that the fence had been erected on his property, hence its removal. Messrs Kirkpatrick and Mellon appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Lucas for the defendant. On trial.

TRUSTEES OF BEAVER SEMINARY.—At a recent meeting of the stockholders of "Beaver Seminary and Institute," the following named persons were chosen Trustees for the ensuing year: Daniel Agnew, Benj. Adams, Jno. Barclay, M. Weyand, Robt. Forward, D. L. Imbrie, Rev. D. P. Lowary, H. Rice, Thos. McCreery, Rev. J. F. Dravo, J. W. F. White, Hon. Chas. Hare, Jno. Bishop, Cyrus Clarke, W. Vankirk. The new Board was subsequently organized as follows, viz.: President—Hon. D. Agnew; Treasurer—Hon. B. Adams; Secretary—M. Weyand.

FIRE IN ALLEGHENY.—Last evening, about six o'clock, a fire occurred at the stable owned by Mr. Benjamin Lutton, adjoining Messrs. Alston & Co.'s Board-yard, on Liberty street, in the Fourth Ward, Allegheny. A two-story frame dwelling adjoining the stable was entirely destroyed. The stable, however, was not altogether destroyed. The office of Messrs. Alston & Co., was partially burned. The firemen were promptly on hand, and did efficient service in staying the progress of the flames.

ALARM OF FIRE.—The alarm of fire shortly before eight o'clock last evening, was occasioned by the burning of the soot in a chimney in Singerly's Building, Third street. The alarm was promptly given at Signal Box No. 13, at the Vigilant engine house, and the fire department was promptly on hand. A stream of water was thrown, which had the effect of putting out the fire, with but little damage.

Police Items.

BEFORE BURGESS BARKER.—Mrs. M. A. Williams made an information yesterday before Borgess Wm. H. Barker, of South Pittsburgh, charging a girl named Alice McMullen with assault and battery. Mrs. Williams alleged that Alice attacked her little daughter Hannah, at the School House, in South Pittsburgh, and struck her on the head and otherwise maltreated her. Alice was arrested, but Mrs. Williams not desiring to prosecute, she withdrew the charge, and the defendant was dismissed upon the payment of one-half the costs. Mary Kelly made oath charging her husband, John Kelly, with assault and battery, alleging that he, while drunk, attacked her, striking her with his fist, knocking her down and then dragging by the hair. The affair occurred on Saturday, in that classic locality known as Fort Limerick, where the parties reside. John was arrested, but upon promising to behave better hereafter, the wife withdrew the charge. Mrs. Ammon was charged with breach of the peace, in using slanderous and vulgar expressions towards Mrs. Julia Hoster. The accused was required to enter bail for a hearing. Both parties live on Mount Washington. Mrs. Mary L. Jones made informations against her husband, Jerome Jones, charging him with assault and battery, and wife desertion, and against her step children, Sarah, Catharine and Silas Jones, and a relative named William Frisbee, charging them with surety of the peace and breach of the peace. The parties all reside in McClure township. Mrs. Jones alleges that on the 11th of June last, her husband siezed her, struck her on the neck with his fist, then choked her and dragged her down stairs by the hair of the head. Mrs. Jones also alleges that the other defendants urged their father to whip her, crying to him to kill her, and using other like expressions. Mrs. Jones further alleges that her husband has upon various occasions threatened to kill her, and has, through fear of him, been compelled to leave his house. The defendants were all arrested, and after a hearing required to enter bail, in the sum of $300 each, for trial at the next term of Court. Wm. Richards complained against Oliver Dickson, John Burke and John Connolly, for assault and battery, in knocking him down and otherwise abusing him. The affair occurred near the end of the Monongahela Bridge, in South Pittsburgh. They were arrested, but Richards withdrew the charge upon the defendants paying the costs.

BEFORE ALDERMAN HUMBERT.—James W. Algeo yesterday made two informations before Alderman A. Humbert, of the First Ward, charging J. Ryland, proprietor of a tavern in the Diamond, with assault and battery and surety of the peace. The prosecutor is a cripple, having been maimed while serving in the army, and alleges that Ryland attacked him on Tuesday night, knocking him down and then kicking him, and also that he threatened to kill him (Algeo) the first time he would see him. Warrants were issued for the arrest of Ryland.

BEFORE ALDERMAN STRAIN.—Lawrence Mooney yesterday lodged an informatson before this magistrate, against a young man named Joseph Terry, charging him with larceny. The prosecutor keeps a willow ware establishment on the corner of Fifth street and Market alley. He alleges that defendant has, upon several occasions, converted money to his own use, which was taken in for goods bought belonging to the prosecutor. The accused was arrested and held in $500 bail for a hearing next Wednesday. John Merriman charged John Stone and wife with surety of the peace, alleging that they used violent, abusive and threatening language towards him. They all live in Manchester. The accused will have a hearing to day. C. J. Cronin made an information against Louis A. Kaufman, of the Fifth ward, charging him with selling liquor on Sunday, the 28th of October. He will have a hearing on Tuesday. Henry Grimes was charged with surety of the peace, in threatening to take the life of William Porter. The parties both reside in the Fourth ward, Allegheny. Grimes was held for a hearing to-day. Henry Lindsay made oath charging Charles Work with assault and battery, alleging that the latter attacked him in the Scotch Hill Park, on Second street, and knocked him down. Work was arrested and held to bail for a hearing. John Mooney was charged with committing an assault and battery upon Charles H. McBride, by striking the latter with a brick on the shoulder, as he was passing through the Eighth ward. Mooney was required to enter bail for a hearing.

Editorial Notices.

"We prefer the Wheeler & Wilson for family use."—*Tribune.*

"They are the favorites for families."—*Times.*

"The Wheeler & Wilson has no rival."—*Scientific American.*

"We have used others and find this the best."—*United Presbyterian.*

A SURE PILE CURE.—Dr. Gilbert's Pile instrument positively cures the worst cases of Piles. Sent by mail on receipt of $4. Circulars free. Sold by Druggists. Agent wanted everywhere. Address J. B. Romaine, Manager, No. 575 Broadway, New York.

MARRIED:

BRILL—HOLSTEIN—On November 13th, 1866, by the Rev. G. B. Russell, WM. H. BRILL to Miss LIZZIE S. HOLSTEIN, all of Allegheny.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
BANKERS,

Owing to alterations in progress at their late office, have REMOVED to the Rooms lately occupied by the Fourth National Bank,

NOS. 27 AND 29 PINE STREET.

Interest allowed on Deposits. no15

The Daily Commercial

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1866.

THE WORLD DOES MOVE.

Ten days ago the late Confederate Postmaster, General REAGAN, now a citizen of Texas, pronounced for negro suffrage, and declared that it was a question in which the South had the greatest interest, and one that could not be ignored. About the same time the New Orleans *Picayune*, which of late has been discussing the restoration question with great moderation and fairness, contained the significant admission that the suffrage question was intimately related to the future of the South, and asked for it a respectful hearing. These important indications in the South—and there are others we presume—have been followed by others in the North even more significant. And the first we shall refer to is the attitude taken by the Chicago *Times* in favor of negro suffrage—a position taken, no doubt, as the first step in a movement that will embrace not a few of the oldest and most adroit Democratic leaders. From many quarters we have intimations of an intended change of base among Democrats in regard to this question, and probably it is not too much to say, that no considerable section of the party are even now ready to take the side of negro suffrage—at least the Amendment. Though motives of policy be at the bottom of it, the question of fact remains the same.

Turning from the Democratic side, we find the Springfield, Mass., *Republican*—a paper that was as conservative as it could be and support Republican nominees, and that is still one of the most influential journals in New England, taking open ground for universal suffrage, as the most practicable basis on which to dispose of the question of restoration. And the New York *Times*—which has occupied a position and taken a part well understood throughout the country—does not hesitate to say, that "impartial suffrage" is the probable alternative that will be required of the South in case the Amendment is rejected—a remark of no little significance, made with a clear sense of probabilities, unmistakably indicated by the growth and expression of popular sentiment.

The *Tribune*, as the reader is aware, some time ago proclaimed for universal suffrage as the best solution of all our troubles; and it is equally notorious that within the Republican party there is a class—not inconsiderable in numbers or influence—who take a similar view of the question.

These are some of the more prominent indications, and we might enumerate others—going to show what is the tendency with men and parties on the suffrage question—the natural growth of one of the ideas born of the rebellion. It is true there is some difference whether or not suffrage shall be qualified with a test of fitness—the substitution of impartial suffrage everywhere and for all men, for the present partial system. Men with different views, however, travel to a common point—the abolition of the test of color. The world does move!

GLADNESS AND MADNESS.

It would be hard, to grudge the sullen and broken politicians of Richmond, the little consolation and joy that they extract from the Maryland election. The news threw the *Enquirer* into an ecstacy, which it would be rather pleasant to behold, were not the puerile delight exhibited by it so deeply tinctured with malignant and revengeful temper. The *Enquirer* is jubilant, even to ridiculous extravagance, over the result, not because of any principle maintained, not because of any good to its political interests or aspirations achieved, not through any personal attachment to the successful candidates, but simply and solely because an opportunity, as it supposes, will be afforded of taking vengeance upon somebody. Here is the gentle anticipation indulged on the occasion:

> The day of *retribution* has now come! The lawlessness of these men will now be punished. Already it is said that the Democrats will have the requisite majority in the Legislature to take off the official head of Judge Bond for his late outrage in imprisoning the Police Commissioners and Sheriff of Baltimore, and that it will be among their first acts to do so. We think we already see his head in the trash basket. His coadjutors and fellow-conspirators may expect to be prosecuted for their crimes, and may calculate on receiving their rightful share of the condign. They will all probably know something for themselves of those charms of prison life before they are materially older.

This silly exposure of passions, that most persons would be inclined to hide, or, at least, to veil, may be taken fairly, we presume, as a sample of the spirit and temper that would have burst forth had the election in other States issued like that of unfortunate Maryland. It is easy to see that such a spirit, were it backed by power, would not be readily satisfied with mere official decapitations. Lacking that power, the language of the guillotine is borrowed to aid the imagination, and to enhance the joy of revengeful impotence. "We think we already see his head in the trash basket!" How delightful the thought! How exquisite the imagery! If the new officials in Maryland shall take their inspiration from the Richmond *Enquirer*, or draw it from the same source, we shall have an opportunity, ere long, of witnessing on a small scale the kind of rule that rebels will exercise over loyal men, and discover what sort of metal the rebel scepter is made of; and we shall also have abundant materials for a judgment of the style of government which might have been inaugurated in the United States but for the integrity and firmness of Congress.

The vengeful auguries of the *Enquirer*, spoken out of the abundance of heart, afford credibility to the declarations of Southern Unionists as to their treatment by the rebels around them. From some of these declarations we have been inclined to withhold full credence, presuming that malice and revenge must have been put in abeyance by better feelings. But the spontaneous and gushing flow of bitterness, in the case before us, proves that we have been too gentle in our estimate of human nature. We do not see such humiliating displays with pleasure, nor is it agreeable employment to speak of them. But we cannot forbear to put to the *Enquirer*, seriously, the question which it lately propounded on a similar occasion, what benefit to any one does it anticipate from the style of speech which it so often indulges?

A FEUD IN THE FAMILY.

There is trouble brewing in the Southern States regarding the settlement of a domestic question. Feeling runs high, and the formation of two antagonistic parties—who may make the question in dispute one of political importance—seems to be inevitable. As usual, the unfortunate African is at the bottom of the matter. Before, and especially during the war, a large number of debts were contracted on account of the transfer of slave property, mortgages upon these human chattels being taken for balances due. These debts, the persons owing the money consider themselves justified in repudiating. There are some knotty points of law suggested by the peculiarity of the situation, and, as a matter of course, the leading lawyers disagree, or there would be an end to their business. In South Carolina, for instance, some contend that, under the personal property law, until a mortgage has been satisfied, the legal title to the property mortgaged is vested in the mortgagee; and, consequently that the destruction of the property is the mortgagee's loss. On the other hand, it is urged that the purchaser and mortgagor of slaves should sustain alone the loss resulting from emancipation, because emancipation was a measure in which the former owner and mortgagee of the slaves had no agency. To this the replication will be, that the former owner, as one of the people of South Carolina, who, through their delegates in convention assembled, ratified the Constitutional Amendment abolishing slavery, participated in the act of emancipation, and ought not, therefore, to claim payment for property which, after it had passed into the hands of another, he had assisted to destroy. The bar and the bench will evidently have enough to occupy their undivided attention for some time to come. Before they get through, we imagine they will come to regard slavery as not quite such a blessing as they once persuaded themselves it was. Verily, our sins do come back to torment us in the most ruthless kind of way.

CONDEMNING COUNTERFEITING.—The President seems to be imbued with a peculiar tenderness toward that interesting class of criminals, who make a precarious living by pushing into circulation imitations of the currency of the country. Not a week passes but we learn through our Washington correspondence, of these unaccountable manifestations of Executive clemency. What can possibly be the bond of sympathy existing between our accidental Chief Magistrate and those enterprising "shovers of the queer?" Is there any "counterfeit resemblance" between the means they use to acquire notoriety? Undoubtedly the likeness to WASHINGTON, which we find on spurious scrip, and the resemblance which ANDREW JOHNSON bears toward him, are almost equally the poorest kind of caricature.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES.

The season of the year is drawing on, when legislative bodies are to convene and the usual process of law-making is to begin in the nation and in the several States. Legislatures are commonly greeted, soon after their organization, with executive communications. In Colonial times and still later, both in the national and State legislatures, these were made by the Executive in person, who delivered his address orally in the presence of the legislature. This custom, derived from regal usage, has been generally abandoned, although it has some advantages to recommend it, and the executive communications are now universally presented in writing, under the form and name of messages.

The design of these messages is not merely—although this is no inconsiderable part of their design—to recognize the legislature as a co-ordinate department of the government, but also, and mainly, to convey information to the body, of the condition of the country. The executive functions are continuous, while those of the legislature are usually suspended for a portion of the year. On assembling, the legislature is often composed partly of new men and always of men who have for a time been out of the exercise of their official functions. Information, therefore, as to the condition of public affairs, is a prime requisite, in order to their intelligent performance of their duties, in relation to public interests. The message is further designed to suggest topics and interests requiring, in the opinion of the executive, the consideration of the legislative department. It falls also within the purpose of the document, to recommend, if the executive see fit, any measures of legislation that he may judge expedient or necessary for the public good. It may be doubted, whether it is the place or occasion for extended argument in relation to such measures. Certainly it is not, if any place or occasion is, for proposing measures or conditions that will interfere with or prevent the free deliberation and action of the legislative body.

The President's message to the National Congress will be the first, in the order of time, in which we have any special and important interests involved. It is anticipated with more than the usual measure of public curiosity. The relations of the two co-ordinate departments were, before the vacation of Congress, peculiar and embarrassing. Events that have occurred during the vacation, have rendered them much more embarrassing. Of these events, those which are of a public and political nature are easy of interpretation, and equally easy of application, in the future relations and actions of the two departments. Those which are of a personal nature, although less important, may perhaps be more embarrassing, and, if admitted to any controlling influence on the parties, not less damaging to the public interests, than serious differences as to principles, measures and policies.

It is for the public good and, we believe, it is the demand by the public mind, that these personal asperities should not be renewed in the intercourse of the two branches of the Government. The matter that occasioned them have been taken into the deliberations of the sovereign people and have been decided at that highest tribunal. Their public servants, therefore, have no further responsibility in relation to them, save what is ministrative and functional. In meeting this responsibility, there is no place nor propriety for personalities of opinion, much less of passion. This is so obviously true and becoming, that we cannot but anticipate a message from the President, on the re-assembling of Congress, from which all traces of personal temper, and all semblance of individual assumption, such as were unhappily presented in some of his extra-official addresses, will be entirely excluded. A message from President JOHNSON, embracing the broad yet safe ground covered by the recent popular decisions, conveying to the legislature of the nation the information, suggestions and recommendations usual in such communications, and *nothing more*, would be hailed by the loyal people, of every party, with satisfaction, and not less by the loyal Congress. It would attest his avowed respect for the judgment of the people; it would conciliate opinions; it would restore his fame and, above all, would aid and facilitate the restoration of the Union to its proper condition.

PRICE OF FLOUR.

The extraordinary decline of from twenty to twenty-five cents a bushel in the price of wheat and corn, within five days, is worthy of notice. It would be an occasion of universal joy and congratulation, if it gave any assurance to the eaters of bread, that the price of that article was going to be reduced to something like reasonable and honest rates.

But we fear that any expectation of this sort is doomed to disappointment, as long as prices are arbitrarily controled by a few rapacious speculators in breadstuffs, who are seeking to acquire overgrown fortunes, at the expense of the people at large, even to the distress and pinching hunger of the poorest of them. The fall in price is not owing to any increase in the amount of grain actually in existence. It probably results from some of the wheat dealers having bought more, to keep it out of the market and raise the price, than they could pay for, supplies are getting into the market ahead of them and giving the advantage to buyers.

This process, it may be supposed, will keep the price from rising again. Not at all. It is the accident of the hour. It is but a turn, a transient one, we fear, of the game between speculators, equally rapacious and equally oblivious of the moralities, not only, but of the honor of trade. The monstrous combination may have an occasional contest within their own "ring," but it is, nevertheless, so far as the consumers are concerned, a monstrous monopoly in breadstuffs. As such, it is too sure a way of amassing wealth to be given up. An individual, now and then, by grasping too much, may lose all, but the race that constitutes the "ring" continues. The rest may, as wolves are said to do, fall on any lame and feeble one of the pack, and devour him, but the sheep are no safer by the operation.

The system by which markets are supplied with the means of subsistence, is the worst possible, both for the producer and the consumer. Both lie at the mercy and caprice of a set, or, we should say, of a series of sets of middle men, who screw down prices when they are purchasing of the producer, and screw them up when they are selling to the consumer. The man, woman and child who eat bread and meat, pay for it a price made of the accumulated profits of all this series of volunteer dealers.

HARD PILLS TO SWALLOW.

The newspapers of the South find it hard to gulp down, one after the other, the Union Republican majorities that were rolled up through all the Northern States at the late election. The Richmond *Times* declares "the Conservatives are broken, defeated and dispirited, and no help is to be expected of them."

It finds a minute consolation, however, in the staunch adherence of little Delaware; unless, indeed, its remarks are intended—as ARTEMUS WARD would say—to be ironic. It is, for instance, "gratified to learn that there are reported Democratic gains in Delaware, not sufficient, however, we fear, to overcome the radical majority in the next Congress." "Still," it continues, "if there are Democratic gains in Delaware, there is still hope for the nation, and let us thank God and be grateful for small favors."

Less philosophical than its Richmond contemporary, the Lynchburg *Republican* cannot get over the news from New Jersey. That the Camden and Amboy State, says the *Republican*, "should have given an increased Radical majority is unaccountable. It has, heretofore, been one of the most Conservative of the Northern States, and the infamous conduct of the Radical party in the expulsion of Senator STOCKTON from his seat should have prompted a determined effort in New Jersey to wipe out the disgrace that had been inflicted on the State."

But it didn't. It would rather seem that the people not only approved of Senator STOCKTON being put out, but that they were also resolved to keep him out.

UNAPPRECIATED COMPENSATION.—Prussia is working hard to reconcile the good people of Frankfort to the transformation of their free city into a commercial center of the reconstructed kingdom. As some compensation for the change, the mint has been re-opened and the coinage of money resumed, though the new pieces have the unpopular head of WILHELM I. upon them. It is also promised that the six millions of thalers, that General FALKENSTEIN levied on them, shall be expended in public improvements; while, instead of the Diet, they are to have a splendid University. Somehow or other the Frankfort folk do not seem to take these sops with the hilarious gratitude that might have been expected. On the contrary, they are said to be sulky and discontented.

INDIA-RUBBER DEMOCRACY.

The numerous forms and faces assumed by the Democratic party, since it fell into disgrace with the people, might be classically illustrated by calling them Protean. But we have an illustration at hand, more homely but not less exact. There is a funny toy made of India-rubber, highly elastic, and representing a face, in its best state not very handsome. By pulling or pinching it, in different ways, the face assumes a great variety of expressions. It smiles, it scowls, it squints, it looks silly, it looks solemn, it looks scared—in a word, it presents, according to the direction and energy of the pinches it gets, an endless variety of strange and comical grimaces.

It is a fit emblem to represent the Democratic party, at least, for the past six years, during which its face has been turned towards public affairs, without, however, being able to do much but look. At poor Mr. LINCOLN's gentle pressure, it invariably put on a scowl, except when he died, and then the look was one of pensive resignation. It wore an aspect of almost saintly indignation toward Mr. JOHNSON, when he appeared on the stage on the 4th of March; but a month later, the New York *World* took it in hand, pressed it gently together from the chin and forehead, jerked up the corners of the mouth, and puckered it about the eyes, giving it a most bewitching smile of mingled admiration and hope towards the same distinguished person. The pressure being recently withdrawn, the smile is gradually dissolving, and the old frown of indignation, without its saintly element, is resuming its place.

The tremendous pinch that the party has had lately, has developed some new and most extraordinary contortions—such, we are sure, as were never dreamed of in the most pliable and elastic system of Democratic physiognomy. Everybody is familiar with the look of that face under the pressure of the *negro* question, and how every feature and expression grew into exaggeration under the additional squeeze of negro *suffrage*. The knit brow, the averted eye, the angry scowl, the upward turn of the nose-tip, on the mention of negro suffrage, were photographed and exhibited in all the party papers. But behold, what a change, under the vigorous pinch of loyal fingers! Its look, it is true, is not entirely adjusted; the muscles are in the transition movement, and the eyes are yet somewhat asquint, but the Chicago *Times* has commenced to mold the plastic material into an expression of specifically the same character toward negro suffrage, that the New York *World* gave it toward Mr. JOHNSON—first a winning smile, then a broad grin, then—whatever the next squeeze shall determine.

OUR NATIONAL MISSION.

The war and its results have unquestionably proved that the sentiment of American nationality mainly exists in and its practical development will be almost entirely accomplished by the people of the loyal States of the North. This is a mission which it will task all their energies, for many years to come, to fulfil. They have to extend their influence over the whole South; and, in doing it, not only will be compelled to replant the very seeds of homogenity and patriotic feeling, but must first plough deep below the surface of the soil, rooting out a thick and tangled undergrowth of prejudice and draining off the sources of many pestilent political vapors.

We believe that, to do this thoroughly, they should be free from the distraction of every kind of outside issue. Mind and heart should be concentrated on this single object; which they never can be, while one eye is turned Canada-ward and the other wanders in the direction of Mexico. The Americanization of our self-satisfied and obstinate provincial cousins, and the reorganization of the turbulent republic on the other side of the Rio Grande, would, either of them, be the labor of a century; and while our attention was being devoted to one or the other object, the process of division and disintegration would, more than likely, be insidiously undermining our own stability.

It is usually as disastrous to a nation, as to an individual, to have too many irons in the fire. Fingers get burnt with some, while others melt away at the very moment we fancy we can safely grasp them. Let us learn to value, as we should, what we have and are and may become, instead of cultivating covetous thoughts concerning barren acquisitions, that would be sure to turn to incumbrances and stumbling blocks in the way of our future progress and prosperity. The welfare of our country, for generations yet to come, demands a settled policy of consolidation, not expansion. Let us fill our own pitcher before we try to overflow into our neighbors' vessels.

NEW JERSEY U. S. SENATOR.

New Jersey has two Republican United States Senators, Governor WARD having appointed F. T. FRELINGHUYSEN to the vacancy occasioned by the death of WILLIAM WRIGHT. Mr. F. is a man of excellent ability, and has for six years filled the office of Attorney General of the State. Within one year New Jersey has been redeemed in every department and that, too, in the face of the worst home Democracy to be found anywhere, and the efforts of Johnsonism to keep her in the Copper head nest.

NOT GOOD POLICY.—An effort is being made in England by a Captain BEDFORD PYM, to obtain aid from the Government there toward a plan for opening up a route to the Pacific through Nicaragua. "Lieutenant" MAURY is on PYM's committee. We would suggest to speculative operators on the other side of the Atlantic, that a sure way to invoke the hostility of the United States to any of their schemes, is to put forward, as prominent among their managers, unregenerate ex-rebels of the MAURY stripe. It is not a wise policy.

Meteoric Shower in Chicago.

Chicago is bound to be ahead. On Monday they had a meteoric shower there; there was none—so far as heard from—anywhere else. Professor Safford, of the Chicago University, was assisted in noting the phenomenon by some sixty students, who were divided into two reliefs, each relief doing duty two hours. The meteors appeared to come mostly from the constellation Leo, and to move in a nearly horizontal direction, though many fell obliquely and perpendicularly, and the direction varied as the constellation changed its position.

Parties in Congress.

The New York *Herald* dispatch says: There are parties in this city, who are neither radicals nor conservatives, who are closely watching the course of events preceding the meeting of Congress. These gentlemen say that when Congress meets and the radicals view the situation they will not, as a body, support the movement of an attempt to impeach the President; that there will be three parties in Congress on this question—the out and out radicals, the radically democratic, and the moderates—and that the latter party will be able to manage the other two. These gentlemen are of opinion that there will be no necessity for impeachment. What they mean by this may be more than the mere words express.

THE NORTHWESTERN STATES.—The following, showing the Republican majorities in 1866 and in 1864, will illustrate the greatness of our victory. The Northwest means to dispute with New England the leadership of the Republican party.

	1866.	1864.		1866.	1864.
Illinois	60,000	30,736	Wisconsin	25,000	17,540
Iowa	40,000	39,479	Minnesota	10,000	7,685
Michigan	28,000	17,063	Kansas	20,000	12,750
				183,000	125,253

Altogether in the above six States we have gained nearly 60,000 over 1864.

THE Chicago *Journal*, understands that Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, on the assembling of Congress, will move for the appointment of a committee of investigation to inquire into the official conduct of the President, and recommend such action as the facts in the case should, in the judgment of the committee, warrant. The *Journal* adds: "This is probably a correct report, and we predict for Mr. Stevens better success in this respect than in his reconstruction policy."

THE *Scotsman* says that a gentleman residing in the neighborhood of the river Esk has, after repeated observation and experiment, discovered that the solid refuse of shale used in the manufacture of paraffine oil is a most perfect purifier of the filthiest water. Two bottles, one of them filled with the sewerage and the other with Crawley water, as used by the inhabitants of Edinburgh, were submitted to an eminent medical practitioner, who, upon being requested to select the one preferable for drinking purposes, unhesitatingly chose that which had been purified by the shale refuse. This substance is at present thrown aside by the manufacturers of paraffine oil as valueless.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

All the Johnson political clubs in Washington have come to grief. The Sheriff has levied upon the furniture of the Young Men's National Union Club, the Conservative Army and Navy remains, the Johnson Department Club, and the National Union Executive Committee, for arrears of rent. It is understood that the claims will be held in abeyance until Hons. Thomas N. Stillwell, A. J. Kuykendall, Green Clay Smith and Wm. H. Burleigh can be heard from.

A matter of great importance to owners of steamboats and other vessels has just been decided by the Secretary of the Navy. It was generally understood that the tariff act of March, 1865, exempted from taxation the gross passenger traffic receipts of all vessels which have paid tunnage dues, even though the terms of the revenue act of July, 1866, seemed to impose such a tax, but a recent circular from the Treasury Department distinctly says that the payment of tunnage dues does not exempt these receipts from the two and a-half per cent. taxation.

It is seldom that such professions ever assimilate, but here is an instance. The Nashville *Banner* says: Rev. Ransom Harris, pastor of the Second Christian Church (colored) of this city, and for nearly thirty years pressman of the *Banner* office, died yesterday evening, at seven o'clock, of pneumonia, after an illness of five weeks. The deceased was, perhaps, the most useful and influential of his race in this section, and was much respected by all the white population with whom he came in contact, and his piety was sincere, and his extent of information, both theological and general, altogether unusual for one in his sphere of life.

The Solano (California) *Press* gives an account of the principal vineyards in that county. One planter has about fifteen thousand vines, part of which were set out in 1860, the rest in 1861. In this vineyard there are some foreign varieties of which the Muscat flourishes best, but the California grape predominates. Mr. Schultz will make this year about two thousand gallons of wine. Another firm of Germans have a vineyard of about sixty acres on the sunny slope of the Suscol Mountain. They have sixty thousand vines, the California predominating, but foreign varieties doing well, with the exception of the Tokay. This vineyard was planted in 1854, and will produce this year over fifteen thousand gallons of wine.

The site of the flourishing city of Leeds, England, is claimed by the descendants of Joseph Willson, of Yorkshire, about one hundred of whom, from various parts of the United States, met recently at New York and formed an association for prosecuting their claim. It is to be known as the Ingraham Association. The estimated value of the land in dispute is $100,000,000. The family expect aid from the Leeds capitalists, who are anxious to find somebody that can give them titles to the land upon which they have built. Mr. W. J. P. Ingraham, of Philadelphia, is President of the Association.

The English War Secretary announces that he is prepared to receive proposals for breech loading rifles, to replace the present rifles in the British service; and for the best cartridge, prizes of $3,000, $2,500 and $2,000 in gold are to be given. There is to be a competition, and the successful rifle is to bear the inventor's name. Each competitor is to be allowed $1,500 in gold for expenses. This affords another opportunity for American inventors to show foreign nations their skill.

PERSONAL.

—The New York correspondent of the Boston *Journal* says: "Commodore Vanderbilt, the other day, gave the reason why he presented the Vanderbilt to the United States Government. He has been all his life a stout opponent of black mailing; he has steadfastly resisted all drafts made on him. Harlem and the Central would have been consolidated, if he had not honored the call for $50,000. He found he could not sell the Vanderbilt to the Government without feeing a set of vagabonds that were hanging around the city. He therefore presented the ship outright rather than be black mailed. His idea of business is rather peculiar. His office is in the rear of his house, adjoining his stables. He comes in about nine o'clock. A digest of letters and papers is laid before him on a prepared sheet. Running his eye over the list, he dots down yes and no, or gives some brief direction to each. This rarely consumes more than twenty minutes. He then goes out with some confidential friend to attend to what he calls business, which consists of going out to his stables and minutely examining his horses. After this he holds a levee in his office, and rides up to the Harlem and Hudson railroad. The Commodore is not only getting old, but he feels it. He has divided and settled up his great estate ready for his departure. He will take no new business, refusing everything, saving money is no object. He holds the Presidency of the Hudson and Harlem roads only to benefit William, his son, of whom he is very proud. This son of the Commodore promises to become one of the first railroad men of the country."

—The London correspondent of the Chicago *Journal* refers to the article that appeared in the Swiss paper, and remarks that it is a significant fact a translation has never appeared in an English paper. We quote: "I have been informed, however, that it embodied not only serious but disgusting charges against the Queen, whom it even accused of an improper connection with her latest son-in-law, Prince Christian, attributing to this fact her determination, in spite of the opposition of her own family and of the public generally, to keep him in England, even at the sacrifice of her own daughter's honor and happiness. Of course no one for a moment believes in the double crime thus imputed to the Queen, but I think there is at this day scarcely a man in England who does not believe her capable of almost anything short of that. I hope that the British Minister at Washington will not ask for a suppression of the *Journal* for publishing what I have now written."

—Mr. Edwin Forrest has returned from California and is in New York.

—A well known journalist, who was formerly a Washington correspondent, says that while there during the war, he one day asked Secretary Seward his opinion of Horace Greeley. "Horace Greeley," said Seward, "is a great man—a man so full of genius and of such power that if he had a particle of common sense we should have to hang him. But he is a d—d fool, and therefore harmless." After coming to New York, the journalist, dining with the editor of the *Tribune*, inquired his opinion of Seward. "Seward has brains enough," was the reply, "to govern this country. No man has a clearer or better head; but the trouble with Seward is that he is an infernal scoundrel."

—Mr. Napier, cousin of Lord Napier, has bought a large plantation, known as the Smith farm, near Newport, in Cooke county, East Tennessee, for $25,000 cash in gold. He intends prosecuting agriculture on an extensive scale, and has sent to England for fine blooded stock, and will promote immigration all in his power.

—Count Bacchicochi, the late cousin of the French Emperor, and his confidential chamberlain, was born in the gilded cradle and trod life on a carpet of roses. As he was dying, he breathed the word "Norine!" repeatedly. "Do you want anything?" asked one of the persons present. "Don't question me," replied the dying man. Norine was a little shop girl of Leghorn, his first love; she is now an old wrinkled shopkeeper of that city, and has quite a large family. The dying man, though he had lived in palaces amid the rank and beauty of Europe, was familiar with the prettiest women behind the footlights, thought of none of the pageantry and pomp of his career. They were vanity of vanities. All his last thoughts belonged to the humble maiden whose eye had returned his glance, and whose lip had first breathed love into his ear.

—The Prince of Wales has taken his mother-in-law, the Queen of Denmark, to his country-seat at Sandringham. She and Queen Victoria have not yet met, although she has been long in the country, and there is evidently another big screw loose somewhere. The Prince is plucky, and sticks close to his wife and her family. He avoids Balmoral and Windsor Castle, and, just as the Queen is returning to the latter, he starts for Russia to be present at the marriage of his sister-in-law, the Princess Dagmar.

—George Wilkins Kendall, writing from Paris to the New Orleans *Picayune*, says that numerous American agents are on that side of the water, picking up the best theatrical and equestrian talent for the United States that money can procure.

Ohio Blue Laws.

That part of the State of Ohio known as the Western Reserve, was chiefly settled by emigrants from the New England States. These starched and sturdy descendants of unmixed Puritan stock, took with them to their new homes the religion, customs, prejudices and politics, in which they and their fathers before them had been educated; not forgetting the Blue Laws and the penalties that rigid code provided. The Ashtabula *Sentinel* has been lately making researches into the records of the county where it is published, and has brought to light some singular and entertaining specimens of the local jurisprudence of the only party of the country. One entry reads as follows:

"State of Ohio *versus* Calvin Knowlton.

"May 18, 1812.—Upon inquiry, it appears that Calvin Knowlton is guilty of riding from the township of Morgan to the township of Lebanon on the Sabbath day evening, previous to sunset, to see his sweetheart. Therefore, it is my opinion that the said Knowlton pay to me the sum of one dollar for breaking the laws of morality.
T. R. HAWLEY, J. P.
"Truth. JONA WARNER, Deputy Recorder."

The frightful depravity of young Knowlton was pardonable, however, compared to the sinful proceedings of one Jonathan Warner. This reprobate evidently indorsed our Saviour's defense of his disciples, who plucked ears of corn upon the Sabbath, and this is the way in which he was made to suffer for putting his convictions into practice:

"State of Ohio, Ashtabula County, ss.

"July 12, 1812.—By virtue of a warrant, Jonathan Warner appeared before me, and, after witnesses being heard, it is my opinion that the said Warner pay the sum of seventy-five cents and costs for raking eight cocks of hay on the Sabbath of the 11th day of July, 1812, notwithstanding the said Warner's hay might have been injured by a heavy thunder shower.
"EZRA DIBBLE, J. P."

Things have slightly changed since the Hawley and Dibble's era. We had a passing acquaintance with a number of boys, from the neighborhood of the Reserve, who carried a large number of blue jackets, but not much respect for cerulean legislation, through Georgia and other Southern States, not quite two years ago.

AT Mulhausen an exhibition of animal taming on a small scale was being gone through, recently. The tamer tried his hand on a wolf and a hyena, which obeyed with wonderful docility; but a panther contested the matters with him, and, after a short struggle, flung the man down and bit at his neck, rendering him insensible. At this part of the proceedings it seemed only a question of eating the man, when the directress dashed a bucket of water on the panther, at which he retired disgusted.

COLORADO.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

In my former articles I have endeavored to convey an idea of the immense wealth of Colorado in the precious metal, and their availability and greater value, on account of their accessibility. I now desire to call attention to her agricultural capacity. The history of gold and silver mining in Colorado is a *shining* illustration of the old adage that "Mountains are the mothers of minerals." In setting forth the agricultural capacity a few words as to the climate will be of assistance in correctly appreciating the subject, for to render a mining region desirable or profitable, however rich it may be in gold or silver, it must possess the necessaries of life in addition. Of the area of Colorado two-thirds is of mountainous formation and one-third plains, the latter comprising the entire Eastern front, some three hundred miles in extent, North and South. The plains are similar in appearance to the prairies of the Western States, but differ in essential characteristics. The soil of the plains is of calcareous formation, and of wonderful fertility. Their vegetation is peculiar, being as indifferent to heat and moisture, as the fabled Salamander. Destitute of timber, save on the immediate borders of the streams, but covered with a species of grass remarkably nutritious, which cures itself into hay standing, and upon which millions of Buffalo, Elk and Antelope have subsisted all the year round for ages, as fishes do in the sea.

To the first settlers, the parched and arid appearance of the country suggested grave doubts as to its fitness for agricultural purposes. A more intimate acquaintance, however, soon dispelled all such misgivings, and demonstrated it to be a veritable farmer's paradise. Its agriculture is of two distinct kinds, pastoral and arable, and in both is as unexcelled, as are its mines of the precious metals. With the cardinal seasons of spring, summer, autumn and winter, are to be added two others, the wet and dry. To the wet season, however, must not be attached that idea of a wet season, such for instance as is experienced in California. Far from it. It is a season of showers, more properly, covering a few spring months, and is confined in its more serious features to the mountains, the plains rarely receiving its benefits. To the early settlers of Colorado, it became manifest that in order to establish the value and permanency of the mining interests, agriculture must lend its all powerful aid, as the expense of transporting supplies of food, &c., a distance of over six hundred miles added so much to their cost and subtracted so many of the laboring classes as to be a serious if not an unsurmountable obstacle to the profitable working of the mines. In the results of their experimental efforts we have a conspicuous example of what free and intelligent labor is capable of accomplishing, and of its ability to adjust and adopt means to ends, and literally hew out, if necessary, a path of success. It was easily comprehended that for once at least the promise of "seed time and harvest" might not follow the simple act of committing the seed to the ground, as in other more favored localities, where the "early and the later rain" were not withheld. The healthful and germinating influence of moisture so entirely wanting had to be invoked. Accordingly a system of irrigation was adopted, the configuration of the country being remarkably well suited to it. The sides of the mountain being rent every few miles with canons or ravines which poured forth far out into the plains streams of never failing water, had only to be stopped by the farmer and a portion of their contents carried along the borders of the bottoms and across his parched and thirsty fields by ditches and other artificial channels. On all of the bottoms of the numberless streams flowing from the mountain the alluvial deposits were proven to be of wonderful fertility when thus the life giving principle of water was added; so also were the higher or table lands. The results of the experiments were of the most flattering nature. It was soon made evident that every form of vegetation could be produced and sustained, the succulent plants, potatoes, cabbages, onions, squashes, &c., &c., and the cereals. Single cabbage heads attained the almost incredible weight of sixty pounds. A correspondent of the *Missouri Republican* of St. Louis, writing from Denver, this season, says: "But what shall I say of the agricultural products of this region, all astonishing as they are? The results prove that in addition to its unsurpassed mineral resources, Colorado can distance the richest of her Western sisters in the products of the field. The crops of grain have exceeded all expectations, and this year more than enough has been gathered from the teeming fields to supply the wants of the people. The yield of vegetables has been no less remarkable, and if I should give the weight of the cabbages, potatoes, turnips, tomatoes, beets, parsnips and carrots on exhibition at the fair, I doubt if my statements would be credited. Suffice to say Colorado challenges the world to compete with her in all the products of the garden."

In Pennsylvania the average of the wheat crop does not exceed a yield of fifteen bushels per acre. In Colorado it exceeds thirty bushels per acre. Arable agriculture is a success, with a basis as enduring, as the giant hills that look down upon, and takes rank highest among the attractions of Colorado.

Her pastoral agriculture is destined to be, as it is in fact now, of great importance. Literally "the cattle upon a thousand hills" is verified to her; and to some of her sturdy sons, "a thousand cattle upon the hills," has a realization, so great are the facilities for stock-growing. The grass that has sustained the countless herds of wild animals that have made it their home, performs a like generous office to the domestic animals that minister to man's wants, relieving him in a great measure from any care of them, which in other less hospitable and less favored climates, involves so great an expenditure of his time and resources.

Behold then the economy of arrangement of this truly wonderful region, and no where else to be witnessed. A mountain flank, in width forty miles, in length three hundred. Its surface covered with an ample growth of timber, waiting to be fashioned to the uses and wants of man. In its bosom, treasures of precious metals, exceeding all that history has pictured, of oriental empire comparitively untouched, and not ransacked for thousands of years, as have been the [illegible] mountains of Europe and Asia. [illegible] peaks and summits far beyond the [illegible] which the earth "ceases to yield its increase" to the region of "perpetual and eternal snows," the embryo elements of future power, they serve as its repositories. The weird region where the storm elements hold high carnival two thirds of the year, and where no living thing dares approach, affords a remarkable exemplification of the "eternal fitness of things;" for in vain these forests of timber, in vain those inexhaustible treasures of gold and silver, but for this wild waste of snow. It is the fountain source of those waters, which, descending by a thousand channels, are arrested by the wizard power of man, and made to do his bidding. Here they serve to wash out the alluvial deposits that contain the particles of gold that have escaped from their prison, in the rocks. There they are made to drive the machinery that fashions the trees to his uses. Yonder their accumulated power is felt by that ponderous and complex arrangement which at once hoists from the bowels of the earth the ores, and carries on the process of its manipulation until the final result, and this not in one instance alone, but to be repeated a hundred times, when perhaps it is released to finish its descent and *debouching* into the plains is suffered to go in peace. Far from it. It is again arrested, and made to serve another department of human industry already described.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

PENNSYLVANIA SS.

In the name and by the Authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of said Commonwealth.

{ L. S. } A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, It hath been the good and worthy custom of the Commonwealth to set apart, annually, a day for the special acknowledgment of the goodness of the ALMIGHTY, and for expressing, by the whole people, at one time, and with a common voice, the THANKS and PRAISE which throughout the year are springing from the hearts of men; therefore,

I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do, by this my Proclamation, recommend that the good people of the Commonwealth observe

Thursday, the 29th day of November next,

as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer, and do then assemble in their respective Churches and places of worship, and make their humble thank-offering to ALMIGHTY GOD for all His blessings during the past year.

For the abundant gathered fruits of the earth;

For the thus far continued activity of Industry;

For the general preservation of Health;

And especially for that in HIS DIVINE MERCY, He hath stayed the threatened Pestilence.

And, moreover, that they do beseech Him to continue unto us all His Blessings, and to confirm the hearts of the people of these United States, that by the lawful force of their will, Deeds of good JUSTICE, WISDOM and MERCY may be done.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this twenty ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-first.

BY THE GOVERNOR:

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth. td

RHEUMATISM CONQUERED IN TWO DAYS.

READ THE FOLLOWING LOCAL TESTIMONY:

PITTSBURGH, November 10, 1866.

Messrs. McClarran & McKennan: Gentlemen—About ten days ago my wife was suffering from a severe attack of Inflammatory Rheumatism, which rendered her perfectly helpless, and could not be moved in bed without the greatest pain. I procured from you a bottle of Johnson's Rheumatic Compound; after taking it for one day, she could set up in bed, in three days she could go out, and at present I rejoice to say is enjoying the most perfect health, which my wife and I are satisfied is entirely owing to the use of that valuable Compound. Yours truly,

W. M. WARD,
Stage Manager of the Opera House.

Johnson's Rheumatic Compound, sold by McCLARRAN & McKENNAN, Druggists, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street. no13

IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

A CURE AT LAST!

METCALFE'S

Great Rheumatic Remedy,

FOR

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Nervous Headaches, and Pains in the Head or Face.

This preparation is entirely new, having been in use only a few months; yet, in no single instance has it been known to fail. The first dose, "forty drops," invariably relieves the pain, and, thrice repeated, often effects a cure.

It not only relieves the most excruciating agony; but, when the patient has been confined to bed for months, a few doses will frequently carry off the attack in two or three days; and in many cases of extreme torture, relief has been obtained in a few hours. In all other cases the sufferer has been restored to health in a short space of time.

The great charm of METCALFE'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY is the small quantity necessary to cure the most violent attacks of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Nervous Headaches, and all similar complaints. In this respect it is very different to the other numerous remedies which are constantly being brought before the public; the great benefit of which lies in the poor sufferer's swallowing three or four quarts of some nauseous liquid, before the slightest relief is promised. Remember that a few drops of this wonderful medicine acts like magic, and instantly alleviates the most unbearable pain. Tell your afflicted friends to try it and be convinced. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE. Sole Agent for Pittsburgh,

JOS. FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,
oc29-M-TU&W NO. 84 MARKET STREET.

J. H. BEGGS & CO.'S

New House-Furnishing Establishment,

Hardware, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Brittania Ware, Japan, Tin, Wooden, Willow and Ratan Ware, Brushes, Lamps, Cooking Utensils, Queensware, NO. 124 FEDERAL STREET, Between Diamond and Water sts., ec20-Th&S-YM Allegheny city.

SHOT, SHOT, SHOT.—JUST RECEIVED, direct from New York, 500 Bags Assorted Numbers, from 1 to 10. For sale at the lowest market rates, by

JAMES BOWN,
no3-TH&S 136 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE Directors of the Ralston Oil Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable forthwith at the office of the Company, 253 Liberty street.

WM. H. KIRKPATRICK, Treas.
PITTSBURGH, November 14, 1866. no15-8

$50,000 TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES,

In sums of from $500 to $5,000 and upwards, for One, Two, Three, Four and Five Years. First class business paper wanted. Apply to

JACOB GLOSSER,
no15 8 Stock and Real Estate Broker.

MAGNOLIA DINING SALOON.

The choicest ALES, WINES and CIGARS in the city. Meals served to order at all hours. Oysters, Game and every delicacy in their season.

JOHN HERMEAN, Proprietor.

Corner of Penn and Canal street, opposite Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago RR. Depot. no15 R

COUNTRY RESIDENCE,

FIVE MILES FROM THE CITY.

For Sale at a Bargain,

LARGE MODERN DWELLING, ten Rooms and finished Basement Barn attached. Two Acres of Land with FRUIT AND SHRUBBERY. Situation commanding and beautiful. Neighborhood every way desirable. This property will be sold

VERY LOW FOR CASH.

Apply by letter addressed

W. A. S.,
no15-12t COMMERCIAL OFFICE, Pittsburgh.

OIL WELL FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer for sale one half of their Well on Burning Spring Run, Wirt county, West Virginia, which is now flowing

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS PER DAY.

Desiring to procure funds for immediate payments, we will sell it LOW FOR CASH. Address

W. D. SAUTELL & BRO.,
No. 9 Monroe st., Wheeling, W. Va., or
G. G. SAUTELL,
no15 r Burning Springs, Wirt co., W. Va.

SKATES,

SKATES,

SKATES,

I have received most of my stock and offer to the trade a selection from

5,000 PAIRS,

Of Various Makes.

Before purchasing elsewhere call and examine my stock, as I CAN OFFER DEALERS SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.

JAMES BOWN,

no15-YM 136 WOOD STREET.

ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO.,

No. 178 FEDERAL STREET,

no15 ALLEGHENY.

BLANKETS,

AT

ERWIN McCONNELL & CO.'S.

WATER PROOF CLOTH,

AT

ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S.

BRIGHT SHAWLS,

AT

ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S.

WOOL PLAIDS.

AT

ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S.

FINE CASSIMERES,

AT

ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S.

CLOAKING CLOTH,

AT

ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S.

DRY GOODS,

AT RETAIL, AT

ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S.

DRY GOODS,

AT WHOLESALE, AT

ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO'S.

Erwin, McConnell & Co

178 Federal Street.

no15 ALLEGHENY.

DIARIES FOR 1867.

MINER'S

PITTSBURGH ALMANAC

FOR 1867,

CALCULATED BY SANFORD C. HILL,

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS.

The largest stock of

Miscellaneous Books

IN THE CITY,

TOY BOOKS AND JUVENILE BOOKS—a very large assortment at publishers' prices.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS are invited to call and examine the stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

MINER'S ANTI-CORROSIVE PENS are put up one dozen on a card, and twelve cards in a box. They are used by all the Commercial Colleges.

HENRY MINER,

no15 NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.

HOT CAKES.

SOAP STONE GRIDDLES.

They require no grease, cause no smoke or smell, and are really the THING to bake cakes on. All sizes on hand at

T. H. RICHARDS',
no1 30 Fifth street.

HOMINY.

10 bbls PEARL FLINT HOMINY,

FOR SALE BY

JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.
no15 141 and 143 First street.

SPECTACLES,

TO IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT,

Manufactured from the GENUINE RUSSIAN PEBBLES, for sale only at No. 22 ST. CLAIR ST., by

J. DIAMOND,
no2-W&S Practical Optician.

HATS, CAPS AND LADIES' FURS,

A LARGE STOCK AT LOW PRICES, AT

BLACKMORE'S,
oc16-eod-YM No. 24 ST. CLAIR STREET.

M. KEARNS'

Eagle Bread and Cracker Factory,

NO. 446 PENN STREET,

no10-eod-ym PITTSBURGH.

FOR SALE—

1,500 bush. Oats;
2 cars No. 1 Spring Wheat;
100 bbls. Apples;
100 bxs. Hamburg Cheese;
50 bush. Timothy Seed;
200 bush. Shelled Corn;
50 bbls. Sweet Potatoes;
1 bbl. New Sorghum.

STURGEON BROS.,
no10 362 Liberty street.

MEN WANTED—TO ACT AS SALESMEN.

Who are competent to engage in first class business. Apply in person, or address,

W. D. BAKER,
se15-ym 98 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS—The shooting season has just commenced. I have a fine assortment of Double and Single Barrel Shot Guns, ranging in price from $5 to $150. Some of them the finest ever brought to this market.

JAMES BOWN,
no3-TH&S 136 Wood street.

DRY GOODS--WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS.

WHOLESALE.

M'ELROY, DICKSON

AND

COMPANY.

54

Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH,

OFFER AT ALL TIMES

GOOD GOODS

AT

REASONABLE PRICES.

Terms - - CASH.

S. B. M'ELROY,
JAMES DICKSON,
no2 JOHN T. SHANE.

FIVE THOUSAND BOXES

PURE SUGAR TOYS

AND FRENCH CONFECTIONARIES

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS,

AT

SHEPHARD'S

STEAM CRACKER

Bakery and Confectionary,

NO. 317 LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH.

ORDERS SOLICITED. no8-eod

ALLENTOWN

Fast Freight Line,

TO AND FROM NEW YORK.

The Allentown Transportation Co.,

Is now ready to receive and carry Freight promptly Eastward and Westward.

JOSEPH H. MOORE, President, No. 254 Broadway, New York.

A. T. WILDS, Agent, No. 254 Broadway, New York.

JOHN P. HAMILTON, Agent, foot of Liberty st., Pittsburgh. no14-TM

NEEDHAM'S CLOAK HOUSE,

49 Fifth Street.

$50,000

WORTH OF

Cloaks,

CLOAKINGS,

FURS, &C.

MUST BE SOLD AT THE

FIFTH ST. CLOAK HOUSE,

49 Fifth Street.

oc31-Tu,Th,S

PITTSBURGH

GAS SAVING CO.,

Office, No. 2 MERCHANTS' HOTEL,

CORNER OF THIRD AND SMITHFIELD STS.

OFFICERS:

JAMES I. BENNETT, President.
ROBERT FINNEY, Vice President.
ROBERT CHRISTY, Sec'y and Treasurer.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES I. BENNETT,	W. W. PATRICK,
ROBERT FINNEY,	J. McD. CROSSAN,
JOHN W. CHALFANT,	N. J. BIGLEY.

Office Hours, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. no13-3m

OPENING—WILL OPEN ON THURSDAY, November 15, 1866,

An assortment of WINTER MILLINERY, BONNETS AND HATS, Of the latest styles.

MRS. R. S. COOK,
no14-R No. 144½ Wylie street.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR—

A few casks BOLMAN'S WHITE WINE VINEGAR, in original packages as imported, and for sale at importer's rates by

W. A. M'CLURG.
no14-Y 57 Hand street.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD—

Strayed or stolen, on the 24th of October, a

DARK BROWN MULE,

With a flesh scar on the paster joint, left fore foot, and branded U. S. Any person finding or hearing of said Mule will please leave word at N. P. DUFFY'S Livery Stable,

no14-R cor. East Lane and Liberty st., Allegheny.

MOULDERS WANTED.

Two first class MOULDERS, to go to Louisville, Ky. Can have steady work at the highest wages. None but the best need apply. Apply to

JAMES H. SWEAT,
At Dilworth, Porter & Co.'s Mill,
no13-1 South Pittsburgh.

GEORGE SCHLELEIN,

FANCY CAKE BAKER

AND CONFECTIONER,

And dealer in Foreign and Domestic Fruits and Nuts, No. 40, cor. FEDERAL and ROBINSON STREETS, Allegheny.

P. S.—Parties promptly attended to. no13-ym

BREWERS' NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED, Brewers of Pittsburgh, resolved, at their last meeting, that settlements with Dealers shall be made on the FIRST OF EVERY MONTH, commencing November 1st, 1866.

SPENCER & McKAY.
D. FAWCETT & CO.
CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,
Z. WAINWRIGHT.
MICHAEL THIEKEN.
no13-8 POLLOCK, KALTENHORN & CO.

FAMILY SUPPLIES—

Choice Hulled Buckwheat Flour,
New Corn Meal, Dried Peaches,
Turkey Prunes, Cranberries,
Shaker Sweet Corn,
New No. 1 and Mess Mackerel, in kitts,
Codfish, &c., &c.,

For sale at the Family Grocery of

LEWIS & McCLURE,
no13 346 Liberty street.

GOLD, GOLD.

THE FIRST IMITATION AND THE FIRST GENUINE GOLD AND PEARL SIGN, Made in this city by one of the firm.

LONG & SMITHSON,
no12-ym 60 Smithfield, near Fourth st.

THE

GROVER & BAKER

Has stood the Test on every conceivable kind of work, and has outlived the detractions and envy of all its opponents and rivals. For sale at

no9 NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

SOUTHERN

PEA NUTS.

100 BAGS LARGE PEA NUTS, just received and for sale by

REYMER & BROS.
no9

WARRANTED

FOR THREE YEARS.

The Improved Elliptic Sewing Machine.

Makes the Lock Stitch, and uses all of the Wheeler & Wilson improvements, Glass Foot, Braider, Corder, new style Hemmer, Binder, Trimmer, Marker, Quilting and Tucking Guages.

For style and finish they are unequalled. Also, DALTON FAMILY KNITTING MACHINES the best in use. Agents wanted. Send for illustrated circulars.

BOWDOIN & GIBSON,
GENERAL AGENTS,
se27-Th&S 24 Fifth street, (up stairs.)

NOTICES

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Allegheny Pa., November 13, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith. Government tax paid.

J. P. KRAMER,
no14-8 Cashier.

NOTICE—AN ADJOURNED MEETING of the Stockholders of the Cherry Run and Pittsburgh Petroleum Company, will be held at 2 P. M., on FRIDAY NEXT, at the office of Jacob Glosser, No. 115 Fourth street. General attendance is requested as business of importance will then and there be decided. By order.

no14-Y JOHN F. GLOSSER, Sec'y.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE OIL CREEK AND CHERRY RUN OIL COMPANY.—You are hereby notified, that the following resolution was unanimously passed at the annual meeting, held at the Board of Trade Rooms in the City of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, November 5th, 1866. "That the Directors be, and are hereby authorized to appoint an assignee to sell the property, whether real or personal, and wind up the affairs of the Company as soon as possible, for the benefit of the creditors and stockholders, if it can be done legally, to be acted on after the 10th of December next."

At this meeting it was also resolved to hold an adjourned meeting of the Stockholders at the same place, the Board of Trade Rooms, Wood street, Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY of December next, (3d day of December) at 3 o'clock P. M., at which meeting all Stockholders are hereby notified to attend either in person or by proxy.

no-10td L. MORGANSTERN, Pres't.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, Pittsburgh, November 6, 1866.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS upon each share of the Capital stock, out of the earned profit of expired risks of the last six months, free of Government and state taxes, payable to stockholders on and after the 13th inst.

no7-88 WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, November 6, 1866.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank have declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. (6) from the earnings of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on demand. The U. S income tax is paid by the Bank.

no7-NAT H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, November 5, 1866.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank have this day declared A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. on its capital stock, free of Government tax, payable on demand. The time of declaring future dividends has been changed to the first Monday of July, 1867, and thereafter on the first Mondays of January and July in each year.

no6-1 F. M. GORDON, Cashier.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH AND BIRMINGHAM PASSENGER RAILROAD COMPANY, Pittsburgh, November 6, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railroad Company will be held on MONDAY, November 19th, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Monongahela House, at which time and place Directors will be elected and other business transacted.

no6-TD WM. K. NIMICK, Sec'y.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Mass Mining Company, of Pittsburgh, are hereby notified that an instalment of FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE, has been levied upon the capital stock, payable on or before MONDAY, December the 3d, 1866, at the Office of the Treasurer, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa.

By order of the Directors.

JAMES M. COOPER,
Treasurer Mass Mining Co., of Pittsburgh.
Pittsburgh, October 26, 1866. oc25-td

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, U. S. GOVERNMENT DEPOSITARY, Pittsburgh, August 28, 1866.

THE GOVERNMENT IS NOW converting

U. S. 7-30 NOTES,

1st SERIES, INTO

U.S. 5 20 GOLD BEARING BONDS

Persons desirous of making the exchange can do so by applying at the FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, No. 55 Market st.

au29-YM D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, HARRISBURG, October 24, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Sealed Proposals for the sale of One Million Dollars of the Five Per Cent. and One Million Dollars of the Six Per Cent. Loans of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, will be received at the Treasury Department, in the City of Harrisburg, until two o'clock, P. M., of THURSDAY, the 15th day of November, A. D. 1866. Bidders will state amount offered, price asked and whether Registered or Coupon Loans. To be addressed, "Commissioners of Sinking Fund, Harrisburg, Pa."—endorsed, "Proposals to sell State Loans."

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any bids not, in their opinion, advantageous to the Commonwealth.

JOHN F. HARTRANFT, Auditor General.
ELI SLIFER, Secretary of State.
W. H. KEMBLE, State Treasurer.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.
oc26-td

NEEDHAM'S CLOAK HOUSE,

49 Fifth Street.

$50,000

WORTH OF

Cloaks,

CLOAKINGS,

FURS, &C,

MUST BE SOLD AT THE

FIFTH ST. CLOAK HOUSE,

49 Fifth Street.

oc31-Tu,Th,S

COTTON MILLS.

FRANKLIN COTTON WORKS

WEST CANAL STREET,

Between Robinson and Lacock streets, Allegheny. Having resumed operation under the name and style of

E. HYDE'S SONS,

We are now prepared to manufacture

Cotton Yarn, Carpet Chain,
Coverlet Yarn, Candlewick,
Twine, Battings,
Cotton Wraps, &c., &c.

WEST CANAL STREET, between Robinson and Lacock, Allegheny city, Pa.

P. S.—All orders by mail promptly attended to.

no8-ym

JOSHUA RHODES...P. W. H. LATSHAW...JACOB ANDERSON

EAGLE

COTTON WORKS.

Having recently purchased the EAGLE COTTON WORKS, formerly owned by Messrs. King & Pennock, we respectfully inform the public that we will continue

THE MANUFACTURE OF

Sheetings,

COTTON YARNS.

CARPET CHAIN,

Candle Wick and Batting.

Orders may be left at the Office of the Works, corner of ISABELLA and SANDUSKY STREETS, Allegheny city, or at the PITTSBURGH BREWERY, corner of DUQUESNE WAY and BARKERS' ALLEY, Pittsburgh.

JOSHUA RHODES & CO.

no3

THE LATEST STYLES OF

FINE FRENCH CALF BOOTS,
FINE KIP BOOTS,
WATERPROOF BOOTS,
HEAVY BOOTS,
LADIES' POLISH BOOTS,
LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES,
LADIES' AND GENTS' SLIPPERS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT

THOS. H. PHELPS',

no12 46 SMITHFIELD STREET.

JOS. P. HAIGH.......WILLIAM MILLER.

Duquesne and West Point

FORGES,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Messrs. Joseph P. Haigh & Co.

Have facilities COEXTENSIVE WITH THE LEADING FORGES IN THE EAST, and are prepared to PROMPTLY and SATISFACTORILY fill all orders for

STEAMBOAT SHAFTS,
CRANKS, PISTON RODS,
LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS,

RAILROAD AXLES,

LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES,

Together with EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

SHAPE WORK.

no9-TY

THE GREAT WONDER—

DUNSEATH & CO.'S

Celestial Voice,

AND

BELL ACCOMPANIMENT

MUSICAL BOX,

CALL AND SEE IT.

no6

B. WOLFF, JR. & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

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These illustrate the character of the leaders, the humor of the soldiers, the devotion of women, the bravery of men, the pluck of our heroes, the romance and hardships of the service. From the beginning of the war the author has been engaged in collecting all the anecdotes connected with or illustrative of it, and has grouped and classified them under appropriate heads, and in a very attractive form.

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Amusement as well as instruction may be found in every page, as graphic detail, brilliant wit and authentic history, are skilfully interwoven in this work of literary art. The people are tired of dry details and partisan works, and want something humorous, romantic and startling. Our agents are making from $100 to $200 per month, clear of all expenses. Send for circulars, giving full particulars, and see our terms and proof of the above assertion. Address,

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In an Iron Foundry and Finishing Shop in the city of St. Louis, Mo., now and for many years past in active operation, and enjoying a large patronage, being principally engaged in house building work. Further information may be obtained of Messrs. GRAFF, BENNETT & CO., No. 151 North Second street, St. Louis, Mo. se27-tf

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BUTTER, EGGS,

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Daily Commercial

THE DYING SUMMER.

ing can be more appropriate to the gor- eason now upon us than the following te little poem:

Dying summer's gently gliding,
Into winter's frigid grave;
While the falling leaves are hiding
Beauties that around her wave!

Rich and gorgeous is the pillow,
Where she lays her dying head,
Midst the gold fruit, ripe and yellow,
And the flowers blue and red.

Happy Summer, bright and airy,
Brilliant, transient—linger still;
With thee life, and fay and fairy
Vanished all from mount and rill!

Roses sweet with dew drops weeping,
Woo thee lovingly to stay;
Silly streams are cascades leaping,
Ask thee not in haste away.

Laughing hours of sunny gladness,
Fall winds still will blow away;
Leaving leaves to sigh in sadness,
As they wither day by day.

While the sultry Autumn's breathing,
Perfume from each dewy flower,
Summer's hand is gently wreathing
Garlands for her parting hour.

Youthful June and July glories,
With their beauties pass away;
Serve but as *memento mories*
Of all the pleasures bright and gay.

HE AMAZONIAN VALLEY.

I.s Climate and Vegetation.

climate and vegetation of the Ama- valley formed the subject of Prof. iz's lecture before the Lowell Insti- n Boston, on the evening of the 9th t. He remarked that the climate of sin differs from that of other regions same latitude, by reason of the great ire prevailing there. The combina- f heat and moisture, he observed, ces a more luxuriant vegetation than be found anywhere else. Though ersons are somewhat familiar with ptions of this vegetation, derived books of geography and travel, yet one comes to live there, he is sed at its extent and beauty.

life and habits of the Barzilians are led by the climate. There are four seasons, as with us; but perpetual er reigns. There is more or less of hroughout the year, but no such l period of great prevalence as marks mate of other tropical regions, where y dry season succeeds months of s rain. The rains do not prevail ll sections at the same time, but ing at the south in September, they ss northward till they reach Guiana rch and April. As a consequence, the southern tributaries of the Ama- e most swollen, the northern tribu- are at their lowest ebb, and *vice* and thus a balance is maintained en the upper and lower parts of the

in, there is a difference between the of the main stream at its most n origin, and at its mouth. The g waters of the Madeira reach mazon in November or Decem- The northern tributaries pour in waters at a later period. The increase in the Amazon at its conflu- by temporary coincidences in the f its tributaries, is in or near the of March, when the water rises a n each twenty-four hours, until it a height of thirty-five feet above dinary level. The Amazon is lowest ober. Not only is there this differ- the rising and falling of the tribu- but the character of the water also . Those from Bolivia and the adja- gion have a whitish hue, and are "the white waters;" while those g from the table land are tinged vegetable matter. That of the Rio is the darkest, having the color of amber. That of the Tapajos is more sh, and not so dark.

essor Agassiz said that the tempera- f the whole valley was remarkably varying from the minimum to the num not more than fifteen degrees. mperature of the water of the Ama- also even, the maximum being -four degrees, and the minimum y-eight. Other streams show as ariation in this respect. In conse- of this evenness of temperature, s a feeling of comfort most agreea- the inhabitants.

peaking of the extraordinary profuse ion of the valley, Professor Agassiz t covered the whole surface of the nd encroached upon the water. In- he quantity of water plants is as kable as the terrestrial plants. The y of the land vegetation is so great he only means of traversing the y is by the water courses, and when traveler leaves these, he must is way with the axe; so, that, er civilization may extend here, can never be any extensive land unication, on account of the great diture which would be required for s. There is a peculiar charm in water paths. In some places they ly wide enough for the passage of a made of a hollow log, and are arched oliage. In other localities they have nt width for the passage of ships. streams so intersect one another is often difficult for the voyager to mine whether he is sailing in a branch main channel. There is no direct in which the water finds its way; takes innumerable channels, some- at right angles with each other, and taining an astonishing number of . The presence of islands in the n makes it impossible to see across ole breadth of the stream; and even were no islands, the great width of eam would prevent a view from o shore. Not till the traveler gets the Rio Negro, twelve hundred rom the ocean, can he see both sides river from the same point.

essor Agassiz exhibited a diagram, by one of his party on his recent o illustrate the compactness of the tion in the Amazonian region, of he said it was impossible to give an ate description in a few hours. were wanting to express the variety, and combination of this vegeta- One of its most striking character- s its heterogeneity. There are not a few kinds found together, pre- g sameness and monotony, as at the On the contrary, there are hardly vo trees of the same kind, or two of the same species found side by The trees do not stand alone, in open , but are clothed and interlaced with creepers and parasites, hard to pen- This character of the vegetation is over the whole basin. In the the aquatic plants grow so thickly e traveler threading his way among with a boat, sails for miles without either water or earth. Nothing, e professor, is to be compared to ew, especially when the water is d for many miles with that magnifi- ater lily, the Victoria Regia, with endid whiteness. On these plant d waters flocks of birds heighten the of the scene. Storks, herons, and owl run over them as if upon dry

essor Agassiz observed that the rominent feature of the Amazonian tion is the presence of innumerable , in the form of trees, bushes and s. We look in vain for pines, s, oaks, willows, and other trees fa- to us in the United States. The of vegetation, the character of the their combinations, change as vel. Of the palms, the Professor at some length, describing their pa- forms, the immense growth of some species, and the varied uses which habitants make out of them for . One variety rises to the height of ndred feet, before sending out its , which crown its top like a dome. er variety sends out its leaves im- ly from the root. The flowers and f the palms also vary. Some of bear nuts of peculiar form, others s, and the fruit of some of them ly resembles peaches, cherries and . Each region produces its peculiar Professor Agassiz exhibited some smaller leaves and fruit stalks of m, to give an idea of the immense to which they attain, and of their kable fecundity. The leaves of f the species were so large that he en two men sitting in the axil of one . Some of these leaves measure to forty feet in length, and ten to feet in width; and even when dry, them was a heavy load for one man

n the Professor's hour expired, he ked that he had just begun to say e desired to say about the palms, he would resume the subject in xt lecture.

Drunken Children.

reprehensible practice of supplying en with intoxicating drinks for their onsumption is still carried on by publicans and beersellers all over ntry, and we are glad to notice that metropolis an effort is about to be to enforce a clause in the police act t supplying with drink children sixteen years of age for their own mption. A correspondent of the *Star* he extent to which beer shops, public , and gin palaces are frequented by children for the purpose of drinking ply frightful. On Monday morning agistrates of Liverpool had before twenty boys and girls under the age enteen, "all of whom had been beastly drunk in the public streets nday, and incapable of taking care mselves." On a given Sunday the ans of Manchester had the pleasure ing 22,000 children enter their prem- A clergyman entered a room in a hester beer shop at about one o'clock morning, and found it full of boys irls drinking. In Derby mere chil- have been found drunk in the tap of a low house. In Salisbury a gen- n saw a crowd of young people, some Sunday school scholars, imbibing n the back premises of a beer shop nday morning during church hours. ent is the evil of juvenile drinking in lesborough that the chief constable hought it his duty to issue a police in reference to it. Near Portsmouth rt of public house fair, and from it people have been seen rolling home at seven o'clock in the morning, having been drinking and dancing ght. In Scotland, also, this sad evil ils.—*Liverpool Times.*

A Wonderful Cement for Iron.

On previous occasions, we have described the remarkable preservative qualities of the Zepipe composition on stone and brick, and the extraordinary effects which the application of one part of the process has upon paper, converting it into a substance harder and more enduring than oak, and capable of being substituted for metals in many of the uses to which they are applied in the arts and manufactures. Following out the line of investigation into the chemical constituents of the substance which he employs, Colonel Szerlemey, the inventor, has now succeeded in producing some results, which, if they had not been shown under our inspection, we should have hesitated to believe possible. By combining various substances which may be readily obtained in large quantities, and at almost nominal prices, the ingenious inventor has made what he calls this: "iron cement," and truly it is an iron cement. It is a cement which, easily applied, becomes in a few minutes hard as iron, and, so far as we are aware, this is a quality which is not possessed by any other substance—that of complete and perfect cohesion to iron. At the factory at Battersea, we saw two large plates of iron held together so firmly as to defy all attempts at separating them. The plates had, in several parts, been fractured by the attempt to separate the two surfaces, but they still remain firm and immovable. Two plates of iron were cemented together in such a manner as that the lower one could have suspended to it the weight of several tons; the projecting corners of the lower plates to which the weights were attached were bent and curved, and the upper and lower plates had "buckled," but they still remained held together by the thin layer of iron cement as though they were but one plate. By the side of this, a plate has been made up of alternate thin sheets of iron and planks of timber, and the wood and the iron adhered as firmly as in the case when iron surfaces only were exposed to the action of the cement. A third test consisted of thin sheets of iron with alternate layers of paper, which had been previously coated with another kind of composition of M. De Szerlemey's. There the same wonderful cohesion existed. A sheet of glass was fixed to the edge of an iron by this extraordinary cement, and was as firmly held as the iron or wood or prepared paper of the previous experiments with iron and wood. Many other equally curious and startling experiments were shown, and, among these, a novelty in the way of a house some forty feet in length, the sides, flooring and roofing of which were entirely of paper. The exhibition is certainly a most instructive one.—*London Exchange.*

After the Guillotine.

Four men were executed by the guillotine at Brest. The evening before the execution every medical man in Brest received an invitation from Dr. Duval, Director of the Board of Health, to meet him in the amphitheater of the hospital at six on the following morning. Precisely at that hour all the men of science belonging to that city assembled around four dissecting tables covered by white cloths. As the clock struck, the four culprits were ushered into eternity. At 6:20 the hospital van was seen to cross the court of the Pupilles de la Marine at a hand gallop, and in a few seconds four lifeless trunks were thrown on the dissecting tables, precisely eight minutes after they had ceased to exist. The sight was indeed startling. The bodies appeared shrunk to the size of that of a child—the neck utterly disappeared, and in its place a frightful, gaping wound. Next to the bodies, rolled up in napkins, were four livid heads. The work of dissection commenced instantly. The nerves quivered, and the flesh was still warm. The continued contractability of the heart was proved, as well as in the aorta, where sensitiveness was extreme. The contractability was manifested on simply touching the part, and of course was still more apparent when subject to electric currents. The muscular contraction was so intense that, even after twenty minutes, one of the doctors, on applying an electric current, made the four heads grimace in the most horrible manner. A pencil was placed between the teeth of one; it was bitten through and smashed as though it had been made of glass.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A MODERN MIRACLE.

From old and young, from rich and poor, from high born and lowly, comes the Universal Voice of praise for

HALL'S VEGETABLE
SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

It is a perfect and miraculous article. Cures baldness. Makes hair grow. A better dressing than any "oil" or "pomatum." Softens brash, dry and wiry hair into Beautiful Silken Tresses. But above all, the great wonder is the rapidity with which it restores GREY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

Use it a few times, and

PRESTO, CHANGE!

the whitest and worst looking hair resumes its youthful beauty. It does not dye the hair, but strikes at the root and fills it with new life and coloring matter.

It will not take a long disagreeable trial to prove the truth of this matter. The first application will do good; you will see the NATURAL COLOR returning every day, and

BEFORE YOU KNOW IT,

the old, gray, discolored appearance of the hair will be gone, giving place to lustrous, shining and beautiful locks.

Ask for Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; no other article is at all like it in effect. You will find it CHEAP TO BUY, PLEASANT TO TRY, AND SURE TO DO YOU GOOD.

There are many imitations. Be sure you procure the genuine, manufactured only by

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SWEET OPOPONAX! The only elegant Perfume. Is found on all toilettes, and never stains the handkerchief.

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SWEET OPOPONAX FROM MEXICO! Nature could not produce a richer Gem or Choicer Perfume. Try it and be convinced. E. T. SMITH & CO., New York.

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SWEET OPOPONAX FROM MEXICO! New, very rare, rich and fashionable perfume. The finest ever imported or manufactured in the United States. Try it and be convinced.

A NEW PERFUME! Called SWEET OPOPONAX FROM MEXICO, manufactured by E. T. SMITH & CO., New York, is making a sensation wherever it is known. Is very delicate, and its fragrance remains on the handkerchief for days.—*Evening Bulletin Philadelphia.* oc18-TUTH&S

☞ "A VALUABLE MEDICINE."—Dr. Poland's White Pine Compound, advertised in our columns, is a successful attempt to combine and apply the medicinal virtues of the White Pine Bark. It has been thoroughly tested by people in this city and vicinity, and the proprietor has testimonials of its value from persons well known to our citizens. We recommend its trial in all those cases of disease to which it is adapted. It is for sale by all our druggists."—*New York Independent.*

The great New England Remedy, DR. J. W. POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, is now offered to the afflicted throughout the country, after having been proved by the test of eleven years, in the New England States, where its merits have become as well known as the tree from which, in part, it derives its virtues.

The WHITE PINE COMPOUND cures Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diptheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary affections generally. It is a remarkable remedy for Kidney Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Voiding Urine, Bleeding from the Kidney and Bladder, Gravel and other complaints. For Piles and Scurvy it will be found very valuable.

Give it a trial if you would learn the value of a good and tried medicine. It is pleasant, safe and sure. Sold by Druggists and dealers in medicines generally. no7-ym Tu,Th,S

☞ IT IS NOT A HUMBUG—Be convinced Though having been in use for only a short time, METCALFE'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY has gained a world wide reputation, and is recommended by the best doctors in New York as the only sure cure for Rheumatism. JOSEPH FLEMING, Agent, 84 Market street.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATER.

Lessee and Manager.....................WM. HENDERSON.

Fourth Night of the celebrated artiste,

VESTVALI,

Who will repeat, for the last time, her great character of Gamea, the Jewish Mother.

THIS EVENING, November 15th,

GAMEA, OR THE JEWISH MOTHER.

To-morrow evening benefit of Mad. VESTVALI. Grand Matinee SATURDAY AFTERNOON. Admission 25 cents. For performance, Joan of Arc.

GERMAN THEATER,

IN THE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

On THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 15th,

For the first time will be performed the romantic extravaganza of

DAS MAEDCHEN VOM DORF.

Tickets to be had at the THEATER OFFICE, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., or at CHAS. MERBITZ'S, 32 Grant street.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.

FRED. AIMS.....................Manager.

ANOTHER NEW BILL.

Positive appearance of the great Terpsichorean danseuse, MISS EMMA MARSH.

The champion Lady Jig Dancer, MISS NELLIE HOWARD, in her celebrated Torpedo Jig. The entire Company in a splendid Programme. Concluding with the exciting drama, entitled THE DUMB GIRL OF GENOA.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—WHEREAS, Letters Testamentary on the estate of N. Fife, deceased late of Upper St. Clair township, Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the same to present them for settlement.

JOHN GILFILLAN,
JOHN FIFE,
oc18-lta wow Executors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.— Letters of Administration, with the Will annexed, upon the estate of CHARLES W. RICKETSON, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to or having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are hereby notified to present the same for settlement without delay, at the office of the Administrator, corner of First and Ross streets, in the city of Pittsburgh.

oc18-lta wow WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Adm'r.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
C. D. HESS.....................Director.

THIS (Thursday) EVENING, last time but two of

Mr. E. L. Davenport,

A splendid double Bill, consisting of the beautiful comedy in three acts of

WILD OATS.

Mr. Davenport as.....................Rover.

To conclude with

BLACK EYED SUSAN.

Friday—Farewell Benefit—MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON—Grand Gala Matinee of the spectacular drama of the Three Guardsmen.

YOUNG MEN'S

Mercantile Library Association.

THE LECTURE COMMITTEE

Announce their intention of offering a COURSE OF LECTURES, as usual, during the coming season. They have made arrangements with the following well known persons:

JAS. E. MURDOCH,
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P. T. BARNUM,
HENRY VINCENT, of England,
JOHN G. SAXE,
HORACE GREELEY, and others,

BAYARD TAYLOR, WENDELL PHILLIPS and DR. BELLOWS are expected.

Season Tickets entitling the holders to Reserve Seats at these Lectures, for which seats may be secured, can be had of the Members of Committee and at the Library Rooms.

Price, as heretofore, $3 00.

JAS. B. SCOTT,	BENJ. F. JENNINGS,
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oc16-6t

CITY BILL POSTER.

JAMES THACKERY

No. 2, Johnson's Court, Diamond Alley, rear of Opera House.

Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in the city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same. fe28-17

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between GEORGE BASSETT, ALFRED M. PEARSON and ALEX. W. MORROW, in the Box Manufacturing Business was dissolved on the 12th of October, 1866, by the retirement of ALFRED M. PEARSON. The business will be continued under the name and style of BASSETT & MORROW.

GEORGE BASSETT,
oc20-TM ALEX. W. MORROW.

DISSOLUTION.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and firm of MILLER & RICKETSON, was dissolved by the decease of C. W. Ricketson, 27th ult.

The business will be continued as heretofore by Wm. Miller, to whom all those indebted to late firm will please make payment, and those having claims present them for settlement.

WILLIAM MILLER.

October 16, 1866.—oc17-TM

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

Thirteen Acres of excellent Land, property of the late John S. Cosgrave, situate at the foot of Squirrel Hill, and within five minutes' walk of Laughlin's Station, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, especially suitable for

Vineyard Purposes and Building Lots

For terms, &c., apply to JOHN TORRENCE, No. 102 Fourth street. no13-tf

FOR SALE—

A DESIRABLE PRIVATE RESIDENCE.

Situate No. 73 Marion street. Lot 24x104 feet, corner of an alley. House contains 6 Rooms and Finished Garret, good Cellar, Wash house Bake Oven; Yard around the house embellished with Shade Trees, &c. Title clear. Inquire on the premises, or at No. 96 SMITHFIELD STREET. no13-s

REAL ESTATE—

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned will sell at private sale, a handsomely located Farm, situate on the middle road leading from New Castle to Wilmington, one and a half miles from the latter place, in Wilmington township, Lawrence county, Pa., containing 175 ACRES, of choice limestone land—about 35 acres of which is good Timber. There is erected on the premises an excellent new Bank Barn, a good Dwelling House, spring and wash house, tenant house, and other outbuildings. Two young Orchards of select fruit, in bearing. Five good springs of never failing water—the whole premises are in good order, and the land under cultivation in a high state of productiveness. It is in the vicinity of Westminster College, convenient to schools, churches, &c. It is one of the best farms in the county.

For terms and further particulars inquire of the undersigned in Franklin, Venango county, Pa., or to D. KUESTER, Real Estate Agent, over Patterson's Banking House, New Castle, Pa.

no12-s WM. F. NEAL.

HILLSIDE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale about one hundred Acres of Land, adjoining Hillside Station, Pennsylvania Railroad.

The property is beautifully situated and well adapted for manufacturing sites or country residences. A large front stream runs through the place, in addition to a number of fine never failing springs. It will be sold entire or in such parcels as would suit purchasers.

Apply to GEO. H. ANDERSON,
no12-t m No. 189 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—

FOUR TWO STORY HOUSES,

Containing modern improvements in Gas and Water arrangements, situated on Ross street, corner of First street. Inquire of

no6-tm BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.

COPARTNERSHIP.

COPARTNERSHIP—

The undersigned having purchased the STOCK AND MACHINERY of the late JOHN MAFFETT, have on the 7th day of November, 1866, entered into a partnership under the style of

MAFFETT, COLL & CO.,

For the purpose of carrying on the Brass Foundry, Gas and Steam Fitting, at the old established stand, PITTSBURGH BRASS FOUNDRY, 127 and 149 FIRST STREET, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto so liberally bestowed.

JAMES MAFFETT,
MAURICE COLL,
no13-s GEORGE WILSON.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned having purchased the stock and machinery of the late FREDRICK AESCHLEMANN, have, on the first day of October, 1866, entered into a partnership under the style of

HARPER, GUTMAN & CO.,

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF

WAGONS, &C.,

At the old established Stands of Frederick Aeschlemann and Thomas Harper, on Beaver street, Manchester, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto so liberally bestowed.

THOMAS HARPER,
A. ANTHONY GUTMAN,
oc9-YM ADAM AESCHLEMANN.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker.

FOR SALE—

Elegant Residence in Allegheny city, on Washington street near East Commons, being the late residence of John Bissell, Jr., deceased. The lot is 50 feet front on Washington street by 300 feet deep. The house is a two story double Brick, containing 11 rooms, and furnished with all modern conveniences, with brick stable and carriage house on lot.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
no1 No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.

Those three very desirable Building Lots on the corner of West Common and Ridge street, Allegheny city. Corner Lot 34 feet front on West Common, and 220 feet on Beech street. Inside Lots 43 feet 4 inch front on West Common and 240 feet to a street.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
oc30 No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.

That very desirable Building Lot on the corner of West Common and Ridge street, Allegheny, having a front of 75 feet on West Common and 200 feet on Ridge street.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
oc30 No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

For COUNTRY RESIDENCES, at Millvale Station, on Pennsylvania Railroad: 1 Lot 2½ acres with Brick House containing four rooms; 4 Lots, 3 Acres each, all within three minutes' walk of Millvale Station, and six minutes walk of Horse Railroad. For further particulars inquire of ISAAC M. PENNOCK, No. 29 Wood street, or JOHN D. BAILEY,
oc27 No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—112 ACRES OF GOOD tillable land, all level and under a high state of cultivation, 100 acres cleared, and can be worked by a mowing machine. Large two-story frame house, and large frame barn. Good orchard of all kinds of fruit. The place is well watered with never failing springs. Good well at the door. Situate one mile from New Brighton, adjoining the borough line of Fallston. The place is underlaid with a 3½ foot vein of good bituminous coal, underneath which is a vein of fire clay from 10 to 15 feet, fronting on the Beaver river.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
se4 No. 102 Fourth street.

NEW ARRIVALS

AT

REYMER & BROS.,

Nos. 126 and 128 WOOD ST.,

FRESH HALIBUT, IN CANS;
FRESH MACKEREL, IN CANS;
FRESH CLAMS, IN CANS;
SPICED SALMON, IN CANS;

NEW ASSORTED PRESERVES

Preserved Ginger.

no9

Wetherill & Sloan's Patent.

LIGHT EQUAL TO GAS.

PATENT

GAS CONDENSING BURNERS

Can be used on any Lamp and Dispense entirely with Chimneys.

The flame produced by these Burners, spreads out similar to that of Gas. The construction is such that the smoke is confined in a Gas condensing chamber, and is wholly converted into flame. The burner does not depend directly upon the wick for its light, but burns the smoke which is produced therefrom, and BURNS LESS OIL THAN CHIMNEY LAMPS, and produces a more brilliant light than any other burner in the market.

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FOR SALE.

Having purchased the right of disposing of the above Burners in Allegheny county, parties wishing to examine or purchase can be accommodated by calling at my office, 134 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

JAMES BLACKMORE.

☞ CANVASSERS WANTED. no7-ss

PEN, POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, together with a fine assortment of Wade & Butcher's superior Hollow Ground and Plain Razors, for sale by

oc13-TH&S JAMES BOWN,
136 Wood street.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
Millinery Goods, 77 & 79 Market st.

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WOOLEN SHIRTS,
WOOLEN DRAWERS,
SHETLAND RIBBED SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
WOOLEN JACKETS,
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS,
COMFORTS, SCARFS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
YARNS, WORSTEDS,

The largest assortment and various qualities.

BALMORAL SKIRTS,
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX AND BON TON SKIRTS, at factory prices.

Call and examine our stock and prices.

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no14 77 and 79 MARKET STREET.

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Retail Dry Goods, 91 Market St.

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Superior Black Silks,
Fancy Silks,
Plaid Poplins,
French Merinos,
Printed Merinos,
Flannels, Blankets, &c.

AT LOW PRICES,

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MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
Trimming Store, 19 Fifth Street.

NEW FALL GOODS

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 FIFTH STREET.

Have just opened an extensive and splendid stock of

Dress and Cloak Trimmings,
Rich Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons,
Embroideries of every description,
Rich and elegant Lace Goods,
Real Laces of All Kinds,
Real Lace Trimmed Goods,
Imitation Laces—a splendid line,
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Linen, Lawn and Cambric, Irish Linen,
Gloves—all new and attractive styles,
Hosiery—a complete assortment,
Ladies' and Children's Merino Vests and Drawers,
Fancy Zephyr Articles—splendid styles this season,
Berlin and American Zephyr,
The Genuine Cashmere Yarns—all colors,
Bradley's Skirts of every size,
Fancy Articles and Notions.

WHOLESALE BUYERS

Will find it to their advantage to call and examine our present stock before purchasing elsewhere.

All our goods being purchased direct, on the best terms, we are prepared to sell as low prices as any Eastern Jobbing House.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

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COAL, COKE AND LIME.

YOUGHIOGHENY COAL—

COREY & CO.

Have established a COAL YARD AND DEPOT at the siding of Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, near Hussey & Co.'s Copper Works, Pitt township, and are prepared to furnish

Lump and Nut Coal and Slack

Of a superior article, at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

All orders left at the office at the above place or addressed to them at their works, Braddock's Field Postoffice, will be promptly attended to. Cars loaded on either the Pennsylvania Central or Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad. no5-ss

COAL. COAL.—

Philad'a. and Youghiogheny Coal Co.,

Miners and Shippers by Railroad and River of

SUPERIOR YOUGHIOGHENY COAL.

Are prepared to fill promptly orders for LUMP COAL, NUT COAL and SLACK, at Lowest Market Rates, either in Cars or Flats, at retail from yard, or delivered to any part of the city. Barges loaded to order. Cars loaded for Eastern and Western Trade.

Orders left at Office, Yard, or through the Postoffice will receive prompt attention.

Yard—Foot of TRY STREET, near Gas Works, Pittsburgh.

Office, with Penna. Insurance Co., No. 31 FIFTH STREET, Second Floor, Pittsburgh.

oc17-ltawtf T. N. PATTERSON, Supt.

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Gas, Coal and Coke Co

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Brewers, Malsters and Hop Dealers,

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The attention of the customers of the two firms is particularly invited to our

ALES AND PORTER,

Which, through the careful selection of Malt from our extensive malting facilities, and Hops from the yards East and West, we can guarantee to be pure and satisfactory to the trade.

Our INDIA ALE has been highly recommended by physicians for family use.

Mr. ANDERSON'S customers will please be particular to leave their orders at his office adjoining his old Brewery, or at our office, corner DUQUESNE WAY AND BARKER'S ALLEY. no13-ym

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SPENCER & McKAY,

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FIRST CLASS STOCK OF

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Vestings and Overcoatings,

WILL BE FOUND AT

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GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

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SEWING MACHINES

With Lifting Foot and Needle Protector. The best, simplest and cheapest Shuttle Sewing Machine in the market, for leather or cloth, from the thinnest to the thickest goods, without any change of the Machine. Agents wanted.

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BE DECEIVED

By flourishing advertisements of LOW PRICED Machines, as by patronizing such you only throw your money away, but buy a GROVER & BAKER, at

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CARR, M'CANDLESS & CO.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

Announce that they have just received and are now opening an unusually LARGE and WELL SELECTED STOCK of all articles in the

Dry Goods Line,

Which they offer to the trade at the lowest market rates. Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine their stock, comprising a handsome assortment of many

SCARCE AND DESIRABLE GOODS.

Together with Superior Styles of all the best makes of

Prints,
American Delains,
Standard Sheetings
bleached and brown,
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FLANNELS,

PLAIN WHITE, SCARLET, MIX'D RED AND GREY TWILLED, ROB ROY, MINERS, SHAKER AND SHIRTING.

White and Colored
BED BLANKETS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
CLOAKINGS,
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FRENCH, GERMAN & ENGLISH
FANCY DRESS GOODS.

Our Stock will embrace a great variety and all the latest Novelties.

NOTIONS.

A Full and Complete Assortment.

CARR, M'CANDLESS & CO.,

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THE REVERE HOUSE,

(Late Odd Fellows' Hall)

No. 64 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

KEPT ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

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This new and commodious Hotel has just been opened. It is centrally located in the commercial portion of the city of Pittsburgh, and is within easy access of all the Railroad and Steamboat Depots. It is newly furnished throughout, and is one of the most comfortable and desirable Hotels in the country. The

REVERE HOUSE DINING SALOON,

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT,

Is bountifully supplied with all the delicacies of the season. Mr. Worsley has an extended acquaintance with the wants of the traveling and general public, and personally superintends the entire establishment. He is now prepared to

FURNISH SUPPERS

FOR BALLS, PARTIES, &c., at the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.

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Eleventh and Market Sts.,

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THIS NEW AND ELEGANT HOUSE

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS WITH ALL THE APPOINTMENTS OF A FIRST CLASS HOTEL.

CURTIS DAVIS, Proprietor.

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The subscribers having leased this favorite house, it has been refitted and refurnished in an elegant manner, and is now prepared with the best perfect appointments for the reception of guests.

The first position among first-class Hotels will be maintained in the future, as in the past.

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Twist Drills,

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CARPETS.

450 PIECES,

22,000 YARDS,

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The above immense stock, including every variety of Style and Pattern, all the Newest Designs, and all the Fall Novelties, is now being offered at the

LOWEST RATES,

With every inducement in price, by

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,

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CRUMB CLOTHS.

We have just opened a splendid stock of

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2¼, 3, 3½, and 3¾ YARDS WIDE, AND

BORDERED CRUMB CLOTHS,

2½ by 3 yards, 3 by 3½ yards, 3 by 4 yards, and 3½ by 4 yards, which we offer at

VERY LOW PRICES.

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Next House to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice. oc25

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FLOUR,

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Have now in store a very large assortment of Green, Black and Japan Teas, Lovering's Crushed, Pulverized, Granulated, and Coffee Sugars; extra C; also Cuba and Porto Rico Sugar, Booth & Edgar's and Jersey City Syrup, Sorghum and New Orleans Molasses, Baker's Chocolate Broma, Cocoa and Cocoa Shells, Hecker's Farina, Durkee's Select Spices, Mulford's saleratus, Colgate's Toilet Soaps, No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel by the barrel and half barrel, Shore Mackerel in kits, Foreign and Domestic Fruits, etc., etc.

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Have always on hand a well selected

Stock of Groceries,

Bought exclusively for CASH, and to which we invite the attention of Cash Buyers. ap15-ltaw

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And Importers of

Brandies, Wines and Segars,

Nos. 221 and 223 Corner Liberty and Irwin Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand. jy11

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200 bbls Lovering's Crushed, Granulated Powdered, A and B Coffee Sugars. 10 hhds choice Cuba. 20 bbls extra C, and 20 bbls Yellow. For sale by

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ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Solid Jewelry made to order. Repairing promptly attended to. oc22-ym Tu,Th,S

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Great Watch Sale.

ON THE POPULAR ONE PRICE PLAN.

Giving every Patron a Handsome and Reliable Watch for the low Price of Ten Dollars!

WITHOUT REGARD TO VALUE.

And not to be Paid for unless perfectly Satisfactory!

100	Solid Gold Hunting Watches	$250	to	$750
100	Magic Cased Gold Watches	200	to	500
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200	Gold Hunting Chronom'r Watches	250	to	300
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300	Gold Hunting Duplex Watches	150	to	200
500	Gold Hunting American Watches	100	to	25l
500	Silver Hunting Levers	50	to	150
500	Silver Hunting Duplexes	75	to	250
500	Gold Ladies' Watches	50	to	250
1,000	Gold Hunting Lepines	50	to	75
1,000	Miscellaneous Silver Watches	50	to	100
2,500	Hunting Silver Watches	25	to	50
5,000	Assorted Watches, all kinds	10	to	75

☞ Every patron obtains a Watch by this arrangement, costing but $10, while it may be worth $750. No partiality shown. ☜

The Union Watch Company, 149 Broadway, New York City, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles, are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named on their certificate upon payment of Ten Dollars, whether it be a watch worth $750 or one worth less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the article named thereon, upon payment irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued less than $10 is named on any certificate it will at once be seen that this is

No Lottery, but a straight-forward legitimate Transaction, which may be participated in even by the most Fastidious!

A single Certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for $1, eleven for $2, thirty-three and elegant premium for $5, sixty-six and more valuable premium for $10, one hundred and most superb Watch for $15. To Agents or those wishing employment this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business duly authorized by the Government, and open to the most careful scrutiny. Try us!

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(Successors to John Murdoch, Jr.,)

NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS,

Pittsburgh, Pa., solicit attention to their extensive stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Grapevines and Greenhouse Plants.

Send for our Fall Catalogue.

Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Cars run to the Greenhouse every 15 minutes. oc20-TM

MANUFACTURERS ALL OVER the world prefer and recommend the

Grover & Baker

NO. 1 and NO. 9 MACHINES as the best for their purposes. Call and examine them at

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Club Wheat,

Now arriving via Cleveland. Also, prime Old Shelled Corn, in store and for sale by

oc11 D. WALLACE,
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CEMENT. CEMENT.

BEST UNIONTOWN HYDRAULIC CEMENT always on hand and for sale by

CHAS. B. LEECH,
my19-6m W&S No. 178 Second street.

BORING TOOLS AND HYDRAULIC JACKS.

I am selling the heavy boring tools complete, made of the best iron and steel, at $300 the set. I have also the celebrated Hydraulic Jacks, (Slackwood's patent,) for raising vertically or horizontally 4, 7, 10 or 18 tons. Please examine them.

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1 n10-T.T&S 112 Third street

BANKS AND BANKERS.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STS.,

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CAPITAL.....................$500,000.

This Bank is organized under the Act to provide a National Currency, and offers its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, it offers unusual facilities to those who do business with it.

DIRECTORS.

ALFRED PATTERSON.
WM. S. HAVEN, Stationer.
WILLIAM REED.
WILLIAM DOUGLASS, Hatter.
WM. H. BROWN, Coal Merchant.
J. McCANDLESS, of McCandless, Jamison & Co.
JNO. MELLON, of Kirkpatrick & Mellon.
ALLEN KIRKPATRICK, of Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co.
CHAS. LOCKHART, of Lockhart & Frew.

ALFRED PATTERSON, President,
JOS. H. HILL, Cashier.
JOSEPH C. CURRY, Asst. Cashier.

no2 2taw-3m

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,) Capital $500,000, paid in, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the Act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK of PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers & Directors.

DIRECTORS:

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ROBERT S. HAYS,	FRANCIS G. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL,	JOHN H. RALSTON
THOS. WIGHTMAN,	JOHN WILSON,

WM. K. NIMICK,
JAMES LAUGHLIN, President
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

no7

MEDICAL.

WM. J. KANE.....................SAM'L H. DRUIT

KANE & DRUIT,

Corner Federal and Lacock streets,

ALLEGHENY, PA.,

Wholesale & Retail Druggists,

Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs, Dye stuffs, Carbon Oil, &c., Standard and Patent Medicines. Their stock is large and well selected, and will be sold as low as any house in the West. oc23

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DRUGGIST,

Cor. Smithfield and Third sts.

SPECIAL ATTENTION DEVOTED TO

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jy5 AND FAMILY RECIPES.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NO. 77 FEDERAL STREET,

mh10 near Depot, Allegheny city, Pa.

MERCANTILE BROKERS.

SAMUEL H. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Duncannon, Josephine, Isabella, Stankope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig Irons. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy28

O. S. BRYAN.....................JNO. A. CAUGHEY

BRYAN & CAUGHEY,

(Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.,)

Commission Merchants,

For the sale of

PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &C.,

No. 74 Water Street,

jy7-ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN MOORHEAD,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FOR THE SALE OF

Pig Iron and Blooms.

NO. 74 WATER ST., PITTSBURGH.

Also, Agent for the Pottsville Rail Mill. Orders solicited for T rails, 25, 35, 28, 32, 40, 45, 50 and 56 pounds to the yard, and Street Rails, Philadelphia pattern, 40 pounds to the yard.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

ISAAC TRESCOTT, 129 MAIN ST.,

SALEM, OHIO.

DEALER IN

BOOKS, PAPER STOCK,

WALL AND WINDOW PAPER,

Yankee Notions, Gold Pens,

General Stationery,

Fancy Soaps and Fancy Goods.

Also, General Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL, containing the largest amount of reading matter of any paper in the State. oc18

JOHN LINNENBRINK,

(Near Pitt., Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R. Depot,)

ROCHESTER, PA.,

DEALER IN

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, &c

Penknives manufactured by the Pittsburgh Cutlery Co., Rochester Pa.

Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily COMMERCIAL.

ap7

FURNITURE.

DAULER, CLOSE & CO.,

Practical Furniture Manufacturers,

Corner PENN and WAYNE STREETS. Constantly on hand a large assortment of useful and fashionable

FURNITURE,

All our work done by hand and warranted. Orders promptly attended to. oc22

W. J. MYERS.........W. C. HOPPER.........C. A. M. MYERS,

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,

(Successors to R. R. Bulger,)

No. 45 Smithfield st.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR,

OFFICE,

CHAMBER, AND

DINING-ROOM SETS,

Constantly on hand and for sale at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

A full assortment of Pittsburgh manufactured Furniture in store. se1-ym

TOBACCO AND SEGARS.

R. & W. Jenkinson,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

TOBACCO

SNUFF AND SEGARS,

Third Door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny.

Branch Store at SALEM, OHIO jy9

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. S. KING, HAS RESUMED the practice of

DENTISTRY,

At No. 104 Fifth st., Opposite Cathedral

where he wishes to receive all his friends and patrons, who are in need of the services of an experienced Dental practitioner.

Especial attention will be given to the preservation of the natural teeth, by skillfully filling them with the most select material, and by proper and scientific treatment for the cure of diseased gums, and the comfort in general of the patient.

Irregularity of the teeth of young persons skillfully attended to and corrected.

Those beautiful and life-like artificial teeth, rendered so conspicuous by Dr. King's perfect and successful mechanism, will be made in the same perfect order as before.

All recent discoveries of value in giving relief from pain in the extraction of teeth, will be skillfully administered to those who desire it.

OFFICE HOURS, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

se15-tf

BRASS FOUNDERS, &C.

JAMES OLD,

BRASS FOUNDER AND PIPE FITTER,

Brass work for steam, gas, water and oil in their several departments constantly on hand or made to order. Done with neatness and workmanship. Particular attention is paid to the fitting up of Oil Refineries, Hydrants, &c. No. 129 SECOND STREET, Between Wood and Smithfield.

ocl-1y

MERCY HOSPITAL,

In Charge of the Sisters of Mercy,

For the treatment of all diseases requiring medical or surgical aid. A very limited number of patients, irrespective of creed or color. Clergymen of all denominations have free access to the patients of their own creed. Patients too poor to pay are admitted free of charge by applying to the Visiting Physicians and Surgeons. All regular physicians admitted, provided the private rooms must have their own physicians or surgeons of the same.

Competent nurses, combined with the personal attention of the Sisters, render this Institution not inferior to any in the State for those afflicted with disease. Any physician can attend his own patients.

Medical Attendants: [illegible]
D. McMEAL, D. M. D., 150 Grant street, October, November and December.
THOS. J. GALLAGHER, M. D., 142 Smithfield st., April, May and June.
SILAS N. BENHAM, M. D., 134 Smithfield street, July, August and September.
E. J. COMMINS, M. D., 107 Ross street, January, February and March.
DR. E. DONNELLY, corner Fifth and Grant streets, Surgeon, in daily attendance to the Out-door patients.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

H. CHILDS & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

BOOTS,

SHOES

AND

SOLE LEATHER,

No. 133

WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

TO SHORT TIME AND CASH BUYERS

WE OFFER

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

As our facilities for buying ARE UNSURPASSED BY ANY HOUSE EAST OR WEST,

PURCHASING DIRECTLY FROM

FIRST HANDS,

entirely for CASH, we are enabled to sell as low as any Eastern Jobbing House. Merchants are invited to call and examine our stock and

Note Our Prices,

BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

Orders for HOPE MILLS Superior Cotton Yarns, Seamless Grain Bags, Batting, Twine, Cotton and Linen Carpet Chain, &c., will be promptly filled at FACTORY PRICES.

☞ All orders by mail will receive immediate and careful attention.

H. CHILDS & CO.

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THOMAS McCARTAN,

BOOT MAKER,

108 THIRD STREET,

oc22-ym-eod under St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh.

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS

AND CONGRESS GAITERS,

A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices. S. BAZZELL, No. 123 Smithfield st., ninth door from Virgin Alley

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST QUALITY CAST STEEL,

Warranted equal to any in the market, either imported or of Domestic Manufacture. Special attention paid to Saw Tool and Die steel.

Office, 28 WOOD STREET, IN ST. CHARLES HOTEL BUILDING.

Pittsburgh, June 18, 1865. je13-ly

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Quality Cast Steel,

Spring, Plow and Blister Steel,

Springs, Axles and Steel Tire &c.

WAREHOUSE, No. 88 WATER AND 100 FIRST STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA. je6

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of best quality refined Cast Steel, square flat and octagon, of all sizes.

Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 First and 120 and 122 Second street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no7

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF CAST STEEL,

Best refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay, and Cross-cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel, Machinery, Plow, Steel, Spring, Shear, Railroad spring and Tire Steel.

Office and Works, corner Pike and Liberty streets, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Also, Agents for the sale of the best English Steel. Orders may be left at No. 27 Fifth street.

PIANOS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

THE CELEBRATED

BRADBURY,

NEW YORK, AND

SCHOMACKER & CO.,

PHILADELPHIA

PIANOS.

THE AMERICAN ORGAN and Estey & Co.COTTAGE ORGAN admitted by dealers and all who have seen them to be superior to all other instruments of the kind manufactured in the United States.

Having made special arrangements with the best manufacturers in the country we are prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, BRASS and GERMAN SILVER ROTARY INSTRUMENTS of every description for Brass and Cornet Bands, at reduced rates. Illustrated catalogue and price list furnished on application. New and second-hand Pianos for rent.

WAMELINK & BARR.

no9 No. 18 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PETROLEUM.

EUREKA OIL WORKS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

EUREKA CARBON OIL,

THE CELEBRATED

Eureka Sperm Lubricating Oils,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils, Lard, Sperm, Whale and Fish Oils.

C. C. NOBLE, Agent,

no15-ym 31 MARKET ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

RUDOLPH HONEGGER.....................PETER SCHMID.

HONEGGER & CO.,

EXPORTERS AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

IN

PETROLEUM.

Make liberal advances on consignments to our correspondents in Antwerp, Bremen and Hamburg, and have the best facilities of all the principal cities of Germany, France and Switzerland. Agency for the Bremen and Hamburg Steamship Lines.

Office, No. 194 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. no1-ym

HENDRICK'S LUBRICATOR,

Manufactured by WHITE Bros & Co., New York.

E. J. ROBERTS,

Agent,

No. 1 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Keep constantly on hand

Cotton Factory Oil,	Bark Machinery Oil,
Woolen Mill Oil,	Dark Engine Oil,
Light Coal Engine Oil,	Dark Car Oil, No. 1.
Cold Screw-cutting Oil,	Dark Car Oil, No. 2.

SUPERIOR

LUBRIC OIL WORKS.

JOHNSON & PAINE,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Superior Lubricating Oils,

For COTTON AND WOOLEN MILLS, LOCOMOTIVES, and all classes of Machinery.

JOHNSON'S PATENT PAINT OIL,
WOOL OIL, SCREW CUTTING OIL,
LOCOMOTIVE HEAD LIGHT OIL,
SPERM, WHALE and LINSEED OILS,
AND NO. 1 CARBON OIL.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Send for circular and Price List.

Nos. 5 and 7 HANCOCK ST.,

se29 PITTSBURGH, PA.

SCALES, SAFES, &C.

FORSYTH'S

STANDARD SCALES.

ALSO,

COPYING PRESSES,
WAREHOUSE TRUCKS,
BAGGAGE BARROWS,
SUGAR MILLS, &c.

Forsyth, Taylor & Co.,

mh5 39 MARKET STREET.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH,

Columbus and Cincinnati R. R.

PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after MONDAY, October 1st, 1866, trains will leave Pittsburgh as follows:

	Departs.	Arrives.
Mail	2:00 A. M.	3:40 P. M.
Express	2:10 P. M.	9:55 P. M.
Fast Line	10:50 P. M.	10:30 A. M.
Mixed Train to Steubenville	5:40 A. M.	8:35 P. M.
Mansfield Accommodation	9:35 A. M.	1:15 P. M.
Steubenville Accom.	3:15 P. M.	10:00 A. M.
McDonald Accommodation	5:55 P. M.	7:45 A. M.

	Morning Train.	Evening Train.	Night Train.
Leave PITTSB'H	2:00 a.m.	2:10 p.m.	10:50 p.m.
Ar've Columbus	11:20 a.m.	10:50 p.m.	7 10 a.m.
" Cincinnati	4:20 p.m.	4:15 a.m.	12:05 p.m.
" Indianap'ls	7:55 p.m.	7:55 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
" Ter. Haute	11:35 p.m.	12:30 a.m.	9:00 p.m.
" St. Louis	8:00 a.m.	8:35 p.m.	7:00 a.m.
" Louisville	5:15 a.m.	3:00 p.m.	8:36 p.m.
" Cairo	1:15 p.m.	1:30 a.m.	9:00 a.m.

S. D. MOTHERSPAUGH,
Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Pittsburgh.
S. F. SCULL,
oc23 General Ticket Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Change of Time.

On and after MONDAY, October 15TH, 1866, Passenger trains will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh Depot, corner Pike and Canal streets, as follows:

	Leave P'gh.	Arrive at P'gh.
First Kiskiminetas Ac.	6 30 A M	12 00 M
Mail (to & from Mah'ng)	7 20 "	6 00 P M
First Soda Works Ac.	9 35 "	8 00 A M
Second Kiskiminetas Ac.	1 30 P M	7 00 P M
Exp. to & from Mah'ng	3 30 "	10 30 A M
Second Soda Works Ac.	5 36 "	2 30 P M
Sunday Church Train from and to Soda Works	1 00 "	10 00 A M

H. BLACKSTONE,
oc13 Superintendent.

Pennsylvania Central R. R.

Trains arrive and leave the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Fast Line	2.06 a m	Day Express	2.60 a m
Wall's No. 1	6.20 a m	Wall's No. 1	6.30 a m
Brinton No. 1	7.50 a m	Altoona Accom	7.50 a m
Wall's No. 2	8.50 a m	*Cincinnati Ex	11.05 a m
Johnstown ac	9.50 a m	Wall's No. 2	10.20 a m
Baltimore Exp.	1.00 p m	Wall's No. 3	11.50 a m
Phila. Express	1.30 p m	Johnstown Ac.	2.50 p m
N. York Exp.	1.50 p m	Braddock No. 1	3.40 p m
Wall's No. 3	3.05 p m	Phila. Express	4.10 p m
Wall's No. 4	4.00 p m	Wall's No. 4	4.50 p m
Braddock No. 1	5.50 p m	Wall's No. 5	6.05 p m
Wall's No. 5	7.00 p m	Fast Line	10.15 p m
Altoona acc and Emg't train	10.15 p m	Wall's No. 6	10.50 p m
Day Express	10.50 p m		

*Daily; all others Sundays excepted.

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9.15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10.65 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12.50 p. m. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2.00 p. m.

The Philadelphia and the Baltimore Express will arrive with the New York Express, at 1:46 p. m., on Sundays.

NOTICE.—In case of loss, the Pennsylvania R. R. Co., will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding $100.

my21 W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

WESTERN

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

On and after TUESDAY, October 22d, trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will run between Allegheny city and Sharpsburg as follows:

Leave Anderson street, 6:30, 8:10, 11:50 A. M., and 4:00 and 6:30 P. M.

Arrive Sharpsburg, 6:50, 9:00, 11:50 A. M., and 4:20 and 6:50 P. M.

Leave Sharpsburg, 6:00, 8:00 10:00 A. M., and 1:00 and 6:00 P. M.

Arrive Anderson street, 6:20, 8:20, 10:20 A. M., and 1:20 and 6:20 P. M.

oc27 ANTES SNYDER,
Assistant Superintendent.

1866 THE PITTSBURGH, **1866.**

Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. W.

AND

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

Trains arrive and leave at the Union Depot, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Chicago Ex.	2 05 A. M.	Chicago Ex.	2 20 A. M.
Cleveland Ex.	2 05 "	Cleveland Exp	2 20 "
Erie & Y'gn Ex	5 50 "	Chicago Exp.	10 40 "
Cl. & Whg. M'l	6 10 "	Wheeling Exp	11 05 "
Chic. Ex. Mail.	6 45 "	Chicago Exp.	3 50 P. M.
Cl. & Whg. Ex.	1 55 P. M.	Cl. & Whg. Ex	3 40 "
Chicago Ex.	2 15 "	Erie & Y'g'n Ex	6 35 "
Wheeling Exp	4 35 "	Chicago Ex.	9 20 "
Chicago Ex.	11 00 "	Cl. & Whg. Ex.	9 20 "

Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
N. Br'tn. Accm	9 60 A. M.	N. Br'tn Accm	6 50 A. M.
Leetsdale "	10 00 "	N. Br'tn "	8 15 "
" "	11 30 "	Wellsville "	9 00 "
New Castle "	2 45 P. M.	N. Castle "	9 45 "
Wellsville "	3 30 "	Leetsdale "	11 15 "
Leetsdale "	4 50 "	" "	1 05 "
N. Br'tn "	5 20 "	N. Br'tn "	2 30 "
N. Br'tn "	6 15 "	Leetsdale "	4 20 "
Leetsdale "	10 15 "	" "	7 05 "

☞ 11 00 P. M. leaves Sun'y and no Lon Saturd'y. ☞ 10 40 A. M. Chicago Express arrives daily.

F. R. MYERS,
jy30 General Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

On and after THURSDAY, March 15th, 1866, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives at Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 a. m.	6:00 p. m.
Express "	3:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
West Newton Accommod'n	6:15 p. m.	8:30 a. m.
First McKeesport Accommo'n	11:00 a. m.	6:50 a. m.
Second "	10:00 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
Braddock's "	4:10 p. m.	5:45 p. m.
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.

For tickets, apply to

J. R. KING, Agent.
mh15 W. R. STOUT, Superintendent.

BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

ATLANTIC

AND

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

IN CONNECTION WITH THE

Pitts., Ft. W. & Chicago R. W.

AT MANSFIELD.

FORMS A SHORT AND DIRECT ROUTE TO Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville, Cairo St. Louis, New Orleans, &c.

Three Trains leave Pittsburgh Daily

11.0 P. M., 2.05 A. M., 2.10 P. M.

PASSENGERS FOR

MEADVILLE, FRANKLIN, OIL CITY, CORRY, TITUSVILLE, PITHOLE, NEW YORK, BOSTON, &c.,

Make close connections at CLARKSVILLE with the P., FT. W. C. AND ERIE & PITTS. R. W

LEAVE PITTSBURGH 5.50 A. M., and Allegheny 3.30 P. M.

83 Miles of Travel Saved.

Time as Quick and Fare as Low as by any Route.

Through Tickets and Baggage Checks can be procured at Offices of the PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W.

Be sure they read via

Atlantic & Great Western Railway.

D. M'LAREN,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.
E. F. FULLER,
GENERAL TICKET AGENT.

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS

DAV. CRAWFORD,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

In Pig Metal, Blooms, Iron Ore, Wrought Scrap, Fire Brick and Clay, &c.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc7-3m

F. J. HERRON,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

NO. 2, STORY BUILDING,

CORNER OF CAMP AND COMMON STS.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Consignments solicited of

Pittsburgh Manufactures,

WESTERN PRODUCE,

AND ANY MERCHANDISE SALEABLE IN SOUTHERN MARKETS.

☞ Orders for the purchase of

Cotton and Sugar

Received and promptly attended to.

Refer to the Merchants of Pittsburgh generally.

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T. C. JENKINS,

Checkered Front,

273 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

And Wholesale Dealer in Flour and all kinds of Produce.

Weekly Prices Current and Marking Plates sent to Consignors. my28

JACOB LAWSER & BRO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Dealer in Hops and Malt,

234 North Delaware Avenue, Phila.

Choice Hops constantly on hand. au11-3m

B. S. WARING, Pittsburgh.........HENRY H. KING, Philadelphia.

WARING & KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN

Petroleum and Its Products,

Office, NO. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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LITHOGRAPHERS.

GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business cards, letter heads, bonds, labels, circulars, show cards, diplomas, portraits, views, certificates of deposit, invitation cards, &c., &c. Nos. 73 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh. au3

CARPENTERS.

J. B. HARSHAW.....................H. E. CRANE.

HARSHAW & CRANE,

CARPENTERS & JOBBERS

Shop, Cor. Penn and Hand Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All orders for repairing addressed to P. O. Box 575, or left at our shop, will be promptly attended. au17-3m

PAINTERS.

JAMES N. LONG.....................GUY L. SMITHSON.

LONG & SMITHSON,

SUCCESSORS TO

LONG & LANE,

PAINTERS,

oc29-ym 60 SMITHFIELD ST., near Fourth.

BARRY & BROTHER,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

NO. 294, SECOND FLOOR,

Corner of Seventh and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

jy23-ly

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Eastern	First Mail	3 p. m.
Eastern	Second Mail	9.15 p. m.
Eastern	Third Mail	12 midnight.
Western	First Mail	1 p. m.
Western	Second Mail	12 midnight.
Southern	First Mail	3 p m.
Southern	Second Mail	12 midnight.
Oil Creek	One Mail	12 midnight.
Connellsville	One Mail	12 midnight.
Butler, Harmony & Mercer	One Mail	12 midnight.
Allegh'y Valley	One Mail	12 midnight.
Brownsville	One Mail	6 a. m.

The 9.15 mail is a through pouch to Philadelphia. Sundy morning mail closes at 10 a m.

District Court.—The District Court was in session yesterday, but as no cases were ready for trial, adjourned until this morning.

Election of Directors.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Eureka Insurance Company, held in Bagaley's Building, Water street, the following gentlemen were elected Directors to serve for the ensuing year: J. E. Shoenberger, W. K. Nimick, W. J. Anderson, R. J. Anderson, James I. Bennett, M. W. Beltzhoover, R. D. Cochran, J. A. Caughey, W. W. Martin, Byron H. Painter, A. D. Smith, R. T. Leech, I. M. Pennock.

Fatal Accidents in Beaver County.—Our Rochester correspondent "Linwood" sends us the following items: A little boy, eight years old, the son of a widow, who was moving to Beaver Falls, after coming off the cars at New Brighton, last Thursday, was standing on the track behind the train, when it backed over him, killing him instantly.

On the same day a young man, William Mahaffee, while clearing the tow line of a canal boat, between Rochester and New Brighton, was thrown from the top of the boat upon the gunwale of a flatboat, injuring him so severely that he died the same evening.

The Birmingham Hose Company.—The citizens of Birmingham held an adjourned meeting on Monday evening last, in the Town Hall, in that borough, to take further action relative to effecting an organization of a Hose Company. John Adams, Esq., was, on motion, appointed temporary President. About thirty additional young men enrolled themselves as members of the Company, which increases the number to nearly sixty. A committee of five was appointed to prepare a Constitution and By-Laws for government, and to report at next meeting, when the organization will probably be effected. After transacting some routine business, the meeting adjourned to meet at the same place next Saturday evening.

Our Public Schools—Annual Report.

The following is an abstract of the report of the Central Board of Education for the week ending June, 1866. The report shows the number of schools in the city, the number of scholars enrolled and average attendance, expenses, etc., and will be forwarded to the State Superintendent of Public Schools at Harrisburg:

Schools and Teachers.—Number of schools, 112; number of male teachers, 9; female teachers, 113; months taught, 10.

Average Salaries.—Male teachers per month, $117 50; female teachers, $39 97.

Scholars.—Number of males, 4,103; females, 4,113; total, 8,216. Average attendance—male, 2,226; female, 2,149; total, 4,375.

FINANCIAL.	
Number of mills levied for school purposes	6
Number of mills levied for building purposes	2 3 10
Tax levied for school purposes	$78,674 60
Tax levied for building purposes	29,704 16
Total	$108,378 76
RECEIPTS.	
State appropriation	$3,619 12
From collectors	99,509 50
County Treasury for unseated lands	238 65
From other sources—sales of property, &c	2,287 32
Total receipts	$105,654 59
EXPENDITURES.	
Teachers' salaries	$55,655 00
Fuel, contingencies, &c	15,610 65
Ordinary expenses	$71,265 65
Purchasing ground	$6,121 25
Painting, repairing, &c	3,467 06
Building department	547 73
Interest paid on building department	305 79
Total extraordinary expenses	$10,441 83
Balance on hand toward teaching expenses	26,836 75
Temporary debt to be provided for next year	1,533 62
Permanent debt	6,000 00

High School.—The Central High School and colored schools are not comprised in the above report. The report of the High School is as follows:

Expenses—Five male teachers, per year, $4,464; one female teacher, $572 50; janitor, $450; rent, $700; contingencies, $533 65. Total, $6,720 15.

Attendance—Number of males, 45; females, 92. Total, 137. Average attendance—males, 32; females, 50. Total, 82.

Colored School Expenses—One male teacher, $895; one female teacher, $372 50; one female teacher, 6¾ months, $256 88; janitor, $130; rent, $300; contingencies, $127 46. Total for the year, $2,081 84.

Night Schools—Ten night schools were held in the city for the three winter months. Ten male teachers were employed at a cost of $1,000, and seven female teachers at a cost of $350. Total expenditures, $1,350.

East Birmingham Councils.

A regular monthly meeting of the Council of the borough of East Birmingham, was held on Tuesday evening. Present—Messrs. C. J. Schultz, Joseph Erny, Nicholas Jones, J. S. Atkinson, James Beck and Burgess David Chess.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Patrick Hughes, of Baldwin township, being present, requested to be relieved from the payment of personal tax, he not being a resident of East Birmingham, although doing business in the borough. On motion of Mr. Jones, the collectors were instructed to exonerate Mr. Hughes from the payment of personal tax.

On motion of Mr. Schultz, two warrants were ordered to be drawn in favor of Keller, Williams and Co.,—one for one thousand dollars on account for paving, and the other for five hundred dollars on account, for paving of crossings.

Mr. S. J. Thomas, Street Commissioner, presented his monthly pay roll, as follows:

S. J. Thomas, for services	$60 75
Peter Sheer	2 00
Patrick Donahue	7 00
John Minahan	24 00
John D. Davis	4 00
Henry Gilmore	5 00
Thomas Thomas	14 00
John Ellis	35 00
John Williams	23 00
Michael Nicholas	2 00
Total	$176 75

On motion of Mr. Schultz, warrants were ordered to be drawn for the above amounts.

The following bills were also presented, and on motion of Mr. Erny, warrants were ordered to be drawn for the several amounts:

Gotleib Harr, for gravel furnished	$35 00
Chess, Smythe & Co., for work rendered	46 80
Chess, Smythe & Co., for grading	60 50
Total	$142 30

A claim was presented in favor of William McKnight, for an allowance on paving Carson street, for $23 43, which on motion of Mr. Erny, was accepted and a warrant ordered to be drawn.

On motion of Mr. Atkinson, a warrant was ordered to be drawn in favor of Peter Haherman for $400, on account of curb-stone furnished.

On motion of Mr. Jones, the Street Commissioner was authorized to notify the owners of all lots on all of the paved streets in the borough to have the sidewalks paved not less than six and a half feet wide, the same to be done immediately.

The Street Regulator stated that the amount of excavation on Joseph street, between Carson street and the river, was 2,160 cubic yards.

Mr. Jones moved that Mr. P. R. Howley be paid the sum of fifty cents per cubic yard for grading the streets named in the contract with him. Adopted.

Mr. Jones presented a petition from citizens, asking for the erection of gas-lamps at the following places: One on Joseph street, between Carson and Water; one on the corner of Sydney and Joseph streets; one on the corner of Wharton and Joseph streets; and one on the corner of Clifton and Joseph streets. The petition was granted, and the Street Committee authorized to have lamps erected at the above places.

The monthly report of the Treasurer was read and accepted.

On motion of Mr. Erny, the Street Commissioner was instructed to have cinders placed on the sidewalks of streets running between Meadow and Joseph streets, above Carson street.

On motion of Mr. Atkinson, a warrant was ordered to be drawn in favor of P. R. Hawley, for $500, on account of grading, and also one in favor of George Fennell, for $15, for lighting gas lamps.

The Burgess was instructed to procure a written opinion on the interpretation of the second section of the Act of Assembly, relative to the paving of streets in East Birmingham.

The Street Commissioner was instructed to have the sidewalk on Sarah street, near Meadow street, graded as soon as possible.

On motion, Council adjourned.

At a Meeting of the members of the Columbia Hose, Hook and Ladder Company, which was held on Monday evening, November 12th, 1866, the following notice was ordered to be published for the information of the citizens of Pittsburgh and Allegheny City: As certain persons, who are at present unknown to the members of the Columbia Hose Company, have been collecting money by representing themselves as authorized to collect money to purchase a new Hose Carriage for said Company, all citizens are cautioned against paying money to any person or persons for the use of this Fire Company, as no authority has been given to any member to collect money for any purpose whatever. All persons who have given money to the above mentioned persons are requested to send their address, together with date, amount of money given, and description of the person who collected it, to the following address: John Stokes, No. 24 Goodrich street, Allegheny City, as the Company intend to prosecute such persons if found, to the full extent of the law.

W. H. H. Glenn, President.

J. Stokes, Jr., Secretary.

P. S. This is not intended to affect the sale of tickets for the Ball to be given by the Company at City Hall, on December 19th, 1866.

The Indian Herb Doctor is performing astonishing cures; crowds of people are resorting to him for advice, and many are already cured. Nearly every disease to which the human system is subject, seems to give way upon his treatment, and to which the following lines appear applicable:

The deaf shall hear, the trembling limb be strong,
And groans of anguish mellow into song;
The infant, moaning on its mother's breast,
Shall fondly play, or, smiling, sink to rest.

So don't be cast down, be ye ever so ill,
But go and partake of his superior skill—
That never has failed, there are hundreds can tell,
Who are brought from death's door, now happy and well.

The Doctor's office is No. 194 Liberty street, between Market and Sixth streets. †

The Great Acclimating Tonic.

Wherever Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the celebrated American prevention of Climatic Diseases, have been introduced into unhealthy regions, their effects in sustaining the health, vigor and animal spirits of those whose pursuits subjected them to extraordinary risks from exposure and privation, have been wonderful. In the Army the superiority of this article over every other invigorating and alterative medicine has become so manifest where used, that it is relied upon, exclusively, as a protection against Billious Fever, Fever and Ague, and Bowel Complaints of every kind. The soldiers say it is the only stimulant which produces and keeps up a healthy habit of body in unwholesome locations. For the unacclimated pioneer and settler it is the most reliable of all safeguards against sickness. Throughout the United States it is considered the most healthful and agreeable of all tonics, and altogether unequalled as a remedy for Dyspepsia. The medicinal ingredients are all vegetable, and are held in solution by the most wholesome stimulant known—the Essence of Rye. "Hostetter's Bitters" are manufactured at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and no less than 50,000 dozen bottles are sold annually by druggists.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. Jones & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

FOREIGN EXCHANGE,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points, United States and Canadas.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

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FINANCE AND TRADE.

Wednesday, November 14, 1866.

There appears to be a general indisposition on the part of capitalists in our region to operate much either way in stocks or any local securities, and we have no transactions to note. The low price of oil deters purchasers from taking up the few lots of Columbia which are on the market, and holders are not disposed to urge sales by offering it at less than 16@16¼. We have seen a letter from a gentleman well posted in the affairs of this company, written in reply to inquiries, of which the following is an extract: "For my part I am unable to account for the low estimate at which such a stock is held. Although the price of oil in 1866 will not average much over one-half that of 1865, the Columbia will divide to her stockholders fully two-thirds the amount of her dividends in 1865. At the figures of $16 00 per share the Company is paying 36 to 40 per cent. per annum."

—Business houses, and especially our bankers and brokers, having correspondence with New York, notice an improvement recently in the transmission of letters; those which are mailed here at 3 P. M. reaching the desk of their correspondents in New York at 3 P. M. the next day, instead of as formerly not until the following morning. There is no good reason, however, why a further improvement should not be made, and the mail sent via Allentown, which would put it into New York at 10 A. M. the following day, and be distributed say by noon. As the train by that route leaves New York at 8 P. M., the mail could be kept open until 6 P. M. instead of as now at 4 o'clock and coming via Philadelphia—and we would receive our New York letters as now about 2 P. M.

The importance of having the mail carried by the speediest route, and as rapidly as passengers can travel, is apparent to all business men, and especially to bankers and brokers.

—The New York quotations received as usual at Bryan's Stock rooms, show a slight advance in gold, but no material improvement in the leading railway stocks. The following are the figures:

Gold	145½
U. S. Bonds, 1881	114
" 5-20's 1862	110
" " 1865	107⅛
" " new issues, 1865	109⅛
" 1st series 7-30's	107⅛
" 2d and 3d series 7-30's	105⅝
Michigan Southern	86⅝
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	88⅝
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago	108⅜
Erie	81⅛
W. U. Telegraph Co	50⅝
Chicago and Rock Island	107⅛
Chicago and Northwestern	53⅜

Mining shares were as follows:

Gregory (gold)	$12 25
Quartz Hill	4 50
Hope	1 25
Corydon	5 37
Holman	22
Nye	13
Liberty	19

—The public remember the recent heavy robbery of coupon bonds and other securities from the office of Mr. Lord, at New York. Some of the stolen coupons having been detected and traced to brokers and bankers in that city who purchased them, after notice given in the usual way that they had been stolen, suit has been brought to recover from those parties the coupons or their value. This is a very important question to money dealers. At the time of the robbery, a Mr. Barron, who brings suit against the broker, had in Mr. Lord's safe over half a million in securities, besides the $1,300,000 lost by Mr. Lord himself. Some time ago Mr. Barron heard from the Treasury Department in Washington that three bonds of the value of $7,000 had been converted by Vermilye & Co. and Jay Cooke & Co. into five-twenties. Mr. Barron immediately demanded the bonds or their value from Vermilye & Co., on the ground that they took the securities with notice. Vermilye & Co. refused to accede to the request, denying that they had notice, and the suit is now brought by Mr. Barron to compel defendants to surrender the bonds or their value. The point raised by the defense is that the party who takes the note in the usual course of business and gives value for it is not bound to make inquiry as to the validity of such note, even though diligence would have informed him as to the defect in the title. The ground taken is that the title of a person to a note was the same as to a check or coupon received in good faith and for value, and cannot be impeached for negligence. This view of the case is sustained by a London decision, where a £500 note on the Bank of England was stolen from Brown, Shipley & Co., and passed to a third party, a money changer, with whom had been filed notice, but he had neglected to examine it. In that case the purchaser of the note was sustained, and his note was received by the Bank of England, proving that not attending to the notice may be negligence, but is not enough to affect the title.

—There is no change in the money market, and the plethora still continues, but there is a manifest uneasiness among the speculators in merchandise, and a much greater disposition to realize. Prices of very many articles are steadily giving way, but the consumer is getting, as yet, but little benefit therefrom. In dress goods the decline has reached the retailer and the buyer, and high priced imported fabrics have in some cases fallen as much as two dollars per yard. In produce the decline has been considerable to wholesale dealers, but retailers, from whom the people purchase, still refuse to yield.—*Phil. News.*

—Another feature of our money market is a deficiency in collections. Country merchants are paying up very slowly, and city jobbers are compelled to borrow in order to meet their own bills which are maturing. This is a bad sign, but if it shall check the credit system, compensatory results will be realized. If country merchants cannot pay up promptly now, while produce commands high prices, when is the time coming that is likely to witness prompt payments? The fact is, the country is overstocked with goods, and consumers are buying sparingly, in anticipation of lower prices. This causes a suspense in trade, and a general feeling of uneasiness among merchants.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial, Thursday, November 15, 1866.

Business remains inactive. The sales of the leading articles were few and far between. Dealers are disposed to take hold very sparingly at this time, preferring to await until trade becomes more settled. The weather continues unusually pleasant for the season. The packers are anxiously a cold spell in order to commence slaughtering. This state of affairs leaves the hog market in a very unsettled condition, and so will it remain until relieved by old Winter. The packing preparations in this vicinity are said to be more extensive than for many years past. The present low stage of water interferes largely with trade in all its various departments. Among the shipments we notice a large amount of Pittsburgh manufactures, intended for the Southern markets. The Armenia is receiving a large amount; she will leave on the first rise for New Orleans direct. The Argosy took her departure yesterday, for Cincinnati, with all the freight she could manage. She will be followed to-day by the Nora—an excellent boat. The fine packet Sherman was detained, but will take her leave to day, for Cairo and St. Louis. The Camelia is fast filling up for Nashville: she will have dispatch. The J. L. Graham has a Nashville sign up. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

Apples—The market continues to be well supplied. Yesterday's receipts were 905 bbls. Sales were made principally for local purposes. We note the following: 1 car at $2 25; 1 do, $2 85; 1 do, $3 50, and 1 do at $3 75 per bbl.

Butter—The supply exceeds the demand. Dealers were disposed to confine their purchases to lots for home purposes, at prices ranging from 28@32c.

Eggs—Were scarce, and wanted for home use and for shipment. Sales of 16 pkgs. The extremes were 31@33c.

Cranberries—The market exhibited no activity. Prices have been uniform for some time. Sales of 8 bbls common at $15 00, and 6 do cultivated at $20 00 per bbl.

Hay—The market remains steady, with a fair demand. Sales of 10 tons, on the wharf, at $25 00, and 8 loads, at the scales, at $26 00@27 00.

Flour—The market has undergone no particular change since our last. Prices remain about the same. The receipts have increased; yesterday's reached 2,426 bbls. Holders are not inclined to make any further concessions. The current rates were: Spring, $12 00@12 25@12 50; Ford's, $12 50; Crossett's, $12 75; Desplaine's, $12 50; Jenkins's Eureka, $13 75. Other brands were disposed of at about the same range of prices. Our dealers appear inclined to hold out for the figures we have named.

Grain—Inactivity appears to hold possession of the grain market. The unsettled condition of affairs in the West appears to have caused dealers here to hold off for the present so far as relates to certain descriptions. Corn—Receipts 6 car loads and 384 sacks; sales 350 bushels old shelled, $1 08; sales 3 cars of new ear, 70a71c. Barley—Receipts 1,365 sacks, the larger portion being consigned to maltsters and brewers; sales 300 bush. Elevator, $1 08 for spring. Wheat—Receipts 10 car loads; market quiet; buyers and sellers apart, prices nominal. Oats were more active; receipts 294 sacks; sales 1,200 bush; first hands, 55c, and 700 do, Elevator, same figures. Rye—no receipts or sales.

Cheese—We have nothing new to note in regard to this article: Receipts 656 boxes; the current rates were: Western, Reserve, 16c; Hamburg, 17a18c; Goshen, Eastern, 20a21c; Factory, Eastern, 19c. The market contains an ample supply of the various descriptions.

Buckwheat Flour—Not much doing; sales 4½ tons, in bulk, at $4 00a4 50 per cwt.

Bacon—Was dull; the sales were confined altogether to lots to meet the immediate wants of the jobbing trade; as prices were unchanged, we omit them.

Groceries.

With the exception of a decline in Refined Sugars, the market remains unchanged. We quote:

Coffee—Rio, choice, 31c; Rio, prime, 30c; Rio, good, 28c; Rio, fair, 27c; Java, 42c; Laguayra, 31c.

Sugar—Cuba fair, 12½c; Cuba, prime, 14½c; Porto Rico, good to prime, 13½@15c; Refined, Crushed, Powdered and Granulated, 17c; A Coffee, 16c; B Coffee, 15¾c; Extra C, 15½c; C Coffee, 15¼c.

Syrup—Lovering's, $1 30; good brands, 85c@$1 00; English Island Molasses, 85c; Porto Rico Molasses, 85c.

Rice—Rangoon, 11@11½c.

Tea—Imperial and Gunpowder, $1 50@2 25; Young Hyson, $1 00@2 00; Oolong, 90c@1 30; Japan, $1 00@1 60.

Spices—Pepper, 38c; Pimento, 35c; Cloves, 50c; Nutmegs, $1 65; Cassia, 70c.

Bicarb. Soda—Bicarb. Soda, 12c.

Indigo—Madras, $1 65, and Manilla, $1 75.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial, Thursday, November 15, 1866.

Business since our last has undergone but few changes. Holders of crude were firm, refusing to part with good oil below 11c in bulk, and 16c including packages. There was a large falling off in the receipts yesterday, which only reached 1,526 barrels. Navigation to Oil City at present is both difficult and expensive. The stock of oil on the market at present is limited, which strengthens the views of holders. Among the sales were the following: 1,000 barrels bulk at 11c; 800 barrels do, 11c; 400 do and 147 do, all at 11c. Total sales, 2,347 barrels.

Refined Oil—We have no particular change to notice. The sales reported since our last were as follows: 500 barrels bonded, Philadelphia delivery, February, 35½c; 500 barrels bonded, free on cars, immediate, 29c; 500 barrels, deliverable on the cars from 20th to 30th of November, 29c; 200 barrels do, same terms and conditions. Certain dealers are not offering at these figures. They are disposed to wait, being in no hurry to make contracts just at this time.

Free oil was dull and neglected.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny River.

Baxter & Allison	40	Strickler	89
W P Logan	277	Fisher Bro	891
Barbour & Smithson	58	D Bly	50
J Gallagher	121		
Total			1,526

FAMILY MARKET.

LIVING EXPENSES IN PITTSBURGH.

CAREFULLY REVISED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial, Wednesday, November 14, 1866.

Below will be found the retail prices of various articles, of a good quality. There are but few changes from the quotations given last week. The cold frosty nights are beginning to tell on vegetables, but there is still an abundant supply:

BREAD AND CRACKERS.			
Wheat loaf, each	10	Graham Crackers, ₱ lb	16
Rye "	10	Dyspepsia "	15
Boston, Crackers, ₱ lb	16	Cream "	40
Wine " "	17	Graham Wafers, "	17
Soda " "	16	Milk Biscuit, "	17
Oyster " "	15	Ginger Snaps, "	25
Water " "	13	Pilot Bread, "	13
Butter " "	16	Tea Cake, ass'd "	25
Sugar " "	17	Almond Nuts "	25
Ærated bread, per loaf	10	Cold Water Gr'h'm "	13
BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.			
Butter, Print, ₱ lb	40 to 50	Cheese, com'n Ohio	20
" Prime Roll	35	Eggs, hen ₱ doz	35 to 45
" Common	30	Dutch Cheese, ₱ doz	20
Crock butter	35	Cheese, Goshen	25
FISH—FRESH.			
Lake Salmon	12	White Bass	12
Mackinaw Trout, ₱ lb	15	Lake Herring	8
White fish	15	Eels, ₱ lb	20
Black Bass	15	Perch, ₱ lb	12
Suckers, ₱ lb	10	Salmon, ₱ lb	20
Cat Fish, ₱ lb	10 to 15	Halibut, ₱ lb	25
FISH—DRY, SHELL, SMOKED, ETC.			
Cod, dry ₱ lb	10	Mackerel, No. 1, shore in kits	$4 00
Haddock (smoked) ₱ lb	25	Mackerel No. 2 large	3 25
Halibut (smoked) ₱ lb	25	" No. 3 ₱ lb	10
Burlington Herring ₱ doz	50	Oysters, half can	50
		" can	1 00
Lobsters, 2½ lb cans, each	50	White Fish, ₱ lb	12½
Fresh Cove and spiced Oysters ₱ can, 1 lb	30	Salmon (smoked) ₱ lb	40
		" (pickled)	25
" " 2 lb	50	Turtles, ₱ lb	10 to 12
		Lobsters, (live,) ₱ lb	10
FLOUR, MEAL, &C.			
Extra Family, ₱ bbl	$14 00 to 15 00	Corn Starch, ₱ paper	14
Extra Family, in bags	3 70	Farina, ₱ paper	20
Fancy flour, ₱ bbl	17 00	Hominy, ₱ lb	8
Self raising, ₱ 12 lb bag	1 05	Indian Meal, ₱ bush	1 20
		Oatmeal, ₱ lb	9
		Samp "	8
FRUITS, NUTS, ETC., DRY.			
Apples ₱ lb	20	Prunes (eating)	60
Almonds	40 to 60	Pecans	25
Cocoa Nuts, each	25	Brazil Nuts	40
Raisins ₱ lb	25 to 30	Filberts	40
Peaches	25	Currants	22
English Walnuts	30	Dates	40
Peanuts ₱ qt	20	Figs	38 to 40
Dried Cherries, ₱ qt	35	Citrons, ₱ lb	60
Prunes (cooking)	30		
FRUITS—GREEN, CANNED; OILS, JELLIES, &C.			
Apples ₱ hlf peck	10 to 20	Peaches, 3 lb cans	60
Lemons ₱ doz	60 to 75	Tomatoes 2½ lb cans	30
Green corn, 2½ lb cns	60	Assorted jellies in tumblers	35
Strawberries, do do	60 to 75		
Blackberries, do do	50	Pickles, in jars	30, 50 to 60
Pears, do do	60	Ketchup, ₱ bottle	25 to 40
Sardines, ½ boxes	50	Salad oil, ₱ bottle	62 to 1 25
Do ¼ do	35	Sauces, do	25, 60 to 75
Honey, strained, ₱ lb	35	Honey, ₱ lb	40 to 50
Oranges ₱ doz	75	Grapes, ₱ lb	15 to 25
GROCERIES.			
Coffee, choice Rio ₱ lb	30 to 33	Tea, Young H'n	1 50 to 2 00
Roast Rio ₱ lb	35	" Foungtai	1 50
Java	40 to 45	" Imperial	2 00
Sugar, brown, ₱ lb	12½	Candles, star ₱ lb	25 to 35
" light	15 to 16	" tallow	18 to 20
" crushed and powdered	18 to 19	Lard ₱ lb	25
" maple	20	Rice, Island ₱ lb	12
Molasses Porto Rico ₱ gal	80 to 1 00	" S. Carolina	15
" Cuba	80 to 1 00	Salt, table ₱ bx	15
" Sorgh'm	80 to 1 00	Soap, rosin ₱ lb	6 to 8
Tea, Oolong ₱ lb	1 00 to 1 50	Starch ₱ lb	10
" Eng. Break. F. F	1 50 to 1 75	Macaroni, Italian ₱ lb	25
" Souchong	1 00 to 1 50	" American	20
Chocolate, ₱ lb	60 to 70	Tapioca ₱ lb	20
Soda, ₱ lb	10	Syrups, Best	1 50
		do Penna	1 25
		do common	1 00
MEATS—FRESH.			
Sirloin, ex. cut, ₱ lb	25	Leg of Mutton ₱ lb	12 to 15
Rib roast, do ₱ lb	25	Fore quarter ₱ lb	10 to 12
do do ₱ lb	20	Veal cutlets, ex., ₱ lb	25
Round, ₱ lb	18 to 20	do do	20
Chuck rib, ₱ lb	12 to 15	Roast veal, ₱ lb	15 to 20
Cross rib, ₱ lb	12	Stewing veal, ₱ lb	12 to 15
Plate and Nvs	12	Liver pudding, ₱ lb	10
Liver, ₱ lb	5 to 10	Kidneys, each	10 to 15
Hearts, each	25 to 40	Tripe, each	50 to 75
Pork, ₱ lb	18 to 20	Sweet bread, ₱ pair	15 to 20
Mutton chops	15 to 20	Haslets (sheep) each	5 to 10
Suet, ₱ lb	15 to 20	Calves Heads, each	10
MEATS—SALT, SMOKED, ETC.			
Dried Beef ₱ lb	30	Tongues, smoked, each	80 to 1 10
Breakfast bacon	28	Sausages, ₱ lb	20
Ham	25 to 28	Pigs feet, ₱ set	25 to 30
Shoulders	16 to 20	Bologna	20 to 50
Sides, clear	18 to 25	Sliced Ham, ₱ lb	30 to 35
Corned Beef	10 to 15		
Hogshead cheese, ₱ lb	20		
POULTRY AND GAME.			
Geese, each	75 to $1 00	Spring Chickens, ₱ pair	60c to $1 00
Dressed Chickens per pair	75 to 1 25	Turkeys, each	$1 00 to 2 50
Ducks, ₱ pair	75 to 1 00	Dressed Ducks, ₱ pair	$1 50 to 1 75
Pheasants, ₱ pair	1 25	Squirrels, ₱ pair	25 to 50
Wild Ducks, ₱ pair	75 to 1 25	Quails, ₱ doz	4 50
		Rabbits, ₱ pair	60 to 90
SPICES OF A PURE QUALITY.			
Cinnamon, ₱ lb	$1 00	Cayenne, ₱ lb	$1 00
Alspice, ₱ lb	60	Mace, ₱ lb	2 00
Ginger, ₱ lb	60	Nutmegs, ₱ lb	2 00
Cloves, ₱ lb	80	Mustard, ₱ lb	60
Pepper, ₱ lb	50	Jamaica Ginger, ₱ lb	75
SUNDRIES.			
Coal, ₱ bushel	12 to 13	Apple butter, ₱ qt	20 to 25
Brooms, each	35 to 50	Canton Ginger, ₱ jar	3 00
Pickles, ₱ doz	20 to 25	Spiced Salmon, ₱ can	2 25
Baking Powders, ₱ paper	30 to 65	Blair's Liquid Rennet, ₱ bottle	35
Burnett's Extract, ₱ bottle	30 to 40	Bed Cords (Manilla), each	70
Concentrated Lye, ₱ box	25	Bed Cords (Hemp), each	50
Babbitt's Washing Powder, ₱ lb	15	Wheaten Grits, (Heckers') ₱ p'k'g	25
Milk, ₱ qt	12	Sour Kraut, ₱ qt	10
Wooden B'kts, each	30 to 40	Schmear Kase, ₱ qt	10 to 15
Tubs, each	30 to 175	Vinegar ₱ gallon	50
Coal oil, ₱ qt	20	Cloth pins, 6 doz for	25
VEGETABLES.			
Horse rad'sh, ₱ root	8 to 12	Soup Beans, ₱ quart	8 to 10
Lettuce, ₱ head	3 to 5	Potatoes, ₱ half peck	12 to 15
Onions, ₱ qr peck	10 to 15	Cabbage, ₱ head	5 to 15
Parsnips, ₱ bunch	5	Parsley, ₱ bunch	3 to 5
Lima Beans, ₱ qt	25 to 30	Shives, ₱ bunch	3 to 5
Carrots ₱ bunch	5	Cabbage Turnips, 4 for	10
Water melons, each	10 to 50	New Corn ₱ dozen	15
Huckleberries ₱ qt	20	Vegetable Eggs, e'h	5 to 20
Marrowfat pumpkins		Radishes, ₱ b'ch	3 to 5
Sweet Potatoes ₱ qr. peck	15	Cranberries ₱ quart	20
Turnips ₱ half peck	15	Celery per head	8 to 10
Beets, ₱ qr. peck	10	Green Pepper, ₱ doz	10
FEED, AT RETAIL.			
Hay, ₱ cwt	$1 50	Shorts, cut, ₱ cwt	$1 50
Oats ₱ bush		Middlings ₱ cwt	2 25
Corn, ₱ bush	$1 00 to 1 10	Seconds, ₱ cwt	2 00
Oil Meal, ₱ bush	1 35		

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CINCINNATI.

The receipts of cattle, for the week ending Monday evening, were at the Brighton pens 1,200 head, and at the Union Yards, 1,077 head. The market during the week was dull. At the Union Yards 400 head were sold on Monday. At the Brighton pens, on the same day, 700 head were on the market. A large portion of the cattle were of inferior quality. The market opened slow, butchers would not pay the prices, and drovers didn't want to come down; but the latter had to succumb, and toward noon sales began at a decline of 50c, but the market was sluggish all day, and 300 head were left over unsold; 100 head were taken by a packer. The butchers were the only other buyers.

Quotations per 100 lbs gross weight—Common $3 50a4 00, medium $4 00a4 50, prime $4 50a5 00, and extra $5 50a6 00.

Hogs—The weather, on Monday, was more favorable for slaughtering, which caused a better inquiry for kegs, and, the offerings being light, holders demanded higher prices, and succeeded in making some sales at $7a7 50 gross, the latter for heavy averages; the market, however, did not receive much support at these figures. The purchases were made chiefly to fill contracts. The receipts for the forty-eight hours ending at noon, were 2 100 head.

COVINGTON, KY.

Cattle—The market has been well supplied during the past week, and sales rather dull at the following figures, viz: Shipping cattle, $7 00a7 25 per 100 lbs; first quality of butchers' stuff, $6 00a6 25; second quality, do, $5 00a5 50; third quality do, $4 00a4 50. Total receipts during the week, 2,026 head, 760 head of which were for this market, and the remainder for New York.

Hogs—In the early part of the week just closed hogs went off pretty briskly at from $7 00a8 25 per 100 lbs gross, but about Wednesday afternoon the market became extremely dull and sales could not be made at over $7 50 for the best quality, some grades selling as low as $6 25. On Friday the average price did not exceed $6 50. To-day there is a better demand, and the same quality sold from $7 00 to $7 25. The number left over in the pens amounted to 200 head. Total receipts during the week ending at noon Monday, 5,900 head; number slaughtered for packing purposes, 1,200 head.

PHILADELPHIA.

The arrival and sales of Beef Cattle, for the week ending Monday evening, at the Avenue Drove-yard, were large, reaching about 2 600 head. The market continues moderately active, but prices were without any material change, extra Pennsylvania and Western Steers selling at from 16a16½c; a few choice at 17c; fair to good at 14a15c, and common at from 11a13c per lb, as to quality. The market closed dull within the above range of prices.

Cows were in demand at full prices. About 250 head arrived and sold at the Avenue Drove-yard at from $50 a80 for springers and $70a105 per head for cow and calf, as to condition and quality.

Sheep were also in fair demand at an advance. About 12,000 head arrived and sold at from 6a6¾c for extra fat sheep and 5¼a5¾c per lb, gross, for common to good, as to condition.

Hogs were dull and rather lower. About 3 100 head arrived and sold at the Union and Avenue Drove-yards at from $11a12 the 100 lbs, net, according to quality.

Cincinnati Markets.

November 13.—Coal—The weather has been too warm for an active market, but prices remain steady at 9a10c ₱ bush for Ohio river coal, afloat, and 12a13c for Youghiogheny.

Grease—There is not much doing, and prices are a shade easier. We quote brown at 8a8½c, yellow at 9a9½c, and white at 10a10½c ₱ lb.

Iron and Steel—There is an active demand for hot blast pig at full prices, and stocks are not accumulating. Bloom iron is scarce and prices nominal. Manufactured iron and steel are steady.

We quote Missouri blooms at $118a120 per ton. Pig—Hot blast foundry iron at $50a52, mill iron at 48a49, Tennessee cold blast at $53a55, and car wheel iron at $65a70 per ton. Manufactured, flat, round and square bar, boiled, 5c; do charcoal, 6¾c per lb; sheet iron, Nos. 10 to 17, boiled, 7c; charcoal, 10c. Horse shoes, $8 25a8 75 per keg. Mule shoes, $9 25a9 75 per keg. Steel—American cast, 19½c; American cast spring steel, 14½c; imported tool steel, 26a27c per lb.

Linseed Oil—Was held more firmly, though the demand is still light. It can be bought at $1 42.

Provisions—The market remains quiet, and there is, says the *Commercial*, a good deal of irregularity in prices. The stock of old mess pork is nearly exhausted. It is held at $31a31 50, at which rates it is selling in jobbing lots. New Mess is quoted nominally at $25 on the spot, and the same price is asked for delivery the last half of this month, but this is above the views of buyers. Green Meats are held higher, the weather being more favorable. The prices now asked are 7½c for Shoulders, 10½c for Rib Sides, and 12½c for Hams. The stock of bulk Shoulders is about exhausted. They can not be bought at less than 13½c, packed. Rib Sides are dull at 14½c. Bacon is in but limited demand. Shoulders are held at 13½c, all packed. Sugar cured Hams are quiet at 22a23c, canvased and packed. Lard was in fair demand at 13c for prime new and old, but generally held ½c higher.

Tobacco.—The receipts of old leaf are light, and stocks are running low; fine bright leaf is in active request, and brings full prices; low grades are in fair demand. Manufactured tobacco is unusually dull, but prices are unchanged. We quote:

Virginia—Common lugs, 6a12c; medium leaf, 13a15c; fine leaf, 18a25c; selections, bright; 30ca$1 00.

Ohio Seed Leaf—Fillers 7 lb. 2a4c: medium wrappers, 5a10c; fine wrappers, 12a16c; selections 19a20c.

Mason County—Trash, 3a4½c; plugs, 5a9c medium leaf, 10a12c; good leaf, 15a18c; fine leaf, 20a25c; selections, bright and sweet, 38a42c.

Manufactured—Dark 5s, 8s and 10s, 68a75c; dark quarters and navy halves, 68a75c; bright 10s and quarters, 80ca$1 60; bright pounds, common, 90ca$1 00; bright pounds, fine, $1 10a1 40; Virginia bright pounds, unsound, 50a80c; do, sound and fine $1 00a1 60.

Tallow—There has been an active demand during the week, with a light supply, and prices have advanced to 10¾a11c ₱ lb for country and 11¼c for city rendered.

Whisky—The market has been quiet all the week for bonded at 35c ₱ gallon. Free raw has ruled dull at $2 33a2 34, the latter the jobbing rate. At the close all kinds are dull and weak.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,

No. 31 Fifth Street.

Have now in store one of the largest stock of

BOOTS,

SHOES AND GAITERS,

Ever brought to this city, all of which will be sold

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

AT THE

LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

Our Goods are warranted to give satisfaction.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

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FITZPATRICK & BROTHER,

FIRST PREMIUM

GOLD PEN MANUFACTURERS,

No 43 MARKET ST., near Third street, Pittsburgh. Pens and Cases, Wholesale and Retail. Pens repaired. Persons out of the city having Pens to repair can send them by mail and promptly returned.

no13-ymT,F

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, November 14, 1866.

Flour—Quiet.

Wheat—Firm and advanced 1@3c: sales at $2 11 for No. 1.

Corn—Closed quiet, and declined 4c, at 87a89c for No. 2.

Oats—Active and advanced 1c, at 40½a42c for No. 2.

Provisions—Dull.

Hogs—Dull at $7 25 for good to choice.

Freights—Dull at 10@10½c on corn to Buffalo.

Receipts—Flour 13,000 bbls, wheat 71,000 bus, corn 80,000 bus, oats 45,000 bus, hogs 1,900.

Shipments—Flour 7,000 bbls, wheat 38,000 bus, corn 129,000 bus, oats 125,000 bus.

New York Finance and Trade

Gold Closed at 144⅛@144¼.

New York, November 14—9 P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET

Closed up perfectly easy at 4@5 per cent., with a tendency towards even greater ease. Discounts are moderately active at 6@7 per cent. for prime names, but all paper is scanned very closely.

THE GOLD MARKET

Left off quietly at 144⅛@144¼. Cash gold is rather more plenty, and 3 per cent. was paid this afternoon to have it carried.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The market for foreign exchange remains very dull and rates were almost nominal. Prime Bankers' bills 109@109½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Were quiet and steady this afternoon, at the following quotations: Registered '81, 114@114¼; coupons '81, 114@114¼; 5-20's registered '62, 107¼@107½; do coupons '62, 110@110¼; do coupons '64, 107@107¼; do do '65, 107⅛@107¼; do January and July, 109⅛@109¼; 10-40's registered, 100⅜@100½; do coupons, 109⅜@109¼; August 7-30's 107½@107¾; June do, 105¾@106 July do, 105¾@105¾; June compounds '64 116¾@117; July do, 116¼@116½; August do, 115¾@116; October do, 114¾@115; December do, 113¾@114; May do, 112¾@112½; August do, 110⅝@111; September do, 110¼@110½; October do, 109¾@110.

STOCKS.

There was a more buoyant feeling at the last open Board, and a general advance from the lowest point of the day, which was quite marked in some cases. A large number of weak parties have been sold out, and stocks have passed into stronger hands. The short interest in the whole market has been materially increased, and especially in the leading speculative Railway shares. At the close the market had a more settled appearance than for some days past, and it really looks as if the downward movement had been effectually arrested. There has been an increased disposition to buy stocks generally, and the late pressure has entirely disappeared. The following were the closing prices at 4 30 P. M: Ohio Certificates, 32½a32¾; Cumberland, 66½a66¾; Western Union Telegraph, 50½a50⅝; New York Central, 111⅞a112; Erie, 79⅛a80⅛; Hudson, 124a125; Reading, 114⅛a114¼; Illinois Central, 120⅛a120½; Pittsburgh, 88⅛; Toledo, 114¾a115; Rock Island and Pacific, 107a107½; North Western, 53⅛a53¾; do preferred, 75⅜a75¾; Fort Wayne and Chicago, 107⅛a107⅜.

New York, November 14—Money fairly active, chiefly at 5 per cent. Sterling dull at 108⅞a109¼. Gold scarcely so firm, opening at 144⅝, advancing to 145⅛; declining to 144¼, and closing at 144⅛. Government stocks a shade easier. Stocks steady; Gold, 144⅛. Rock Island, 107; Northwestern, 51⅞; Michigan Central, 113¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 88¾; Michigan Southern, 86; Reading, 114; Erie, 78; do preferred, 84; New York Central, 112½; Pacific Mail, 250; Atlantic Mail, 110; Western Union Telegraph, 50½; 10 40 coupons, 100⅞; 7 30s, second series 105⅞; 7-30s, third series, 105⅞; Alton and Wabash, 45; Cleveland and Toledo 115⅛.

The *Commercial's* money article says: The money market shows a tendency toward increased ease, the effect, perhaps, rather of a diminished demand from brokers than of any change in the condition of the banks. The larger stock firms are again able to borrow on stock collaterals at 4 per cent, though 5 per cent is the predominant rate. Discounts are somewhat active. There is a large supply of paper on the market, and some pressure to sell. The rate for prime names being 6a6½ per cent Foreign exchange nominal at 109a109¼ for prime bankers' sixty days sterling.

The *Post's* money article says: The loan market is more active and very little business is doing below 6 per cent, on call loans, and 6a7½ per cent. on discounts. The drain of currency to the interior still continues. The stock market opened steady, became weak and closed steady. After the regular board the quotations were: New York Central, 110⅞; Erie, 79¾; Hudson, 125; Reading, 113¾; Michigan Central, 112¾; Michigan Southern 84⅜; Pittsburgh, 87; Northwestern 59⅜; do preferred, 74; Toledo, 115¼. Foreign Exchange dull; bills at 60 days on London are quoted at 108¾a108⅞ for Commercial; 109a109¼ for Bankers; do at short sight, 109⅝a110.

New York Market.

New York, November 14.—Cotton fully 1c lower, with a moderate demand at 35c for middling uplands. Flour closed 10a15c better, but closed dull, with the advance partly lost, at $9 00a10 45 for super western; $10a12 for common to medium western; $11 25a13 40 for choice do; $11 50a12 40 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio, and $12 45a14 00 for trade brands. Rye flour quiet. Whisky quiet and unchanged. Receipts of wheat 111,931 bushels; market 3a5c better on spring, with a fair speculative demand; sales 89,000 bush at $2 30a2 50 for No. 2 Chicago and Milwaukee, the latter for very choice, and $2 18 for inferior Chicago spring. Rye quiet at $1 31 for old western. Barley—Market without decided change. Receipts of corn, 78,126 bushels; market opened 1c better, closed dull and declining; sales 126,000 bushels at $1 20a1 32 for shipping mixed western, in store, closing at $1 29a1 30. Receipts of oats, 64,013 bushels; market without decided change; sales 48,000 bushels at 69a71 cents for Chicago and Milwaukee. Rice—Market steady. Coffee quiet. Sugar dull; Cuba, 10¾a11¾c. Molasses dull. Petroleum quiet at 22c for Crude, and 31a35c for Refined, in bond. Coal—Foreign scarce and firm; sales 500 tons Newcastle gas, $11 50a11 75, ex ship; domestic quiet and unchanged at $5a7 75 per 2,000 pounds from yards. Wool quiet; sales 200,000 pounds at 45a57½c; domestic fleece, 25a56c; pulled, 56c; tubbed, 36a47c; California and Mestiza and Mexico on private terms. Leather—Hemlock sole scarcely so firm; 32½a33½c for Buenos Ayres, light weight; 34a35c middle do; 32a33c California, light weights; 33½a34½c middle do, and 32a37c heavy do. Pork opened heavy and declining, and closing more firmly; sales 6,100 bbls at $24 37a25 05 regular, and cash for new mess, closing at $24 87a25 00, cash and regular, and $21 00a22 50 for prime; also 1,800 bbls new mess at $25, seller, November, and $25 25, seller, January. Beef, 12 50a18 50 for new plain mess, and $18 50a23 50 new extra mess. Beef hams heavy and lower; sales 150 bbls at 35a40c. Bacon dull. Cut meats quiet; sales 145 packages, 12a13c for shoulders, and 14a15c for hams. Dressed hogs firmer at 9½a10½c for Western, chiefly 9¾a9½c heavy. Lard steady. Butter steady.

New York Dry Goods Market.

New York, November 14.—The dry goods market shows more animation, and more hopeful signs for the future. Yesterday afternoon there were more buyers in the market, and this morning there is a further increased demand, causing more activity than since the middle or 1st of October. The reduction in prices of goods by some leading jobbers Monday and yesterday also caused an increased demand from merchants near by, and altogether a much more satisfactory business is doing.

Buffalo Market.

Buffalo, November 14.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull; 7,500 bush No. 2 Milwaukee spring at $1 23; 2,500 bush No. 2 Chicago, steady. Corn—60,000 bush at $1 14a1 16, chiefly at $1 15, closing very quiet. Oats dull and held at 56c for No. 2 Chicago and Ohio. Barley—13,500 bush state about $1 10; Canada, $1 10a1 12. Rye quiet and nominal at about $1 20. Lard 16c. Whisky $2 35. Canal freights dull. Pork $27.

Oswego Market.

Oswego, November 14.—Flour steady; $11 75a12 00 for No. 1 spring, and $15 50 for double extra. Wheat—market better, with moderate demand; No. 2 Chicago spring, $2 25a2 30. Corn scarce; sales 11,000 bush No. 1 Indiana, $1 20. Barley in good demand; sales 84,000 bush Canada, at 91½a93c in bond, and $1 17a1 18 free. Rye steady. Canal freights unchanged.

St. Louis Market.

St. Louis, November 14.—Flour unchanged; large supply of low grades; prices weak. Wheat—heavy millers standing off. Corn advanced to 75c@$1 08 for old. Oats higher, at 50a52½c. Provisions unchanged. Lard heavy, at 11a15½c. Whisky $2 33 for free, and 34a35 bond.

Philadelphia Market.

Philadelphia, November 14.—Flour—market buoyant: sales of western at $12 25a13 75. Wheat quiet. Corn unsettled; yellow, $1 25a1 30. Oats unchanged. Provisions have a declining tendency. Lard and bacon unchanged. Whisky steady.

Milwaukee Market.

Milwaukee, November 14.—Flour steady. Wheat quiet; $2 12 for No. 1; $1 93a1 94 for No. 2. Corn firm; 94c for No. 1. Oats firm at 47c. Receipts—flour 2,300 bbls; wheat 55,000 bush. Shipments—flour 4,000 bbls; wheat 9,000 bush.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Per Pitts. Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.

H Rea, Jr, 160 sacks middlings; J S Liggett & Co, 4 cars wheat; Head & Metzgar, 100 bbls flour; Schomaker & Lang, 560 bbls flour, 25 boxes cheese; Kell & Ritchart, 100 bbls flour, 1 car apples; J Gardiner & Co 100 bbls flour; D Wallace, 100 do; T G Stewart, 100 bbls flour; J & W Fairly, 100 bbls flour; Cook, Bros & Co, 7 kegs butter; Shriver & Lazear, 20 bbls tobacco, 1 bbl lard oil; L H Voigt & Co, 5 kegs apple butter, 2 cars apples; T C Jenkins, 13 bbls apple butter, 2 bbls onions; Blair & Woods, 14 bbls apples; W J Steel & Bros, 13 bbls apples; W W Bradshaw, 1 box hardware; James Glenn, 470 sacks bran; Spang, Chalfant & Co, 1 car pig iron; W D Patterson, 186 sks grain; Jones & Laughlins, 98 old wheels; Hitchcock, McCreery & Co, 4 cars corn.

By Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

J S Liggett & Co, 127 sacks wheat; Potter, Aiken & Shepard, 8 kegs apple butter; Lippincott & Bakewell, 1 box axes; J Deitz, 10 boxes starch; J L Blackford, 25 do; E Heazelton, 10 do; D Haworth, 20 do, 2 crates do; C Hollman, 15 bxes, 3 crates do; Park, McCurdy & Co, 4 cars blooms; Shoenberger & Blair, 8 cars iron ore; McKnight, Porter & Co, 3 8 do; Martin, Brickell & Co, 1 do; Wood & Jenkins, 1 do; Rees, Graff & Dull, 1 do; Lloyd & Black, 1 do; J Painter & Son, 1 do; D Bly, 50 bbls S F oil; Barbour & Smithson, 58 do; C C Baisley, 30 bbls apples; T C Jenkins, 13 bbls apples; Haworth, McDonald & Co, 10 bbls oil; Jones & Laughlins 10 do.

Pitts. Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad.

J McKenny, 1 car oats, 70 bbls apples; J & W Fairley, 1 car corn; E Heazelton, 100 bbls flour; W & D Rinehart, 11 hhds tobacco; J W Lipton, 126 bbls apples, 19 sacks oats; Penna R R Co, 10 bbls oil; J Patterson, 2 boxes glassware; J Holland, 120 packages produce; Sturgeon & Bros, 5 bbls apples, 42 sacks oats; Meanor, Harper & Hood, 22 sacks barley; W Wavstoff, 1 car corn; Graff & Reiter, 1 bbl eggs, 4 do butter; McCullough Smith & Co, 9 sacks rags; J Miller & Son, 10 hf bbls fish; Cook, Bros & Co, 5 bbls eggs.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

McCullough, Smith & Co, 6 sacks rags; J A Best, 7 sacks buckwheat flour; J Gill & Son, 1 box merchandise; Shriver & Lazear, 50 bbls salt; Lyon Shorb & Co, 2 bbls cider; Knox & Orr, 1 bbl tallow; Martin Brickell & Co, 1 car iron and nails; Various owners, 1 car marketing; Lewis, Bailey, Dalzell & Co, 1 car pig iron; R C Loomis, 3 cars do; J Caskey, 19 bbls apples; Johnson, Taylor & Co, 2 cars brick; W J Woodward, 1 car stone; A Laughlin, 2 cars pig iron; S B Floyd & Co, 32 sacks buckwheat flour; S Barkley, 22 do; Monongahela House, 9 packages marketing.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

J C Patterson, 1 car posts; Beck, Phillips & Co, 1 car sand; E Holland, 1 car staves; A Howard, 2 bbls flour; Demler & Shultz, 2 heating stoves; W F Armstrong, 20 bundles sheet iron; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 6 coils rope, 30 bales oakum.

VALUABLE

COAL, IRON AND SALT

PROPERTIES FOR SALE,

IN

KANAWHA COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

The Lands consist of TWO TRACTS, one of

2,000 ACRES,

AND ONE OF

1,110 ACRES,

Abutting on the Kanawha River, about one mile above the town of Charleston, and is underlaid by

THREE VEINS OF BITUMINOUS COAL

Of very superior quality.

ONE VEIN OF CANNEL,

The best OIL producing Coal on this continent, yielding SEVENTY GALLONS OF OIL PER TON, and

TWO VEINS OF IRON ORE,

Yielding 34 per cent. of Iron, admirably adapted to making STEEL. All above water level. Also, upon the property, are

FOUR SALT WELLS,

Which produced, the last year worked,

140 000 Bushels of Salt,

In quality equal to any made in the Kanawha Valley. The property has been very fully examined by Profs. Dr. George G. Shumard and Rudolph Hodfeldt, and analysis, made of the minerals. From the Report, the following summary is extracted:

"I would state in conclusion that I consider this an exceedingly valuable tract of Land, and if properly worked, for COAL, IRON and SALT, can hardly fail to prove highly remunerative. Its chief valuable points are:

"1st. An inexhaustable supply of good BITUMINOUS COAL;

"2d. An abundance of valuable IRON ORE;

"3d. The strong probability of its yielding an abundance of SALT;

"4th. Its rich OIL COAL from which OIL can be profitably extracted;

"5th. Good FIRE CLAY;

"6th. An abundance of good TIMBER, and

"Lastly. A rich soil, capable of easy cultivation in the Valleys.

"(Signed) GEO. G. SHUMARD."

Either of the above Tracts will be sold separately, very low, and on favorable terms. For further particulars, Maps, and copy of Reports, apply to

GEORGE JEFFRIES,

CHARLESTON, Kanawha county, W. Virginia.

For further particulars apply to

R. W. POINDEXTER,

corner of Smithfield and Water sts., Pittsburgh.

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RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED

Arrived.		
Fayette	Donaldson	Geneva.
Chieftain	Abrams	Geneva.
Telegraph	Bugher	Brownsville.
Glasgow	Johnston	St. Louis.
Ezra Porter	Porter	New Orleans.
Forest City	Gordon	Parkersburg.
Departed.		
Elector	Phillips	Geneva.
Gallatin	Carlisle	Geneva.
Telegraph	Bugher	Brownsville.
Argosy	Vandergriff	Cincinnati.

River and Weather at Oil City.

[Per Merchants National Telegraph Line.]

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

Oil City, November 14, 1866.—Weather cloudy. River sixteen inches. Oil market dull.

The Allegheny River.

Franklin, November 14.—River at Oil City fourteen inches and falling; at Oleopolis twelve inches. Weather cloudy.

The River.—Last evening at twilight the marks indicated about the same water as the previous day. The arrivals include the Ezra Porter from New Orleans, and the Glasgow from St. Louis.

The fine packet, Silver Lake No. 4, Capt. Todd, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville on Saturday.

The Forest City is the regular packet for Parkersburg. She is in charge of the veteran John Gordon, the father of the Parkersburg and Wheeling trade.

The favorite packet, Kenton, Capt. J. H. Dunlap, will load in turn for Memphis and New Orleans, after the Armenia. We take pleasure in recommending boat and officers.

The favorite packet, Nora, Capt. Devenny, being unavoidably detained, will leave this day, positively, at 12 M. Shippers will please have their bills of lading on board.

The fine packet Camelia, Capt. J. L. Lytle, is fast filling up for Clarksville and Nashville. Passengers and shippers can bear this in mind.

The U. S. Mail Line to Brownsville and Geneva have changed their hour of departure. The boats, until further notice, will leave the wharfboat at 8 A. M. and 2 and 5 P. M., punctually.

The first-class packet Sherman, Capt. Jonathan Crane, is announced for Cairo and St Louis. The Sherman is one of the best boats of her class afloat, and is in charge of as clever and gentlemanly set of officers as can be produced. We take pleasure in saying a good word for boat and officers.

The first class passenger packet Nora, Captain Devenny, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville, on Tuesday. This boat has unsurpassed accommodations and is in charge of as clever set of officers as can be found. Captain Devenny is a great favorite with shippers and passengers.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.—By card of the steamer Spray, it will be seen that she leaves on Saturday, for Cincinnati and Louisville. This is a fine passenger steamer, and her officers—Captain Smith and Mr. J. Dunlavey—will not be found wanting, in duty to business or to the comfort of travelers.

Peoples Line—Change of Time.—The officers of this company will run their boats until further notice, as follows: Chieftain leaves Brownsville daily, at 7 A. M., for Pittsburgh, and this city at 5 P. M. The Elector will leave Geneva for Pittsburgh on Monday, Tuesday and Friday—leaving here on the alternate days, at 2 P. M. By this arrangement there will be a daylight boat.

Ho for the Sunny South.—The first class passenger packet Armenia, Capt. McCallam, is announced for Memphis and New Orleans this day. For speed, accommodations and attentive officers, this boat has no superior. We take pleasure in recommending boat and officers. Our friend Mc., Jr., will see that passengers have the best of attention.

Cincinnati.

November 13.—We condense the following from the *Enquirer*:

The weather yesterday was clear and pleasant. The thermometer, at two P. M., indicated a temperature of 54 degrees in the shade.

The river at this point still continues to fall slowly, with scant 15 feet water in the channel at six o'clock last evening.

Business on the landing, taking into consideration that it was "blue Monday," was rather active yesterday, and considerable amounts of freight were offered for shipment to points South.

Fined.—The law against the transportation by steamboats of combustible matter has been so often violated here that the Surveyor of this port was determined to vindicate the law. Several indictments were found in the United States District Court, and the following parties were fined on Saturday last: Captain C. David, of the C. T. Dumont, to indictments, $100 each; three against Captain F. Carter, of the Major Anderson, $100 each, and three against Captain R. Wade, of the General Buel, $100 each.

Miller, of the *Commercial*, thus speaks of Capt. Donaldson's new packet Great Republic. All we ask is give her the credit she is entitled to—nothing more. We hope Miller will be along some of these days in order to judge for himself. Last time he visited our city, we were laid up for repairs; being all right again we would be glad to see our accomplished friend of the *Commercial*. In regard to the painting—that will be all right, but call up and see us; "The press of Pittsburgh and all who have examined Capt. Donaldson's new steamer Great Republic, universally agree that she will be one of the most complete business, as well as the most magnificent passenger steamers afloat. We have always given the proper credit to our Pittsburgh friends for building excellent boats, but must confess we have one fault to find, which is the painting. While Pittsburgh mechanics build fast and splendid steamers, they always turn out dark and dingy jobs of painting. We hope Capt. Donaldson will see that she receives several coats of pure, white, zinc paint, which we are sure, will greatly add to her appearance.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says:

Captain Hugh Campbell is at the Burnett House. Our special dispatches announce the sinking of the Alexander Speer in Red River, and an accident to the Fashion, near New Orleans, by colliding with the Kate Kinney.

Evansville, Ind., November 12.—Yesterday and to-day have been beauties. Heavy white frosts both mornings; clear and pleasant during the day. The river has fallen a foot during the last twenty-four hours. Business lively. Port list: Sunday—Dora, Cincinnati to St. Louis; Laura Fenton, Memphis to Louisville; Swallow, New Orleans to Cincinnati; Bellvernon, Pittsburgh to St. Louis; Tempest, Louisville to Tennessee River; Robert Burns, Memphis to Cincinnati. Monday—Golden Era, Luella and Armadillo, St. Louis to Cincinnati; Maggie Hays and Darling, Cincinnati to Memphis; Indiana, Louisville to New Orleans. The Tempest had about half a load. All the other boats were full. The Burns was crowded with cotton. The Laura Fenton discharged 700, and the Swallow 200 bales cotton here. Most descending boats did a good deal of business here. The packets are doing a fair business.

Cairo, November 12—Our port list to day is as follows: Stephen Decatur, St. Louis to Louisville; Sam J. Hale, Memphis to Cincinnati; Belle Vernon, Pittsburgh to St. Louis. The Decatur is light, and goes up to be dismantled. The Hale has 172 bales cotton for Evansville; 14 do, 174 sacks cotton seed, 98 beer kegs, and 70 packages merchandise for Cincinnati. All well, and will arrive Wednesday night. The Belle Vernon is deeply laden. The river rose twelve inches to day. Weather clear; thermometer forty-four degrees. Business dull.

Cincinnati, November 14.—The *Commercial's* New Orleans dispatch of the 13th, furnishes the following particulars of the burning of the steamer Henry Von Phul, with 3,800 bales of cotton, at three o'clock this morning, above Donaldsonville. The fire communicated to the cotton from the pipe of a deck hand, and was soon under full headway. The boat was immediately run ashore.

There were one hundred and one passengers on board, including a number of ladies, nearly all of whom escaped ashore, with the loss of their baggage and clothes, many of them having only their night clothes. One passenger was burned and several drowned. Boat and cargo a total loss.

Memphis.

November 12.—Weather clear and cool. River rising. Passed down: Sunday—Clara Dolson, Virginia, Ames, Argosy, Abeona, Cora S. To-day—Continental, Silver Moon, Groesbeck. Passed up: Sunday—M. S. Mepham, A. J. Baker. To-day—Belle Memphis, Mercury, Welcome. The Cora S. and Mercury, the latter with 100 bales cotton, return to morrow; the Abeona and Silver Moon on Wednesday.

The Memphis *Avalanche* of the 10th says: The Tahlequah arrived yesterday morning from Cincinnati. She discharged here one hundred tons of merchandise, and left for Little Rock. She will ply as a regular packet in the Memphis and Little Rock trade.

The Charleston, Capt. Goglin, arrived yesterday morning from Little Rock with one hundred and six bales of cotton.

The new steamer S. J. Hale, was to leave Memphis for Cincinnati on Saturday, with 1,147 bales of cotton.

New Orleans.

November 12.—The Red river packet Alex. Speer sunk on her last trip in that river, at Proudhound's Bend. The boat is a total loss, with a full cargo of cotton. The boat was valued at $18,000.

On Saturday night, twenty-three miles above this city, as the steamers Fashion and Kate Kinney were running around a point, the Kinney took a sheer, and struck before she could be stopped, the starboard wheel house of the Fashion, breaking her gallows frame and letting down her wheel. She put her passengers on other boats bound up, and returned to the city, and will lay over to repair.

The Dubuque *Herald* of the 7th instant says: The season is drawing to a close. About the 15th inst. the Northwestern Packet Company will commence to run their boats into winter quarters. Those of this division will lay up here; and those above at various points along the river, principally La Crosse and St. Paul. Contracts for carrying the river mails expire on the 15th. From now until that time card rates will be of little account; trip contracts will be generally used.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Pitts. Brownsville & Geneva U. S. Mail.

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(UNION LINE)

PACKET COMPANY

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Leaves Pittsburgh every Tuesday and Friday, at 11 A. M.

Leaves Wheeling every Tuesday and Friday, at 9.30 P. M.

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Leaves Pittsburgh every Wednesday and Saturday at 11 A. M.

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Leaves Parkersburgh every Monday and Thursday at 2 P. M.

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UP TRIP—STEAMER BAYARD.

Leaves Parkersburg every Tuesday and Friday at 2 P. M.

Leaves Wheeling every Wednesday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

STEAMER LENI LEOTI.

Leaves Parkersburg every Wednesday at 2 P. M., and Sunday at 7 A. M.

Leaves Wheeling every Thursday and Monday, at 7 P. M.

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☞ On up trip, connections are made at Bellair with Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, 6:00 A. M. train, by which passengers arrive at Cleveland at 1:45 P. M., and at Chicago at 7 A. M., next morning.

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1866.

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For Cincinnati.

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For Cincinnati.

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Cincinnati and Louisville.

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